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FRANCE SCANS PRESIDENTIAL POSSIBILITIES

National Assembly Votes in May on Successor to Doumergue

POWERS OF POSITION WIDE BUT CHECKED

Mentioned Candidates Include Briand, Cheron and Steeg—Lebrun in Good Position

By SISLEY HUDDLESTON
Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

PARIS—The presidential election is now in sight and French politics are dominated by the important event that will take place in May.

It is sometimes asserted that the election of a President in France does not offer, for that country, the same interest as the election of a President in the United States. This view is based upon the opinion that whereas the President of the United States is constitutionally powerful, the President of the French Republic is constitutionally impotent.

The view is not altogether warranted. Even constitutionally the President of the French Republic is a powerful personage. The armed forces are at his disposal. He possesses the prerogative of mercy. He convokes the chambers. He can dissolve the Chamber of Deputies by a decree approved by the Senate. He has legislative initiative. He is in charge of international relations and the negotiation of treaties, and he may keep military conventions and alliances secret. In practice, however, he must obtain the counter-signature of a minister for everything he does.

But though that counter-signature seems to lessen his personal authority, it should be remembered that the President chooses the Prime Minister. Naturally, he must be guided by the parliamentary situation. Naturally, he consults leading members of Parliament.

But even within the limits of parliamentary possibilities he has large scope for personal preferences. He can, if he chooses, deliberately ignore the claims of a politician whom he dislikes or distrusts; and it is not easy to overcome the presidential veto.

President Doumergue in his seven years of office has had to appoint no fewer than 16 Prime Ministers. Since governments enjoy such a short spell of power, and since politicians are dependent on the presidential invitation, it is obvious that the President can lay down tacit conditions, and that no sensible and ambitious politi-

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Aklavik in Arctic Is Starting Point of Air Line to South

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

EDMONTON, Alta.—From being regarded as the place that is "back of beyond," Aklavik, on the arctic coast in Canada's hinterland, has now reached the proud distinction of forming the starting point for the longest unbroken air mail line in the world. It is now possible for a trapper from "Eskimo land" to travel into Aklavik via his dog team express, to put a 5-cent stamp on a letter and deposit it in the post office. With the exception of a train journey of 300 miles from Waterways to Edmonton, that letter will travel from the Arctic Ocean all the way by airplane to Buenos Aires in the tropics of the Southern Hemisphere.

The first arctic air mail service was inaugurated in 1929 by the Commercial Airways pilots, who flew over the 1600 miles of snow between Waterways at the end of steel, and Aklavik, oftentimes with the temperature hovering around 40 degrees below zero and with no emergency landing places or airdromes in all the uninhabited Barren Lands that stretch "down north" to the arctic. But these aerial "posties," engaged "On His Majesty's Service," as all Canadian postmen are designated, blazed the trail to the arctic posts and now have established and maintained this great unbroken line of air mail service which has now been linked up with the airlines south of the international boundary.

In the country over which the Alberta mail pilots travel, the dog teams have been the only means of transportation in the winter time for the past 150 years until 1929, when the airplanes traversed the sky lanes to the land of the midnight sun and established a new era in that land.

LONDON COÖPERATIVE MEMBERSHIP JUMPS

Special from Monitor Bureau

LONDON—The Coöperative Societies of Great Britain are making a united effort to increase membership and trade. The campaign consists partly of meetings, but more generally takes the form of appeals by literature, advertisements, and special trading benefits in the shops.

The London Coöperative Society has already, as a result of this effort, enrolled 10,000 new members.

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Astronomers Get Food From Planes

By the United Press

Tokyo

FIVE observers of the Tokyo Meteorological Observatory, snowbound in their hut at the summit of Mt. Fuji since last autumn, are being supplied fresh vegetables and fish by airplane.

Tired of a canned diet, they appealed for fresh food, and over the telephone line which links their station with the lowland they made arrangements for airplanes to drop supplies for them. They are studying high altitude air currents.

Horizon Clear of War Clouds, Kellogg Says

Co-Author of Pact of Paris Confident That Peace Has Been Attained

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

LOS ANGELES—Wars and rumors of wars are material for "front page" stories in the daily press, not because there is more likelihood of war than of peace but because war is more spectacular than the affairs of peace, Frank B. Kellogg, former Secretary of State, co-author of the Pact of Paris, and a member of the Permanent Court of International Justice, told an assembly at Occidental College recently.

Dr. Kellogg had visited the college to receive the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws at the request of his lifelong friend, Dr. John Willis Baer, former president of the institution. His address was informal and was very short.

"The last war has by no means been forgotten," he said, "and I see nothing upon the horizon of world affairs which might mean a new conflict. I have not talked with anyone in Europe who believes that the continental nations are preparing for war.

Strides in Brotherhood

"In fact, no sensible person with a knowledge of the developments that are taking place in Europe today can believe that peace will be disturbed. It is true that world-wide depression in business has caused unrest, and that this unrest has, in turn, led to dissatisfaction among the nations and talk of conflict. But these things are temporary; they will pass when business revives and commercial activity succeeds the depression. There is nothing in this business depression to cause war."

Optimistic for the progress of the pacifist cause during the coming generation, Dr. Kellogg told of the great strides made toward world brotherhood during the last 10 years.

"Before the World War, the nations were not sure that peace was possible or even necessary," he said. "For centuries war had been accepted as a necessary occupation and was included in international law as a legitimate recourse in case of dispute. Even the two peace conferences held before the outbreak of the great conflict were of small importance. The world was not ready to take a big step for peace.

Will of the Nations

"Now, all this is changed. The people of the world do not want war, and they are questioning the efficacy of war. For this reason, those of us who were responsible for the signing of the Pact of Paris cannot accept the responsibility of personally engineering such a work. We did not do it; the will of the nations insisted that such a treaty be framed. Twenty years ago it could not have been accomplished.

"The League of Nations is one of the strongest organizations for the continuance of world peace, and is of tremendous importance. In spite of the opposition that it has received in this country, I am convinced that it has been of great practical benefit in preserving order and friendliness among the world's peoples."

The abolition of war must mean a change in the popular conception of war, believes Dr. Kellogg, who says this condition may be attained through outlawing war instead of glorifying it.

Dr. Kellogg is visiting California for an indefinite period, it is reported. He is living at a Pasadena hotel.

Experts Selected for Liberia to Put Reforms Into Effect

League of Nations-American Plan Indicates Advisers and Staff Are to Take Over Government—Loan to Await Interim Reports

By Radio from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau

LONDON, March 3—Concluding its sessions today the League of Nations-American Committee which has been drafting measures for the reform of the Liberian Government appointed two experts who are to proceed to Liberia to follow up recent slavery investigations with precise recommendations.

It appears clear that these two experts with an additional corps of administrators, whom they will draft from abroad, will take over the Liberian Government. It is not certain how long the chief advisers will remain but they have a vast job to perform.

The committee selected Thomas Ligthart, a Dutch financial expert with much experience in the Dutch East Indies, to take control of Liberian finances. M. Brunot, who is a highly experienced French administrator on the ivory coast, will handle the administrative end of the investigation.

Later the League of Nations will appoint an expert from its health organization, and British officials from Nigeria will be transferred to Liberia to direct an extensive sanitation campaign.

The experts will have wide powers to make recommendations for changes in the Liberian Government's structure and they will send interim reports to Geneva advocating reforms. The loan which Liberia has been expecting to enable it to carry out its reforms will not be granted until the experts have submitted their report. Establishment of European or Amer-

(Continued on Page 2, Column 1)

DAVIS CAMPAIGN FUND DECLARED TO BE EXCESSIVE

Inimical to Public Interest, Nye Report Says in Pennsylvania Inquiry

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, March 3—Expenditures in the interest of the Republican ticket headed by James J. Davis, Senator from Pennsylvania, totaled $622,928 in the 1930 primary in that State, the Senate Campaign Fund Investigating Committee reported today. Four of the five members of the committee approved the findings.

The committee reported that it found no evidence of corruption or fraud in the elections, and that nothing was disclosed that in any way reflected upon the honor or integrity of Mr. Davis or any other senatorial candidate in the State.

The majority report further declared that the total campaign expenditures for the Republican ticket in Pennsylvania in 1930, including the primary and general election, were $1,117,649. This outlay was severely criticised.

"Your committee is impressed," the report declared, "by the size of these aggregate expenditures, even when due regard is given to the area and population of the State of Pennsylvania. It regards the expenditure of $622,000 as excessive and inimical to public interest, whether such sum is expended on behalf of one candidate or a group of candidates in any primary election. Such a condition cannot be permitted to continue unchallenged without the most serious consequences to the nation."

Mr. Davis's claim when he appeared before the committee during its investigation that the large expenditure was not in his sole behalf but in the interest of the whole slate was challenged by the report. The committee held it immaterial whether the money was spent for one or a group of candidates.

"As regards the contention," the report says, "that Senator James J. Davis is chargeable with only a small percentage of the total expenditures made on behalf of the so-called Davis-Brown ticket, your committee feels that it is not called upon to attempt the impossible task of determining the amount of expenditures to be allocated to each individual candidate."

Throughout its findings the committee emphasizes that Mr. Davis faced severe opposition. His chief opponent, Joseph R. Grundy, former Senator from Pennsylvania, expended $493,191, the committee reports, and an independent wet candidate spent $249,408.

The committee quotes testimony from Mr. Davis characterizing Mr. Grundy as "one of the most powerful political and financial figures in the State," to corroborate its assertion that large campaign expenditures were as much in Mr. Davis's behalf as any other candidate on the Davis-Brown ticket.

WHEAT TRADERS ON U.S. EXCHANGE TURN TO CANADA

First Market Opened in New York to Deal in Canadian Futures

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, March 3—Wheat traders of the New York Produce Exchange turned today away from wheat produced in the United States toward Canadian wheat for the purpose of trading in futures, according to an announcement made by Axel Hansen, chairman of a special committee of the exchange on grain futures.

At a ceremony on the floor of the exchange a market for Canadian wheat futures was opened, marking a new era in the operations of the exchange. The market set up is the first of its kind in the United States.

According to Mr. Hansen, the entry of the Grain Stabilization Corporation of the Federal Farm Board into the wheat market has spoiled it for trading in futures. Although the farm board has succeeded through the purchase of 140,000,000 bushels of wheat in raising the price of wheat in the United States above that of the world market, this removes the basis for calculating crop prices and makes dealing in grain futures too hazardous for the dealer, Mr. Hansen said.

The vast granary of northwestern Canada, which is still responsive to fluctuations in the world market and is not protected by tariff regulations, now offers the best opportunity for American grain trading in futures, he held.

The grades that may be delivered against contracts will be the standard milling grades of Canadian wheat delivered in Buffalo. Contracts will call for delivery in United States bonded warehouses, so that the grain may be exported.

"It is being generally recognized," Mr. Hansen said, "that as long as Argentina, Australia, Canada and Russia can produce and supply the world's requirements of wheat more cheaply than the United States, it is futile for the American farmer to compete for the world's trade, and the only way to improve agricultural conditions is to cut production to the maximum required for domestic use.

"In Canada the situation is different. The vast western prairie lands, extending from Winnipeg to the Rocky Mountains, are by nature destined to become the outstanding grain districts of North America.

"The prices of Canadian wheat are under no artificial influences and may therefore be expected in their price accurately to reflect conditions as they exist in world markets. In view of the situation in the United States and the growing importance of our neighbor to the north, the basic trading medium for sound, responsive and uncontrolled wheat futures market must be Canadian wheat."

Plan to 'Peg' Wheat Price in Canada Is Protested

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

WINNIPEG, Man.—Strong opposition to the theory of wheat prices "pegging" was expressed in the Manitoba Legislature by W. Sanford Evans, Independent Conservative, and a statistician of national reputation.

The proposal which Mr. Evans condemned was one emanating from the farmers of the West, that the Dominion Government "peg" the domestic price of wheat at 70 cents, Fort William basis. An alternative suggestion, which the speaker also believed unwise, was that a stabilization board be established to purchase wheat at a minimum price level.

In his opinion, a fixed price would remove from the seller any interest in the sale of his wheat. A stabilization board, he believed, would imperil the Dominion Treasury because it would mean the purchase of 75 per cent of the country's surplus wheat by the National Government.

Mr. Evans suggested as a means of assuring a sufficiently large sale of Canadian wheat a policy of wider publicity and more vigorous salesmanship methods.

FRONTIER BRIDGE PLANNED

GUATEMALA CITY, Feb. 28 (By U. P.)—Gen. Juan Almazan, Minister of Communications of Mexico, arrived yesterday from Mexico to confer with President Ubico regarding construction of an international bridge across the Suchiate River, on the boundary line near the Pacific coast.

Hue and Cry After Lost Meteorite Runs Quarry to Earth in Australia

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

ADELAIDE, S. Aust.—The chase after a meteorite that recently flashed across the South Australian sky and finally grounded somewhere in the State has aroused considerable interest.

The meteorite was one of extraordinary brilliance, and, after it had disappeared, wireless inquiries as to its location were put through by the astronomical staff of the university and the government astronomer, George F. Dodwell.

There were numerous eye-witnesses of the meteorite as it flamed across the eastern sky, and estimates of where it had fallen differed by hundreds of miles. The university and astronomer's office organised an expedition in search of it, a large party being formed, including Prof. Kerr Grant and the government astronomer.

After much searching, the field of exploration was narrowed down to an area of four miles which was combed all one day without success. The quest was nearly abandoned when Professor Grant after several hours' walk, stumbled into the crater made by the meteorite in a fallow paddock. The meteorite itself proved to have been smashed into countless fragments. These varied in weight from two pounds to 10 pounds, the largest pieces being in the crater, and the others scattered over a radius of 10 yards.

The violence of the impact had pulverized some portions. The fragments have a volcanic appearance, the outer portions being scored by the terrific heat generated in the passage through the air. Mr. Dodwell estimated the original velocity at 60 miles a second, which would be decreased to about 15 miles a second as the meteorite approached the earth.

A house a mile away was shaken by the concussion. From calculations, the meteorite was visible in the earth's atmosphere for about 150 miles, so that the spectacle of its flight was only a few seconds. The fragments, which are being minutely analysed, consist apparently of oxide of iron carrying small particles of nickel. Already there have been numerous requests from natural scientists in Australia and overseas for specimens, and these will be sent. In that respect the smashing of the meteorite by the terrific impact is a scientific advantage.

PRESIDENT SWORN IN

HELSINGFORS, Fin., March 2 (AP)—Pehr Gvind Svinhufvud, Finland's new President, assumed office in the presence of the Diet today.

RUSSIANS SEEK OIL AND TEXTILE MARKET IN CHINA

Ousted Politically, They Now Attempt to Sell Products

SHANGHAI (By U. P.)—Soviet trade representatives have entered the battle for China's markets and are threatening to give strong competition to American and British industries.

The Russians, ousted politically during the Nationalist revolution, have recently sent out petroleum and textile representatives and have opened offices in Shanghai. The Chinese authorities meanwhile have not indicated they are inclined to resume diplomatic relations with Moscow, and certain officials have been responsible for frequent reminders to the people that Russians are Communists, and a menace.

Disregarding this attitude, however, the United Petroleum Trust of the Soviet Union has sent representatives to Shanghai, and the Soviet Textile Syndicate is also opening offices in an attempt to place Russian products on the Chinese market.

It was regarded as significant that while the Russian commercial activities were being resumed quietly, Chinese officials gave notice that all Soviet citizens in China were subject to prosecution because of their Communistic doctrines. The Chinese made it clear, however, in official statements that as long as Russians in China refrain from spreading Communistic propaganda they will not be subjected to prosecution.

In December, 1927, the Soviet Consulate-General in Shanghai was closed. At that time the Soviet Textile Syndicate, the Mercantile Fleet, and several other Soviet business organizations closed their offices here. Recently, however, they have indicated they intend to make every effort to regain their lost footing in the growing China field.

One indication may be found in reports published with increasing frequency lately that Soviet merchant vessels are appearing off the China coast seeking permission to land cargoes of fish, timber and other products.

The United Petroleum Trust is represented as being forced into opening Shanghai offices because they have found a ready sale for their products at present competitive prices. Large American and British interests which have virtually monopolized the petroleum market here are planning to meet strong competition.

Reich and Austria Confer on Policies of Tariff Union

By Radio to The Christian Science Monitor

BERLIN, March 3—Discussion of a German-Austrian customs tariff union may be the object of the visit of Dr. Julius Curtius, Reich Foreign Minister, to Vienna, where he arrives today.

A union of this kind is regarded here as still somewhat remote but a step toward it may be taken through the introduction of uniform tariff terminology.

The Foreign Ministers are prepared, however, to discuss united propaganda for a customs union. Dr. Curtius may also inform Austria of the German Government's desire to raise certain import tariffs.

One of the first tariffs to be increased, it is believed, will be that on timber. The tariff on Austrian timber is particularly low. The Reich may try to meet Austria's view by granting admission of a certain quantity of lumber at specially low tariff rates.

One of the reasons why Germany is trying to raise lumber tariffs is to exclude Russian timber. It is believed, however, that Russia can export at such low prices that even a higher import tariff cannot check the timber flow.

Dr. Einstein Made a 'Great Relative'

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., March 3 (AP)—The North American Indian, confronted by the theory of relativity, had to do something about it.

It happened Saturday at the Grand Canyon of the Colorado River in Arizona, where the Hopi Indians made Dr. Albert Einstein a chief of the tribe.

The Indian council, which has honored Presidents and other notables, was unable to assign a name to one of Dr. Einstein's caliber.

"What's his business?" the Indians asked.

"He invented the theory of relativity," they were told.

"All right," the Indians replied, "we'll call him 'Great Relative.'"

Here's One Who Would Scrap an Old Idea Quick as a Wink



MYERS Y. COOPER

Outstanding Ideas of Outstanding Americans

HERE is a man who is brave enough to say that just because an umbrella will keep off the rain, and always has been used to do that very thing, is no reason why we shouldn't use something else if it will keep us drier, or even get wet if it will make one feel any better. Rufus Steele has Mr. Cooper say some rather pertinent things in the ninth of this series of 11 articles about the thoughts and actions of prominent Americans, the next of which will be printed March 5. We find, Mr. Cooper says, people thinking more intently than ever in terms of the betterment of their fellow men.

By RUFUS STEELE
Special to The Christian Science Monitor

MIAMI, Fla.—"Usually, as Patrick Henry declared, it is the lamp of experience which lights our path, but in the singular times through which we are passing we must scrutinize every beam that flashes. What we think is a star may be only a lantern holding us back. Progress and precedent are more directly in conflict than they have ever been, and today the demand is that where precedent cannot instantly demonstrate its worth, progress must unsentimentally push it out of the way."

This arresting statement is made by Myers Y. Cooper of Cincinnati, who retired recently as Governor of Ohio and whose administration worked out the "Ohio Plan," which the United States Department of Commerce has printed as a booklet and broadcast as a most practical method of improving various economic conditions.

"We shall not cease to hold fast to the moral fundamentals on which American thinking and acting are based," the former Governor specified, "but we must be prepared to relinquish precedent just as often as we are able to discover that it is no more than worn-out practice.

Win By Defying Precedent

"Our longest strides in social betterment have been not in accordance with, but in defiance of, precedent. Take the vast scheme involved in workmen's compensation laws. Forcing industry to assume responsibility for the safety and well-being of the employee was declared to be revolutionary, unjustifiable and, at first, confiscatory.

"We had to be aroused to the fact that industry differs from agriculture; that with a finished product representing a material element of only 20 per cent and a human contribution of 80 per cent, a new responsibility was involved.

"Today the State of Ohio alone creates a reserve of more than $50,000,000 for this purpose and no enlightened employer would think of going back to the old system. The human innovation which so outraged precedent justifies itself even from the standpoint of dollars and cents.

"A newer idea is the old-age pension for persons reaching an unproductive period of life without having been able to provide for inactive years. Several states have led the way with legislation which has been denounced as without precedent; yet there is little doubt that we shall soon be facing the subject of such pensions on a broad scale. If we refuse to be hidebound and blinded by the old, humiliating ways of doing things we shall find a solution for this general problem by the sound application of the right principle to a human need.

Providing Security for Workers

"Ahead of us, almost filling the horizon, it seems, is the question of the stabilizing of industry. The country is no longer thinking of this matter in terms of relieving a present situation merely, but as finding a way of assuring continuous employment in the future. To keep the worker occupied steadily and to give him and his family the contentment of mind that goes with their understanding that the employment is steady, is the objective. In finding the answer to this and other major problems we shall probably need to leave all precedent sharply behind and cross new and puzzling fields to attain our goals.

"In losing the guideposts of precedent, however, we are finding a new quality in the public mind which amounts to compensation. We find people thinking more intently than they have ever done in terms of betterment of their fellow man. There was never so much unselfishness among us. We have allowed our recent experiences to broaden our understanding, uplift our vision and deepen our sympathies.

"It is under such conditions as now prevail, in spite of our numerous perplexities, that spiritual growth is nurtured and spiritual light increases. Because we are taking an unselfish view of our problems we are sure to find the strength and the wisdom to solve them in the right way.

"We should not impose too much of the burden of problem solution on legislation. Legislation can put opportunity in men's way, but not money in their pockets. Forgetting the old where it is outworn, and trusting in the guidance that comes to a right intention, we have a right to go ahead with the assurance that is characteristically American."

INDIA ON VERGE OF ACCEPTING BRITISH PLAN

Delegates Stand Firm in Defense of Provisions of Constitution

By ALEXANDER INGLIS
Staff Correspondent in India
By Radio to The Christian Science Monitor

NEW DELHI, India, March 3—While the negotiations between the Viceroy, Lord Irwin, and Mahatma Gandhi concerning the Nationalist Congress's attitude on the Round Table program remain indeterminate, there is developing evidence that the proposed Constitution has won sufficient favor in India to justify the belief that the London plans will be duly accepted as the future scheme for the country's government.

The conversations themselves are tending to this end and it is understood the full implications of the decisions made in London are gradually being brought home to the Working Committee of the Congress with fair prospects of settlement being reached favoring indorsement of the Constitution.

Recent discussions which the Viceroy has had with returned delegates has further emphasized the fact that the scheme evolved will continue to obtain the support of those Indians who helped in its foundation—contrary to the expectations of many political observers who believed the returned delegates would feel too discouraged to face an antagonistic Congress. Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, Srinivasa Sastri and M. R. Jayakar, indeed have been largely instrumental in bringing around Gandhi and some members of the Working Committee to consider coöperation as the best step for India.

Meanwhile in the Legislative Assembly yesterday additional evidence of the conference scheme's being accepted as a matter of course was revealed. From time to time since the conference ended front bench officials of the Government have indicated that their policies for the future government are being devised to meet the change of "managership," and yesterday's debate on the conference papers virtually left the field open for Indians to express their views on the issue.

In this regard no striking note of discord has been struck as to principal scheme, criticisms being confined to details which have to be discussed later anyway.

Most of the speakers declared the conference had laid satisfactory foundations for a constitution and men who formerly denounced the Indian delegates for their attendance at the London sessions offered them congratulations on their achievements.

It was around questions of safeguards that most interest in the debate centered, and R. K. Shanmukam Chetty, who stands out among the brilliant men in the present Assembly, spoke strongly against the proposed reserve bank coming under

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Three $50 Checks Used to Pay Debts in 60 Days Wiped Out Total of $2400

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

ATLANTA, Ga.—Debts amounting to $2400 were canceled in 60 days by three $50 checks given the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce by the Sugar Refining Corporation of Savannah, Ga., as a debt-paying plan, it being stipulated that each recipient of the checks should use them at once to pay a creditor, the checks to be cashed by those individuals or firms holding them at th end of the specified time.

Emphasis in this experiment was placed upor prompt payment of debts as an effectual method of putting money in circulation and aiding in bringing about normal business conditions.

In the two months in which they traveled from hand to hand on their debt-canceling tour check number one wiped out $1150, check number two $700 and check number three $550 indebtedness in the city of Atlanta.

The experiment is considered to have proved what it set out to prove—that prompt payment of debts is an effectual way to circulate money and to aid in relieving business depression.

Wide interest has been manifested in the use of these three checks as a debt-paying plan, many letters from other cities having been received by the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce, making inquiry about it. Benjamin S. Barker, executive vice-chairman and secretary, said. Mr. Barker further stated that after putting it to the test he recommends the plan and feels it would be particularly successful in smaller cities and towns.

REICH ACCORD ON ARMS HELD VITAL TO PACT

Berlin Said to Fear Italy and Britain Will Back French Land Plan

AGREEMENT NEEDED BEFORE CONFERENCE

League Sees French Concessions as Means to Change Fascist Revisionist Attitude

By ERWIN D. CANHAM
Staff Correspondent
By Radio to The Christian Science Monitor

GENEVA, March 3—Assessing the results of the Franco-Italian naval agreement apart from its purely maritime aspect, League of Nations opinion agrees that it will have a far-reaching effect upon the general European situation.

As far as France and Italy themselves are concerned, enormous improvements are forecast. But it is pointed out here that for the continent as a whole to feel the full benefits of the Mediterranean agreement, it will be necessary to bring France and Germany closer together.

Indeed, if the Quai d'Orsay is prepared to rest upon its laurels without devoting the hardest and sincerest diplomatic work to preparing Franco-German opinion for the disarmament conference, it is foreseen that the Mediterranean arrangement could do more harm than good. Already warnings have come from Berlin that the Reich fears Italy and Britain may be more friendly to the French land armaments program, now that France has agreed to limit its naval building. The suggestion from Berlin that conversations should be opened between the Wilhelmstrasse and the Quai d'Orsay, seeking to prepare for the disarmament conference, is considered very sound.

It is well recognized at Geneva that German apprehensions about the disarmament conference have been mounting. Indeed, if no way is discovered to bring Germany into the treaty there appears to be no escaping German withdrawal from the League and launching of a rearmament program. This Franco-Italian agreement brings the need of Franco-German accord into sharper relief.

Studying the Franco-Italian agreement on its own, however, Geneva looks forward to important developments. Much attention is paid to the semiofficial statement made in the Paris Temps, which says, "Henceforth, thanks to a new set of circumstances there is a possibility that Franco-Italian friendship will become a reality, of great account in evolution of the international situation."

League circles note especially the Temps statement that in this new atmosphere, other outstanding questions between the two countries can usefully be discussed, and "we shall talk in a very different tone from that which was formerly heard."

Should France be prepared to make concessions to Italy on questions of nationality, Italian settlers in French Tunis, and rectification of the Libyan frontier, it is apparent that much of Italy's interest in the campaign for revision of treaties will vanish. If Italy loses its enthusiasm for this cause, it is expected much of the political importance of the revisionist bloc will disappear.

It was the presence of the former allied power at the side of Russia and Germany which gave the sessions of the Preparatory Disarmament Conference here last November, their distinctly menacing tone. But with Italy having its own revisionist claims settled wholly or partially by private ne-

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Jokes by Trainmen to Brighten Travel

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

BELGRADE, Jugoslavia—Cracking jokes to brighten crowded trains is now one of the duties of Jugoslav railroad officials.

A campaign has been started throughout the country to make traveling more attractive, and, while the Government is attempting to humanize state services, courteousness and humor have become essential qualifications for aspirants to promotion on the railways.

A booklet has been issued, entitled "How Railroad Officials Are to Treat Passengers." It states that passengers must be addressed courteously; they are to receive immediate attention, and special patience is to be shown to provincial folk traveling for the first time. If passengers speak sharply, the officials are not to answer back.

Special attention is to be given to women and children, and when a train is overcrowded, with people inclined to be "grouchy," the conductors are to be humorous.

And cleanliness is enforced on the railways, in season and out.

ONE-CENT 'GAS' TAX ADVANCE IS FAVORED

One cent increase on the gasoline tax, to start May 1 of this year, and to run until 1934, was voted by the Ways and Means Committee of the Legislature today.

This increase will mean an estimated revenue of $15,000,000, of which $6,000,000 would be turned over to the cities and towns in abatement of assessments for maintenance of highways, snow removal, and the like. The remaining $9,000,000 with short term notes would be used to carry out the Governor's highway project, it is understood.

SUPREME COURT DECISION COSTS NATION $1,846,340

Federal Government Loses Tax Case; Citrus Industry Wins on Borax

WASHINGTON, March 3 (AP)—One of the two opinions handed down by the Supreme Court yesterday cost the Government $1,846,340 in taxes. The other held that the citrus fruit industry was free to use borax as a wash to prevent blue mold.

In the tax case it held that trust estates created by Nettie Fowler McCormick and Ellen L. Van Schaick of Chicago, and by Edgar M. Morsman of Nebraska, were not subject to federal estate taxes.

Reviews granted included four challenging the oil conservation policy of President Hoover closing public lands to prospecting. The validity of the California statute prohibiting the display of a red flag in promoting seditious propaganda will be passed upon.

Nine appeals from Philadelphia, challenging an order of the Interstate Commerce Commission prohibiting certain warehouse companies there from receiving allowances from railroads was set for argument on April 13.

The court also announced it would decide whether Sheriff Thomas W. Cunningham must come to Washington, D. C., for trial under an indictment charging him with contempt of the Senate for refusing to answer questions about the campaign of William S. Vare for the Senate.

EXPERTS NAMED FOR LIBERIA TO ENFORCE REFORMS

(Continued from Page 1)

ican administrators in the hinterland will be one of the most important stages in the experts' study.

For the first time a native of Liberia in the person of Louis A. Grimes, Attorney-General, cooperated in the committe's work. Previously a foreign representative has presented the Liberian case. Mr. Grames agreed to the appointment of experts and did his utmost to establish Liberia's sincerity in pushing the coming reforms.

During the discussions Mr. Grimes attempted to attribute responsibility for prospective loans to Liberia to the American Government, but Samuel Reber Jr., American charge d'affaires at Monrovia, repudiated the assertion, claiming the State Department cannot take responsibility for the affairs of American financial corporations.

Pawning of Children Adds Sorry Chapter to Liberia's Wrongs

The system of "pawning" children in Liberia should be among the very first practices to be stopped by the international committee of control now in process of formation by the conference which met in London on Feb. 27. This is the view taken by an Englishman who recently returned from a period of residence in Liberia.

While living there he had first-hand experience of the evils of the pawning system. A native lad took refuge at his house one day. He was willing to work for nothing, but, of course, wages were paid to him. It developed that he had been "pawned" when scarcely more than a baby for about £3. For some years he had been well treated, but then his "owner" passed on, and a brother took possession of the lad. Unable to endure the new master's brutality he ran away.

After the lad had been in the Englishman's house for a few months, the brother came to claim his "property." Fortunately, however, the Englishman knew that the transaction was illegal and that in any case the boy had not been pawned to the claimant. He therefore refused to surrender him unless ordered to do so in writing by the Liberian authorities.

Although the authorities have long connived at the practice of pawning a written order would have laid them open to diplomatic action if it had come to the knowledge of the British or American legations in Monrovia. So, naturally, the written order was not forthcoming. The youth remained happily in his new home—a pawn no longer.

The Englishman fully substantiated the findings of the League committee which recently condemned the methods of recruiting labor for the Spanish settlement in Fernando Po. The natives of the interior were, he declared, literally conscripted. Each village was forced to supply a quota. Large numbers never returned home. They failed to survive the rigorous treatment they received either before or after they left the mainland.

The Liberian frontier force he described as a comparatively efficient body. It contrasts favorably in this respect with the police and other military or semimilitary units. The latter have no discipline and their ideas of justice are almost exclusively of a financial description.

The men of the Liberian frontier force receive their pay at very irregular intervals. When they are finally paid off at the end of their service there is always a considerable sum owing them. It is the usual practice of the officials to try to persuade time-expired soldiers to sell their pay warrants for a fraction of their face value, on the pretext there is not enough money in the treasury to pay them, the Englishman declared. Then the official proceeds to cash them at the full figure and pocket the surplus.

AID TO MAIZE GROWERS

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

LONDON—Proposals for assistance to the maize industry were adopted by the Legislative Council of Kenya recently. A committee has also been appointed to consider the state of the coffee and sisal industries.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

Founded 1908 by Mary Baker Eddy

AN INTERNATIONAL DAILY NEWSPAPER

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SOVIET REPORTS COLLECTIVE PLAN GROWS RAPIDLY

Increased Farm Cultivation Laid to Machinery and Coöperation

MOSCOW, March 3 (AP)—The Communist Government will announce to the All-Union Soviet Congress, on March 5, what it considers one of the most important victories of its history. It will present figures showing that 8,250,000 peasant families have been collectivized up to Feb. 20.

A summary of the report which will be read by Y. A. Yakobieff, Commissar of Agriculture, was published today and disclosed the assertion of the Soviet authorities that 33 per cent of all the poor and middle class peasantry of Soviet Russia had been converted to the collective farm movement, and that the campaign to eliminate individual landholders was gaining momentum daily.

The growth of the movement is shown by figures for the last three years. It is declared that, in 1928, 400,000 families had been collectivized, in 1929 there were 1,000,000 and in 1930, 6,000,000.

The report shows the increase of land under cultivation in proportion to collectivization, with 2,000,000 hectares, approximately 4,940,000 acres, cultivated in 1928, 6,500,000 hectares in 1929 and 43,000,000 hectares in 1930.

In 1930, it asserts, the individual peasant family cultivated on the average 2.7 hectares, whereas the cultivation by individual families on collective farms averaged 5.7 hectares. This increased average is attributed to machinery and coöperation.

Two difficulties of the collective movement, the report admits, are proper distribution of the income in proportion to the labor done and the lack of organization. These the Soviet authorities hope to overcome soon.

Movie Theater Trade Shows Improvement

THE motion picture theater business is getting better, according to a survey by the Motion Picture Herald.

Gross receipts of first-run theaters in 20 metropolitan areas show an average gain of 6 per cent in the 19-week period from Oct. 4 to Feb. 7, the survey reveals, the comparison being with the last 30 weeks of 1930.

Donning False Whiskers and Old Clothes, Quaker City Mayor Does Bit of 'Sleuthing'

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 26 (AP)—In order to get first-hand information concerning the manner in which the Shelter for Homeless Men is being conducted, Mayor Harry A. Mackey has eaten and slept for three nights in the shelter, disguised as one of the unemployed.

The first night he tried it, his makeup was so good he was not even recognized by guards assigned to the executive offices at City Hall.

He emerged from the Mayor's office a shambling figure with unkempt hair and a set of whiskers. He wore a dotted blue shirt open at the neck, old corduroy coat, baggy trousers, squeaky shoes that had seen better days, and a battered felt hat.

Mr. Mackey passed unrecognized through the corridors of City Hall and trudged to the quarters for the homeless, which is conducted by the Mayor's committee for unemployment relief. The Mayor found the food and sleeping accommodations "excellent."

He made these disclosures yesterday during a conference in his office with a committee headed by William Simons, secretary of the Trade Unity League. The committee claimed to represent several thousand men who were holding a mass meeting on City Hall Plaza. Some of the men carried banners demanding that the city appropriate $9,000,000 for the unemployed and that jobless men be paid $15 a week.

Simons's criticism of conditions at the Shelter brought a sharp reply from the Mayor.

"Don't you tell me anything about the Shelter," Mr. Mackey said. "I go there constantly. Mingle with the men and sleep there in disguise. I spend a great deal of my salary there. I've been all through the place seeing things for myself.

"Food and sleeping accommodations at the Shelter are excellent, and jobless men are receiving satisfactory treatment. I don't know where this information comes from, but I got my information from the men themselves and I know how they are treated and what the conditions are there.

"The city is not in a position to appropriate $9,000,000 for relief, and would not have the power to do so if the money were available."

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SENATE APPEARS UNRECEPTIVE TO OIL INQUIRY PLAN

Borah and Others Oppose House Measure to Look Into Various Industries

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

WASHINGTON, March 3—The Senate today received a resolution for a congressional investigation into the coal, oil, lumber, manganese, asbestos and agricultural industries in a very unreceptive mood.

William E. Borah (R.), Senator from Idaho, and others expressed their firm opposition to the practice of betweenterm congressional investigating committees and are determined to prevent this one if possible.

The measure, in the form of a joint resolution, passed the House yesterday by a vote of 226 to 25 after Democrats had charged Republican leaders with devising this method of "throwing a sop" to members from oil states who were disappointed by failure to secure action on an emergency oil embargo.

It would provide that present members of the House Ways and Means Committee, who have been reelected to the next Congress, be constituted a special investigating committee to study economic conditions in the industries mentioned as a basis for future legislation.

Homer Hoch (R.), Representative from Kansas and leader of the House oil bloc, expressed satisfaction over the resolution when it passed the House and declared it constituted a constructive step toward adequate protection for the independent oil interests of the United States.

His enthusiasm was not shared, however, by delegates from the oil sections who came here to aid the Governor's oil conference in inducing Congress to pass legislation in their favor.

They saw in the resolution only an attempt to conciliate Republicans in the oil areas who might otherwise be induced to vote with Democrats when it comes time to organize the next Congress. The defection of even one Republican on this score would throw the balance in the next Congress to the Democrats and enable them to elect the speaker, other officers, and heads of committees.

Spain's Colleges and Government Settle Disputes

BY RADIO TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

MADRID, March 3—A meeting of the state board and the Central University here on March 2 made it clear that friction between successive governments and the academic world is at an end.

Following the official revocation of the Royal decree, whereby the General Berenguer Cabinet closed the universities and ordered a period of compulsory vacation, negotiations were resumed and Gascon Marin, the new Minister of Instruction, has contrived by tact and common sense to meet the students' grievances without stirring up any further the muddy waters of politics.

Class instruction recommenced in nearly all the provincial universities at the beginning of this week; those in Madrid and Seville, which were the chief focuses of disturbances, will open in a few days. It is inferred that the Ministry of Instruction will now accept nominations for high university office, which are presented by the universities themselves. This promise of self-government removes the root of the university grievance.

A similar aspiration for autonomy has been the main stimulus of the university activity which has been such an interesting episode in the last few weeks. Many students have been attending class zealously who, in the normal course of events, are slack and casual about their studies. Teachers also have felt themselves buoyed up by the enthusiasm of the moment. But the movement too closely resembled the unofficial clerical centers of instruction to avoid criticism.

Now a Roman Catholic newspaper, El Debate, publishes a strong editorial urging a thoroughgoing reform of the entire university system, completely free from state control. But despite the need for this reform coming from clerical quarters it is believed unlikely to get a fair hearing until and unless Spain's political scene changes completely.

BALTIMORE TO REPEAT PAN-AMERICAN EXHIBIT

BALTIMORE, Md., March 2 (AP)—A Pan-American art exhibition held at the Baltimore Museum of Art since Jan. 15 will be repeated next year, it was announced today. The exhibition closed yesterday, with a total attendance of 32,730 registered.

One hundred paintings by Latin-American and Canadian artists, will be stored until a tour of the larger museums of the country starts this fall.

BRAZIL DEPORTS 'REDS'

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil, March 1 (By U.P.)—Five alleged Communists, four Portuguese and one Lithuanian, were deported to Europe yesterday. Sixteen alleged Communists arrived from Ceara yesterday under arrest.

COPYRIGHT BILL GAINS ADVANCE BY COMPROMISE

Senator Hebert Confident Time Will Be Found to Pass Measure

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

WASHINGTON, March 3—A compromise over contested sections of the Vestal book copyright bill today greatly improved chances of its passage before Congress adjourns at noon tomorrow.

Although the last-minute press of legislation is making it difficult to find sufficient time for considering the measure section by section, Felix Hebert (R.), Senator from Rhode Island, the sponsor in the Senate, is confident.

Little progress was made yesterday. Although it was considered intermittently throughout the entire day, it was not taken up when the Senate convened again this morning, but groups interested in its consideration held informal conferences, as a result of which it may be possible to pass the entire bill at one time.

It is understood several Senators who insisted on its consideration section by section are now willing to withdraw from this position and permit consideration of the whole bill at once.

Members of the Patents Committee of the House were also approached as to their attitude toward the Senate amendments. If they are willing to accept these, no time will be taken up in the House.

Bruening Triumphs When 'Reds' Attack

BERLIN, March 3 (AP)—The Bruening Government weathered another storm in the Reichstag today, defeating a Communistic motion of nonconfidence in Martin Schiele, Minister of Agriculture. 311 to 60.

The vote was taken shortly after the Reichstag convened. The Communists took the position that the Government's farm policy was harmful to labor.

Herr Schiele, outlining his policy before the Reichstag on Feb. 24, explained that since the condition of the world market did not permit exportation of Germany's agricultural surplus this nation must change the character of German products. He said more wheat must be placed under cultivation and that the growing of rye and oats should be curtailed.

"The Government has decided," he said, "to ask the Reichstag for a free hand in the realm of tariffs to be able to attune Germany's economic situation quickly to changing conditions in the world markets."

Churchgoers Asked to Picket Club

SYRACUSE, N. Y., March 3 (AP)—Men and women members of the First Baptist Church were called upon today by their pastor, Dr. Bernard C. Clausen, to picket an exclusive club adjoining the church if the club attempts to reopen.

The club was the scene of a raid on Feb. 7. The raiders said they found assorted liquors outside the windows of the club on the roof of the tower in which the church is located. The raid, however, was ruled illegal.

Dr. Clausen, who after the raid said it was "shocking to realize that such a place was conducted right around the corner from the church," last night called for volunteers to picket the entrance to the club, if necessary, in an attack of "persuasive effort."

LUDLUM STEEL HAS LOSS

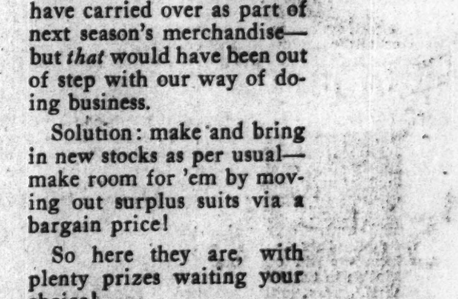
Ludlum Steel Co. reports for the year ended Dec. 31, 1930, net loss of $433,697 after all charges including depreciation. This compares with net income in 1929 of $910,831, equal after preferred dividends to $3.68 a share on 170,000 common shares.

See our other advertisement in this issue.
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The steps we've taken to help others help themselves in these trying times measure up to the most optimistic expectations.

First, we've kept busy making the best of male clothing.

This has meant a surplus stock which we justly might have carried over as part of next season's merchandise—but *that* would have been out of step with our way of doing business.

Solution: make and bring in new stocks as per usual—make room for 'em by moving out surplus suits via a bargain price!

So here they are, with plenty prizes waiting your choice!

Broken lots of Spring and Winter Suits that were $50 to $75—
$35 now!

Broken lots of men's and youths' Overcoats—
$28 now!

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Broadway at Liberty | Broadway at Warren | Broadway at 13th St.
Herald Sq. at 35th St. | New York City | Fifth Ave. at 41st St.
Tremont at Bromfield
Boston, Massachusetts

MOSCOW TRIAL KEEPS TO LINES OF FIRST CASE

Defendants Admit Guilt and Deny Confessions Were Extorted

By Radio to The Christian Science Monitor

MOSCOW, March 3—The trial of the accused Mensheviki thus far indicates that the defendants are pursuing the same tactics as the accused engineers during the Industrial Party trial, namely, adhering to their original confessions and offering full coöperation to the state prosecutor, Nikolai Krilenko, in building up his case.

The main outline in this case is that the defendants, who were employed in various state institutions, utilized their posts during the first years of the New Economic Policy for the purpose of deepening and strengthening concessions to capitalism which the N. E. P. involved.

Later, when the Communist Party adopted policies clearly aiming at the destruction of capitalism, the defendants, according to the thesis which Krilenko is attempting to demonstrate, adopted a more aggressive policy, forming a definite organization and endeavoring to discredit the Soviet régime by sabotaging its economic measures.

An important feature of the prosecution's case is the connection of the defendants with foreign Mensheviki, among whom outstanding figures are Rafael Abramovitch and Theodore Dan. Several of the defendants, including Groman, Ginzburg, Berlatzky and Petunin admitted seeing émigré Mensheviki during trips abroad, and Petunin confessed that the Menshevik organization inside of Russia received 300,000 rubles, or about $150,000, through foreign Mensheviki and 200,000 rubles from the Industrial Party.

A striking example of the full agreement of the prosecution and defendants occurred at the end of last night's session when Krilenko read a statement in the German Social Democratic newspaper, Vorwärts, that confessions were extorted.

All the defendants vigorously denied this, Groman asserting that his care in prison by the Gay-Pay-Oo, the political police, was admirable, adding that "internal recognition of those deep mistakes and grave crimes which I committed against the working class, this alone led me to the confession which I made at the preliminary investigation and repeat here."

It may impress the foreign reader as strange that now as in the case of the Industrial Party men who, according to their own confessions, desired the downfall of the Soviet Government, quite recently, should so unanimously experience a change in sentiment.

A part explanation of this phenomenon lies in the fact that not all the defendants have been brought into this trial. So neither K. A. Bazaroff who, according to the confessions of the other defendants, played an important rôle in the organization, nor the emissary to the foreign Mensheviki, Michael Braunstein, are defendants.

Wood-Sawing Jobs to Weed Out Tramps

By a Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

PHILADELPHIA, March 3—In an effort to weed out the professional tramp from the ranks of the Shelter for the Homeless, maintained by the Committee for Unemployment Relief here, all those now enjoying the hospitality of the home will be given the opportunity to show their willingness to work, according to a plan of George W. Wilkins, superintendent of the Shelter.

The plan is to put the men to work sawing wood for distribution to needy families, the wood being supplied by the "made work" crews cleaning up Fairmount Park and also by ship repair men at the navy yards.

"The purpose of the Shelter is primarily to feed and house those men who are victims of our unusual economic situation today," Mr. Wilkins said. "We are bound to have the floating population of mendicants apply for easy diet and beds, too, but these fellows are not looking for regular work during the day. So we are going to test their sensibilities for work, and, if they need practice, give it to them." An average of 3000 meals a day is now being furnished at the Shelter at a cost of 28 cents each.

24-Hour Inspection Service Is Assured

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, March 3—Twenty-four-hour inspection service at the Port of New York is assured by the passage of the Copeland-Parker bill, by the terms of which the former "sunrise-to-sunset" inspection period is discontinued in favor of day-and-night service.

The Port of New York Authority backed the bill, which authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to establish a 24-hour quarantine inspection at such stations as, in his judgment, require such service. It also reduces charges for special services at the Port of New York to the scale obtaining elsewhere, thus saving vessels reaching this port an annual sum estimated between $50,000 and $75,000.

It has been shown that 35 per cent of the vessels reaching here arrive outside of official quarantine inspection hours. This has resulted in delays ranging from 6 to 11 hours before the vessels could reach their piers.

Date Set for Trial of Bank Officials

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, March 3—The eight indicted officials and directors of the closed Bank of United States are to go to trial on the first Monday in April, it was announced by Thomas C. T. Crain, District Attorney, and Max D. Steuer, his special assistant in charge of the inquiry into the bank's affairs, yesterday.

The indicted men are Bernard K. Marcus, president; Saul Singer, executive vice-president, both under $100,000 bonds; Isidor J. Kresel, counsel and director; Herbert Singer, son of the vice-president, and a director; Henry W. Pollock, counsel; S. Stanley Mitchell, chairman of the board; Alexander S. White, director, and Simon H. Kugel, vice-chairman of the board.

John J. Bennett Jr., Attorney-General, conferred this morning with William F. X. Geoghan, district attorney of Kings County, to discuss an extension of the Bank of United States inquiry into Brooklyn.

It was announced by Samuel L. Rosoff, subway builder, yesterday, that the Rosoff reorganization committee had succeeded in obtaining pledges of support from 65,000 of the 400,000 depositors of the bank. Those who have signed pledges represent deposits of about $65,000,000 Mr. Rosoff said.

New York Divers Try for $283,000 Prize

NEW YORK, March 3 (AP)—Divers plunged today in the lower part of New York harbor for a $283,000 prize. They were wreckers starting to raise the sunken army dredge Raritan, which went to the bottom several months ago laden with mud when it was rammed by the Savannah liner City of Montgomery.

The contract to raise the dredge calls for getting it into drydock before August. The divers must battle tides which threaten to tear apart the wreckage before they get the vessel lifted. Unless it is salvaged the sum called for in the contract will not be paid.

The barge rests in 85 feet of water near the Narorws, where the tide rushes swiftly.

Autogiro Flies Over Ship and Drops Movie Films

NEW YORK, March 2 (AP)—A pilot in an autogiro hovered over a liner at sea Saturday and passed to the captain several reels of motion-picture films consigned to London.

Shortly after the Ile de France left port, James Ray took off from Miller Field, Staten Island. As the liner passed Ambrose Lightship he caught up with her, settled down from 400 feet to 40 over the ship's stern and let down the cases of film to the deck, adjusting his speed to that of the liner.

LOS ANGELES RETURNS HOME

LAKEHURST, N. J., March 3 (AP)—The navy dirigible Los Angeles arrived at its home flying field at 5:15 p. m., yesterday, returning from the annual war games held in the Canal Zone.

Look for advertisement of local ENNA JETTICK DEALERS elsewhere in this issue.



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Also Special Pacific Coast Broadcast of Enna Jettick Melodies every Sunday evening.
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307 Washington St. North Station
34 Hanover St. 198 Washington St.
BOSTON
TUNE IN—Enna Jettick Melodies every Sunday evening at 8 over WJZ-WBZA and 35 associated stations.

Lend Aid in India's Progress Along Educational and Social Lines



MEMBERS OF WORKING COMMITTEE OF ALL-INDIA WOMEN'S CONFERENCE WHICH MET RECENTLY AT LAHORE

INDIA ON VERGE OF ACCEPTING BRITISH PLAN

(Continued from Page 1)

the powers of the Governor-General after its establishment.

Muhammadan speakers indicated dissatisfaction with the proposals for their treatment as a minority group and took a firm stand on behalf of electoral emancipation in Northwest Frontier Province. Notwithstanding these criticisms the final impression of the debate was that the Round Table scheme would find support with a coöperative policy being furthered for developing its ideas.

Women of India Chart Steps in Emancipation; Plan College at Delhi

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

NEW DELHI, India — Women drawn from all parts of India, who assembled at Lahore recently under the ægis of the All-India Women's Conference, have drafted a [illegible]gram of activities for the ensuing [illegible] will make definite steps toward altering the social, economic and educational policies of the country, particularly as affecting women.

The All-India Women's Conference first met in 1927 for the purpose of studying matters relating to education, and while educational interests continue to be the chief consideration of the organization, it also takes cognizance of all topics bearing on the life and experience of Indian women, particularly with a view to removing those habits and customs obtaining in India today which are held to be anomalies in modern civilization.

Chief among the decisions made by the conference was the indorsement of proposals made by a special committee for the establishment at Delhi of a central college, to be conducted along lines that will meet the peculiar needs of India.

Home science will constitute the principal item of the curriculum of the college, whose aims will be to find out what may be the best form of education for Indian children of all classes, types, and temperaments. Those aims will be reached by means of a research bureau and an experimental school.

Delhi Chosen for College

Delhi has been selected as the site for the college, in view of the fact that it is the country's capital and also because as an educational center it has a great variety of vernacular schools. That much of the work of a reconstituted educational system will require to be done in the vernacular, is the contention of the women.

It is hoped to draw teachers from the Delhi schools to acquire instruction in the new policies which the women have in mind, with the result that the college's work will be carried to the greatest possible number of language groups in the country.

Interest in this new college has been furthered even while the committee studying the question was preparing its report, and funds have been raised in all parts of India to aid its establishment.

The need for the Government of India to promote such educational enterprises was urged upon the conference by Dr. Muthulakshmi Reddi, who presided, and said there was a desire in every province to foster education among women, which could not be encouraged because of lack of funds.

While the central college was recognized as the essential goal to give practical expression to the ideas of the conference, it was realized by the delegates that virtually all the changes which they hope to bring about in India are only possible through educational channels, either academic or propagandist.

Purdah an Anachronism

It was emphasized, for instance, that a strong need exists for acquainting the women of India with the anachronism which the purdah system constitutes in these days. The purdah system, involving the seclusion of women, dates to a remote era of Indian history and is still largely practiced, although the vogue is being rapidly undermined.

A piquant note on the purdah issue was sounded by Lady Abdul Qadir who made an appeal for its abolition, although she actually addressed the delegates from behind purdah—wearing a veil from which only her eyes were visible. Although herself subjected to the system, Lady Qadir's condemnation was emphatic enough. What she herself had been unable to alter, in virtue of belonging to an elder generation, the conference hoped that modern youth would see eliminated from Indian society.

Another subject of peculiar interest to Indian women was wholeheartedly supported by the delegates. This was the complete observance of the Sarda Act—an act recently placed on the Indian statute book making child marriages illegal.

Magna Charta for Women

The conference called on the Viceroy, the Central Legislature, and local governments to keep the act intact against those who sought to amend it, and to enforce it strictly. The women urged social and women's organizations, particularly those supported by the youths of the country, to work for the complete operation of the act, which the Indian women viewed as a Magna Charta for their sex.

Polygamy was strongly condemned, and again a dramatic note was struck by the Dowager Rani of Mandi (Oudh), who had experienced the practice in her own married life. Her husband, she said, had many wives, and she had been unable to prevent her son from taking a second wife. Several delegates revealed that in discarding purdah and taking a stand against polygamy they had been subjected to many difficulties, consequent on religious sanctions which permitted these things to exist in India.

Practical Basis Sought

Definite steps were taken by the women to have their various ideas translated into practical terms. Numerous committees were appointed to inquire into schools, particularly as to the suitability of the curricula offered, and into labor problems, especially as affecting women and children.

The development of cottage industries was urged as a policy for the conference, and in this regard the poverty of the country was cited as a reason why the Government should give support to indigenous industries by opening industrial centers and giving grants to provide training for women and girls.

The possibility of women figuring more prominently in the council chambers of the country was indicated in claims made that women should be adequately represented on the central and provincial legislatures and in district and municipal bodies, as well as on commissions affecting women and children.

In various ways the women revealed that they have awakened to the needs of the situation in India as affecting women and girls, and a definite impetus has been given to those movements for remedying social evils which have been among the principal goals of the organization since its formation.

Pennsylvania Adds to Its Forest Land

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

HARRISBURG, Pa., March 1—Pennsylvania is engaged in a comprehensive program of reforestation. Purchases of approximately 140,000 acres of land for state forest purposes in 1930 brought the total of state-owned forest lands to 1,429,860 acres at the beginning of 1931.

The State paid less than $3 an acre for the land it acquired for forest purposes last year. The total amount expended for 140,000 acres was $393,632.11. During 1930 more than 100 miles were added to the forest roads, making more than 2200 miles of such roads.

State-owned forest nurseries are maintained in connection with reforestation work. One of the largest nurseries is that at Mont Alto, from which over 35,000,000 tree seedlings have been shipped in the past 27 years. This amount comprises about one-third of all the trees supplied by the State for reforestation purposes. The Mont Alto nursery has the distinction of being one of the pioneer forest nurseries in the United States, having been established in 1902.

RIOT BY UNEMPLOYED DISRUPTS ASSEMBLY

ALBANY, N. Y., March 3 (AP) — Shouting and tumult amounting to a small riot by 200 demonstrators for the unemployed brought the Assembly session to a halt shortly after it began today. State troopers seized demonstrators by the dozen and ejected them from the chamber, while others in the galleries shouted and waved their arms.

Members of the Assembly and the spectators who had thronged the chamber applauded when the demonstrators were ejected.

The disturbance started when the clerk began routine reading of legislative business. As he began, his voice was drowned by a shout from a man in the rear of the Assembly chamber who said he wanted to speak "in behalf of the children that are hungry."

While the demonstration was proceeding in the Assembly chamber, another group of unemployed was holding a mass meeting on the steps of the Capitol. They were joined by their fellows who had been ejected from the building.

Registered at the Christian Science Publishing House

Among the visitors from various parts of the world who registered at the Christian Science Publishing House yesterday were the following:

Mrs. F. A. Walshe, Fall River, Mass.
William F. C. Walshe, Fall River, Mass.
Walter E. Davlin, Chicago, Ill.

OCEAN LINE CUTS FARES

MONTREAL, March 2 (AP)—In line with actions of other steamship companies, the White Star Line Canadian service has announced a reduction in round-trip third class fares to the British Isles and Continental Europe.

CONTRACT WAGE BILL SIGNED

WASHINGTON, March 3 (AP)—The bill providing that contractors receiving government contracts pay the highest wage prevailing in the locality was signed today by President Hoover.

NEW ACCOUNTS SOUGHT AFTER BANK WARNING

Director of Closed House Says 60,000 New Depositors Found

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, March 3—Directors of the Bank of United States conducted a campaign which brought in between 60,000 and 80,000 new accounts in February and March, 1930, just after the State Superintendent of Banks had reported that their institution was in a precarious position, according to Morris White, a director of the bank, testifying before Max. D. Steuer, acting as Assistant Attorney-General in an open hearing yesterday.

Mr. White, in addition to being a director of the bank, is a director of the Bankus Corporation, president, treasurer and director of the White Luggage Company; president, treasurer and director of the Hotel White Realty Company, and an officer and director in other corporations. He told Mr. Steuer that when the directors of the bank instituted the drive for new depositors he recruited his 1400 employees, most of whom opened thrift accounts.

At the same time he denied knowledge of the report of the State Superintendent of Banks showing the bank to be in a dangerous position, and declared that other directors brought in many more accounts than he. His testimony was in line with previous statements to the effect that Bernard K. Marcus, president of the bank; Saul Singer, executive vice-president, and Isidor J. Kresel, special counsel for the bank, withheld knowledge of the bank superintendent's report from other directors.

During the testimony of Reuben Sadowsky, another director of the bank, Mr. Steuer brought out evidence purported to show that the late Arnold Rothstein, a gambler, had received $132,000 of the bank's funds through a loan to Wilbur Veitch, an associate, and that the bonds put up as collateral for the loan had mysteriously disappeared from the bank.

No interest was paid during the eight years the loan stood on the bank's books, and although Mr. Sadowsky admitted that he had signed the note on which the loan was made, he declared he had not offered to make good any of the money because the other indorsers were unwilling to do so.

John J. Bennett Jr., State's Attorney-General, also made an announcement that he was working on a plan by which directors of the bank might be induced to put up enough money out of their private funds to cover the possible losses to depositors, so that depositors might eventually receive 100 cents on every dollar. He refused to divulge details at present.

REICH ACCORD ON ARMS HELD VITAL TO PACT

(Continued from Page 1)

gotiations with France, Germany is likely to feel more rancor than ever.

This fact makes Franco-German negotiations, at least for the purpose of improving the atmosphere, vitally necessary. The bristling forts on the alpine frontier between France and Italy are today distinctly less dangerous than a fortnight ago. It is hoped that the fears, jealousies, and hatreds on both sides of the guns along the Alsace-Lorraine front will make the guns equally meaningless there.

Germany Sees Isolation as Result of Navy Pact

By Radio to The Christian Science Monitor

BERLIN, March 3—Germany's principal concern with the Franco-Italian naval agreement is whether it will lead to isolation of the Reich at next year's disarmament conference.

German interest is concentrated on the two questions: first, will England support the French view of security and land armament, now that France has made concessions in naval armaments? Second, will Italy desert Germany in Geneva and join the ranks of "the others"?

Since the war Germany has viewed any Franco-British armaments agreement with suspicion, as there always existed the apprehension that it might have been concluded at the expense of the Reich. Now German opinion asks if the agreement between France and Italy may not have removed Italy from the new grouping of Germany, Italy, and Russia from which many German politicians expected great things.

No Country Victorious, Briand Tells Deputies

PARIS, March 3 (AP)—No country emerged victor in the naval accord arrived at over the week-end by France, Great Britain and Italy, Aristide Briand, French Foreign Minister, told the Chamber of Deputies today.

"Every country made the necessary sacrifices," he declared. "That is the best praise I can give it." The details of the agreement have not yet been published, pending their study by the Washington and Tokyo Governments.

"It is a satisfactory accord," M. Briand said, "and when you know all of its details you will be convinced that it is satisfactory."

A note of skepticism crept into the debate when the Alsatian Socialist Deputy, S. Grumbach, declared there was too much inclination to attribute all faults to Germany while extreme indulgence was manifested for Italy, "which remains, nevertheless, the manace to real peace."

M. Briand told the Chamber that Soviet Russia has the most formidable army in the world.

Replying to charges by Marcel Cachin, Communist Deputy, that France was inimical to Soviet Russia and was harboring a "white army," he declared the charges "both unjust and ridiculous."

U. S. S. Wyoming Ordered Out of Battle Service

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, March 3—In compliance with terms of the London Naval Treaty, the Navy Department yesterday issued orders for the demilitarization of the U. S. S. Wyoming, flagship of the United States Naval Training Squadron.

Conversion, it was said, will take place at the Philadelphia Navy Yard and will be completed by May 20, in time for the midshipmen's practice cruise. The treaty provides that the transformation of the Wyoming "shall begin . . . within 12 months . . . from the coming into force of the present treaty; the work shall be completed within six months of the expiration of the above-mentioned periods."

The Wyoming goes out of active service as a first-line battleship after more than 18 years in commission. The ship was the first 12-gun dreadnaught of the navy. Funds for converting it were authorized in the Naval Appropriations Act signed by the President Feb. 20.

Proposal Is Made to Tax Owners of Old Car Dumps

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

ALBANY, N. Y., March 3—Removal of abandoned automobiles from the roadsides would be expedited under a bill introduced by George R. Fearon, Senator, and Horace S. Stone, Assemblyman, Republicans from Syracuse. A tax of $20 would be assessed against land on which abandoned cars are found, if the wrecked vehicles are visible from the public highway.

The proposed law would require county boards of supervisors to make an enumeration of abandoned automobiles yearly in July, and report by Aug. 16 to the State Department of Taxation and Finance, which would collect the tax.

Mussolini Lauds President Hoover for Initiating Move Toward Peace

The United States is credited with exerting a highly helpful influence toward the new British-Franco-Italian naval accord in the following statement by Benito Mussolini, Italian Premier, written exclusively for the Associated Press. He adds that President Hoover initiated the present phase of the movement toward peace, and also regards Italy as having done fully its duty to the world in this at a considerable sacrifice.

By BENITO MUSSOLINI
Premier of Italy

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ROME, March 2, 1931 (Ninth Year of the Fascist Régime) (AP)—The agreement reached on the naval questions which were left unsolved at the London Conference is a great international event.

It will have large and beneficial repercussions not only on the Italo-French relations but also on those of the five great naval powers which thus see consolidated the results so ardently desired by their peoples as a means of avoiding a ruinous armament competition.

It is reasonable to hope for favorable influence on the world economic crisis that so greatly harasses peoples with painful manifestations, of which the most evident is unemployment.

For these and for other reasons the happy results of this agreement may be felt by all the peoples of the world, and so is made a fortunate beginning of this year of preparation for the general disarmament conference.

Italy has not hesitated for the sake of this high ideal to take the initiative of considerable sacrifices. I can affirm with a clear conscience that Italy in this matter has done her duty toward civilized nations.

It pleases me to recall that the United States have always exercised, in the interest of the agreement that now has been reached, an effective and objective action that the people and the Government of Italy have appreciated highly. I am glad also to remember that this new phase of world pacification was begun by the clear and firm declaration President Hoover made in assuming office.

I can say that the American program for the reduction of armaments is also the program of Italy, and I hope firmly that Italy and the United States may coöperate in the realization of this aim.

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NEW PRESIDENT OF URUGUAY HINTS AT FOREIGN LOAN

Terra's Administration Announces Program of Hydroelectric Projects

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, March 2 (By U. P.)—Dr. Gabriel Terra, inaugurated President of Uruguay yesterday for the next four years, has announced a program of highway construction, sanitation, colonization and development of the country's hydroelectric power.

In an interview with the United Press, Dr. Terra said he planned a conversion of Uruguay's public debt when the foreign money market improved. He pointed out that one-half the bonds of the foreign debt of 70,000,000 pesos, approximately $51,000,000, are now in the hands of Uruguayans. He hinted that a foreign loan might be arranged by declaring that the solid financial position of the country has resulted in good foreign credit which should be used to the advantage of the Republic.

The new Administration will endeavor to construct a hydroelectric plant on the Negro River which would provide low cost power sufficient for all of Uruguay during the next century and with a surplus to sell to neighboring countries.

Dr. Terra believes that Central and South American republics must adopt a régime of reciprocal customs facilities, if not of absolute free trade, if they wish to succeed economically.

Dr. Terra announced the following Cabinet: Juan Carlos Blanco, Foreign Minister; Dr. Alberto Mane, Minister of War; Dr. Jose Espalter, Minister of the Interior; Dr. Juan C. Mussio Fournier, Minister of Education; Jaime Mendivil, Minister of Finance; Victor Benavidez, Minister of Public Works; and Dr. Edmundo Cortillo, Minister of Industry.

The portfolios of Foreign Minister, War and Interior are directly under the orders of Dr. Terra, the remaining Cabinet posts being supervised by the Council of State which divides responsibility with the Chief Executive.

SILVER ENTERS DEBT DEBATE IN COMMONS

LONDON, March 2 (AP)—Unless the United States proposes that the British debt be paid partly in silver, the Treasury is considering no scheme of that kind, F. W. Pethick-Lawrence, financial secretary to the Treasury, said today in the House of Commons.

His questioner asked whether he were not aware that the United States a few years ago "did alter the whole basis of its debt settlement with another country substituting silver for gold." The financial secretary said he would look into it.



NEW HINTS FOR HOUSE PARTIES

WHAT to do on the week-end? Here are suggestions that will add fun to the party.

Take Kodacolor (full color) movies of the whole party with a Ciné-Kodak. Make actors out of the guests. Everybody loves to act.

Then at night, show personal movies or real professional photoplays in your own home. You can rent such films from our library at small cost. Make your next week-end party *move* with movies.

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BEER MEASURE IS REJECTED IN STATE SENATE

Four and One-Half Per Cent Proposal Declared to Be Only a Gesture

The Massachusetts Senate accepted yesterday the adverse report of the Committee on Legal Affairs on the 4½ per cent beer bill sponsored by Joseph A. Logan, Representative from Boston.

In voting on a motion made by William F. Shanahan, Senator from Swampscott, to substitute the bill for the adverse committee report, the Senate established itself against the measure by a rising vote of 16 to 10.

Senator Shanahan, fighting for the substitution, declared that there is general dissatisfaction with the Eighteenth Amendment and the Volstead Act. He said that he believed the Massachusetts voters made it clear last fall how they felt toward the enforcement of the Volstead Act.

Joseph R. Cotton, Senator from Lexington, opposing the substitution, said that the bill at best is only a gesture. He pointed out that there is no provision made in the bill to accomplish its aim.

The Senate proponents of the bill did not ask for a roll call. They believe there is a good chance for the substitution of the bill for the adverse committee report when it reaches the House of Representatives. With a favorable vote in the House they feel the bill would have a better chance of passing in their branch of the Legislature than if a roll call had been taken yesterday.

They feel sure of an almost solid Democratic backing in the House and a 30 per cent or more Republican support.

Liquor Dispensary System Is Proposed

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 3 (AP)—Establishment of a dispensary system similar to Canadian provincial plans, under which the State of Rhode Island would be set up in the business of manufacturing and selling 15 per cent wine and 6 per cent beer, is proposed in a bill introduced in the House today by Representative Frederick R. Heard, Narragansett, a member of the Republican majority.

Payment of a $2 annual fee, under the bill, would entitle a resident to a permit on which he could be issued one quart of wine and 6 pints of malt liquors per day. The liquor would be sold at 10 stores, one in each of the State's 100 assembly districts, but not to be consumed on the premises.

An unusual feature of the bill is the stipulation that the purchaser of such liquor shall be deemed to have "mere custody and not possession" of such liquor provided he transports it from the store to the address given on his permit within three hours of the sale.

The sum of $200,000 would be appropriated to establish the system, to be repaid from profits of the enterprise. A state "board of control" in the department of health, named by the governor would administer the proposed law.

Boston Navy Yard Work for 1800 Urged

WASHINGTON, March 3 (AP)—Representatives of employees of the Boston Navy Yard and members of the Massachusetts Congressional delegation asked Charles F. Adams, Secretary of the Navy, today to assign enough work to the yard to keep 1800 workers employed at all times.

After the interview, Representative A. Piatt Andrew, chairman of the Massachusetts delegation, said the interview was "most satisfactory."

"The delegation sought to secure enough work for the yard to keep a normal force of 1800 men busy at all times," said Representative Andrew. "Several years ago the yard employed 3300 men. This has gradually declined until today there are only 1400 men employed. A normal force would be approximately 1800, and this is what we asked the Secretary to provide work for."

Definite propositions as to work to be assigned the yard were made, but none of those in the conference would state just what specific work had been discussed.

Age Pension Bill Declared Illegal

CONCORD, N. H., March 3 (AP)—The state Supreme Court today held to be unconstitutional a legislative measure providing financial assistance by the State to persons 65 years old or over.

Called the "old age pension bill," the measure was the subject of a long discussion by the justices who were asked for a ruling in a resolution from the state Senate, which has the measure under consideration. Action by the Senate was withheld pending the court's opinion.

The major objection to the proposed law was based by the court on a provision under which the statute would be administered by the probate court. This, the court held, was action of an executive character and a violation of the state constitutional provision which holds that the legislative and judicial powers should be kept separate.

WATCH COMPANY RESUMES ACTIVITY

WALTHAM, Mass., March 2 (AP)—The plant of the Waltham Watch Company today resumed operations in all departments for the first time this year, calling in 1500 employees. The company revealed a plan to give all its employees part time employment, half the workers being employed the first part of each week and the remainder during the latter part. Another 1500 workers thus will return to work the latter half of the present week.

INTERSTATE MOVEMENT OF POWER TRACED

Federal Trade Commission Accountant Testifies on New England Situation

WASHINGTON, March 3 (AP)—Interstate movement of power generated by plants comprising a part of the New England Power Association was traced today at a federal trade commission hearing.

Smith W. Brookhart Jr., commission accountant, said 48.81 per cent of the energy available for distribution by the system moved interstate in 1929.

He added all but six companies used energy which crossed state boundaries. He named the Gardner Electric Light Company, Lowell Electric Light Company, New Salem Electric Company, Quincy Electric Light & Power Company, United Electric Railways Company and the Worcester Electric Light Company.

Mr. Brookhart said he received reports from 22 operating companies in Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Vermont, New Hampshire, Connecticut and New York.

He named them as the Attleboro Steam & Electric Co., the Bellows Falls Hydro-Electric Corporation, the Connecticut River Power Co. of New Hampshire, the Fall Mountain Electric Co., the Fall River Electric Light Co., Gardner Electric Light Co., Grafton Electric & Power Co., Lawrence Gas & Electric Co., Lowell Electric Light Co., New England Power Co., New Salem Electric Co., Quincy Electric Light & Power Co., Rhode Island Transmission Co., United Electric Railways Co., Narragansett Electric Co., South County Public Service Co., Mystic Power Co., Salem Electric Co., Sukonk Electric Co., Tiverton Electric Light Co., Webster and Southbridge Electric Power Co.

The hearing began yesterday and most of it has been spent in detailing figures on power production and power movement among companies comprising the New England association.

Later the commission counsel plans to go into the financing phases of the system. Judson Dickerman, commission examiner, testified yesterday the International Paper & Power Company owned a controlling interest in the association through a subsidiary.

Charles R. Crane Carillon Giver

Charles R. Crane, world traveler and millionaire head of the Crane Manufacturing Company in Chicago, is the donor of the carillon of 18 bells presented to Harvard University, it was announced at University Hall this morning.

The carillon recently was installed in Lowell House, one of the first two units of the House Plan. It is not known definitely yet, just when they will be played for the first time, but it is expected that they will ring out only on special occasions.

Rescued by Mr. Crane from the melting pot in Leningrad they were brought to Harvard last October and tower installment took place during January and February, after the erection of an extremely heavy scaffolding and strengthening of the Lowell Tower. This was necessary in lieu of the great weight to be borne, the heaviest weighing 27 tons. All are covered with beautiful inscriptions and religious symbols, the oldest having been cast in 1790.

Mr. Crane is not a graduate of Harvard College, but received in 1923 an honorary degree from that college, bestowed by President Lowell, with the words, "Charles Richard Crane, manifold in his interests, versatile in his tastes, he, by his sensibility, his energy and generosity, sustained innumerable projects, artistic, scientific and philanthropic."

Power to Summon Rail Men Sought

A bill granting the Legislative Committee on Transportation the power to summon witnesses, is to be heard before the rules committee of the Massachusetts Legislature this afternoon, according to Conde Brodhine, Senator from Revere, chairman of the Transportation Committee.

The latter committee is investigating outside control of local railroads at the request of Gov. Joseph B. Ely. If the bill is passed, Senator Brodhine declared that John J. Pelley, president of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, and Patrick E. Crowley, president of the New York Central, would be summoned to appear before the committee.

It was revealed that 296,025 shares of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad stock is owned by the Pennsylvania Railroad. Arthur P. Russell, vice-president of the New Haven, also said that 674,952 shares (42.96 per cent) of New Haven common stock is owned in New England. It was pointed out at the same time by George H. Fernald, counsel for the Boston & Albany, that the Pennsylvania Railroad owns no stock in the B. & A.

Strike Leaders Fail to Get Bail

Efforts to arrange bonds of $5000 each for the three alleged ringleaders of the Communist strike at Lawrence, who are detained at the East Boston Immigration Station as being deportable aliens, had not been successful this afternoon.

Mrs. Anna C. M. Tillinghast, Immigration Commissioner, said today that she had been assured by Attorney Harry Hoffman, who represents the trio, that he would not appeal to the Federal Court to have the bond of $5000 reduced.

The three alleged "Reds" are still detained at the station where there is no indication today of any trouble. The trio are eating their meals regularly. They are Miss Edith Berkman, William T. Murdock and Patrick J. Devine.

MRS. EVERETT O. FISK GUEST AT DINNER

Mrs. Everett Olin Fisk, Boston University trustee, was honored at a testimonial reception and dinner, celebrating her birthday anniversary, at the Hotel Somerset last night. She received many gifts, including a silver loving cup, presented by Daniel L. Marsh, president of Boston University.

Among those who paid tribute to Mrs. Fisk's social and philanthropic activities were: Lt.-Gov. William S. Youngman, who said he hoped a holiday would be made for such a woman as Mrs. Fisk; Lucy Jenkins Franklin, dean of Boston University women, and Judge Emma Fall Schofield. More than 400 persons were present.

POSTMASTER HURLEY TAKES OVER OFFICE

William E. Hurley, postmaster of the Boston District, was formally sworn in yesterday by Frank J. Buckley, post office inspector. The ceremony was witnessed by friends and many executives of the Post Office Department. Mr. Hurley is the first man to rise from the ranks to the position of postmaster in this city.

After being sworn in Mr. Hurley said that delivery limits would be changed to conform more nearly with the city and town limits. He declared that many of the patrons do not know the name of the carrier district in which they live. He added that he would inform the patrons of the names of the districts and ask them to coöperate in the correct addressing of mail.

HOOVER SIGNS PAROLE ACT

WASHINGTON, March 3 (AP)—President Hoover yesterday signed the bill amending the Parole Act to provide that an alien federal prisoner, when eligible for parole, may be released on condition that he be deported and remain outside the United States.

President of American Institute of Architects

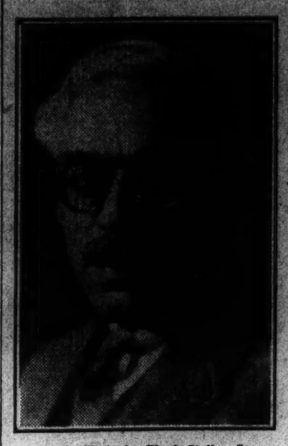


Photo by Blank-Stoller, Inc.

ROBERT D. KOHN

Value of Building Congress Outlined

Building problems in New York City are more difficult than in any other city in the United States, Robert D. Kohn, president of the New York Building Congress and the American Institute of Architects, told members of the Boston Building Congress at the Hotel Bellevue today.

"There are really seven cities included in Greater New York," he explained, "each with a different viewpoint."

Starting 10 years ago with 100 members the building congress has grown to 1400, touching every field in the building trade, he said, and pointed out that in periods of strife between labor unions, members of the building congress have sat in on committees covering all trades and have done much to solve their problems.

"Contract with labor is most essential to members of every craft," Mr. Kohn declared, "inasmuch as it enables members to understand the problem among the rank and file."

Mr. Kohn will speak this evening at a meeting of the Boston Society of Architects in honor of Charles Follen McKim, in whose honor a memorial tablet is to be dedicated in the Public Library.

GEORGE WASHINGTON LETTER OF 1782 FOUND

UXBRIDGE, Mass., March 3 (AP)—A hitherto unpublished letter, written by George Washington at Mount Vernon in 1782, has been found by Mrs. Milton F. Fish of Uxbridge. The letter, addressed to Col. Burwell Bassett at Richmond, Va., was given Mrs. Fish's father, James H. L. Earle, while he was serving with the Union Army in Virginia during the Civil War. The letter has been in his possession since then, but trace of it became lost.

Mrs. Fish, who remembered seeing the letter when she was a small girl, rediscovered it a short time ago when she was going through letters and papers. Mr. Earle expressed a wish that the letter be given to the War Relic Society of Amherst College if it was found.

GOLF COURSE ORDER FOR $275,000 PASSED

Mayor Curley's order for an additional $275,000 to construct the proposed golf course in West Roxbury was passed by the City Council by a vote of 17 to 2. Councilors Fitzgerald and Kelly strongly opposed the measure.

Councilor Fitzgerald declared that Boston was facing a city controller unless the councilors change their attitude on spending vast sums of public money. Councilor Kelly said that the additional $275,000 would not help unemployment as far as day labor is concerned. He added that the 172 workmen now employed on the course soon would be discharged.

LIEUT.-GEN. JADWIN HAS PASSED ON

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BALBOA, C. Z., March 3—Lieut.-Gen. Edgar Jadwin, chairman of the Interoceanic Canal Board and former Chief of Engineers of the United States Army, who passed on here, yesterday, had a remarkable career as a soldier, scholar and builder. His work made him known the world over.

His first major task, after graduating from West Point, was in the enlarging of Ellis Island to form a site for the immigration station. Next, he supervised the work on the Gatun Locks of the Panama Canal, serving as one of the chief assistants to General Goethals. When the United States entered the World War he was selected by General Pershing to handle construction tasks incidental to the housing, hospitalization and moving of the American Army in France. He also supervised the rebuilding of the seawall at Galveston and drew up the plans for the development of Muscle Shoals.

When the floods of 1927 spread destruction through the Mississippi Valley, General Jadwin accompanied President Hoover, then Secretary of Commerce, into the stricken area. The program he outlined for spillways and flood ways was finally accepted by Congress, which passed a bill calling for $375,000,000.

New Cuban Highway Among World's Best

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

HAVANA—Cuba's new $100,000,000 highway, recently opened for traffic by President Machado, is considered one of the safest in the world. During its entire length not a railroad line crosses it, except by overhead tracks. Curves are perfectly banked, and, where necessary, fenced. The surface is as smooth as a floor and speed is limited to 50 miles an hour.

Rural Cuba is being opened to motortruck traffic and the Cuban farmer brought closer in touch with the larger cities on the island. Furthere, to encourage an influx of foreign travelers, customs rules have been modified, removing considerable red tape connected with the bringing in of automobiles. Under the new regulations Cuba has extended the duty-free privilege to three months with the option of an additional three months.

Lateral routes are being constructed in various provinces to connect with the new highway.

SCHOOL VACCINATION MEASURE INDORSED

With two members dissenting and another reserving his decision the legislative Committee on Public Health reported favorably on the bill sponsored by Dr. Samuel B. Woodward of Worcester, which would require all school children, whether enrolled in public or private schools, to be vaccinated.

Senator Angier L. Goodwin of Melrose and Representative Alfred M. Bessette of New Bedford are the dissenters and Representative Joseph E. Theberge of Fall River has reserved his rights.

United States and Canadian Dialects Soon to Be Assembled and Classified

Linguistic Atlas to Be Compiled Under Auspices of American Council of Learned Societies, a Committee of Which Will Begin Work This Summer

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Work on a linguistic atlas of the United States and Canada, to be compiled under the auspices of the American Council of Learned Societies, will start early this summer, with headquarters at Yale University, it was learned here today, when plans for the atlas were made known by Prof. Eduard Prokosch, of Yale University, a member of the American council's committee on the atlas. The suggestion that a dialect atlas of these two countries be compiled was first made by Edgar H. Sturtevant, professor of linguistics at Yale.

In the summer of 1929, at the invitation of the American Council of Learned Societies, a large group of scholars interested in linguistics assembled at Yale University to consider Professor Sturtevant's suggestion. It was decided to undertake the work, and a committee was appointed to make the preliminary plans. The committee has agreed on methods of procedure under which the work should be accomplished for southern New England and several neighboring key districts within approximately two years.

The coöperation of New England colleges has been sought, and, according to Professor Prokosch, the request found ready response. Brown, Smith, Vermont, Maine, and especially Yale have offered coöperation. Yale has offered office facilities, a part-time position for the associate director of the atlas, and other support. Prof. Hans Kurath, of Ohio State University, has been appointed director of the atlas, and Prof. Miles L. Hanley, of the University of Wisconsin, associate director, with headquarters at Yale. Several field workers will assist them.

At the invitation of the council, the director of the Swiss-Italian atlas, Professor Jud of Zurich, and his first assistant, Dr. Scheuermeier, will spend a considerable part of this summer in the United States, particularly in connection with the Linguistic Institute, which is being held in New York under Professor Sturtevant's direction. They will assist in the general planning of the work for the atlas, and their experience will be a very valuable asset.

"Works of this kind exist or are in preparation for many European countries and have proven most valuable foundations of linguistic study," Professor Prokosch said. We believe that the linguistic variations of American English must be assembled now if ever, since various factors, such as the stage, radio and talking films, tend toward the rapid elimination of dialect differences.

"To collect the material the directors have prepared a questionnaire, through which the field workers are to collect characteristic facts of pronunciation, grammar and vocabulary in order to establish the dialectic differences in this territory.

"In addition to the material assembled by questionnaires, speech records will be taken by means of the speekophone and similar devices. It is hoped that ultimately these records will form a valuable archive of American speech, such as exists for various linguistic territories in Europe, among which is notable the phonogram archive of Vienna. The completion of the whole atlas is expected to take at least five or six years."

PLAY PRODUCTION COURSE PLANNED

Three contemporary plays will be produced in an eight-lesson course in "Play Production" which starts on March 3 under the auspices of the division of university extension, State Department of Education. A course in "Mathematics for Accounting" is also to be given, beginning March 6.

The drama classes will be held at the Harry E. Burroughs Newsboys Foundation at 7:30 p. m. On April 27, at the conclusion of the course, a public performance of the plays produced will be given at the Boston Public Library. The mathematics classes will be given in Sever Hall, Harvard University, at 7:30 p. m.

SCHOOL OFFICIAL TO AID FALL RIVER

Alexander M. Sullivan, business manager of the Boston School Committee, has been loaned to the city of Fall River to help solve its financial problems, at the request of Frank J. Donahue, chairman of the new Fall River Board of Finance. According to Mr. Sullivan, he will be able to begin his work at once.

A letter from Chairman Donahue, in which he made the request, was read before the Boston School Committee meeting last night by Joseph J. Hurley, chairman. The committee agreed that Mr. Sullivan would give them as much help as possible.

EVENTS TONIGHT

Lowell Institute: Fifth in lecture series on "The New British Empire," by Dr. William Y. Elliott: "Socialism in the British Commonwealth of Nations: Common Problems in Great Britain and in the Dominions"; Huntington Hall, 491 Boylston Street, 8.

Paelten Pianoforte School: Recital by preparatory course students, Paelten Hall, 30 Huntington Avenue, 8.

Symphony Hall: Motion picture lecture, "Life in the South Seas," by Arthur C. Pillsbury; benefit Norfolk House Center, Roxbury; 8:15.

Women's Italian Club: Dinner dance, Lido Venice, 78 Warrenton Street, 7.

Wellesley College: Dance recital, Mary Wigman, Alumnæ Hall.

Women's City Club of Boston: Dinner; Mlle. Marguerite Clement, author and lecturer, guest of honor and speaker on "Modern Plays With an Idea"; clubhouse, 40 Beacon Street, 6:30.

Copley-Plaza Hotel: Dinner, Boston Society of Architects, state suite.

Harvard University: Meeting, Harvard Philosophical Club, with address, "The Principle of Certain Simplicity," by Dr. J. W. Miller, Emerson 23, 8.

West Roxbury Community: Whist, auspices American Legion, benefit welfare work, Legion Building, 8:30.

Y. M. C. A. (Huntington Ave. Division): Concert, Red Triangle Orchestra, Lobby, 7. Meeting, Beacon Club, Room F, 7:30.

Professional Women's Club: Lawyers' meeting; speaking and musical program; Hotel Statler, 6.

New England Retail Clothiers and Furnishers Association: Meeting, Board of Directors, Hotel Statler, 5:30, followed by dinner and theater party.

Talk on "The Development of Light Opera," by Mrs. Mina G. Del Castillo, Home Club, East Boston, Unitarian Vestry, 6.

Presentation of "Down to the Sea in Ships" by Boston Art Club, 8:15.

Public meeting, Boston Chapter, Baconian Society of America, discussion of "Hidden Allusions in Shakespeare Plays," Rosicrucian Library, 739 Boylston Street, 8.

Music

Jordan Hall—Helene Diedrichs, pianist, 8:15 p. m.

Theaters

Shubert—"Nina Rosa," 8:30.
Majestic—"Trader Horn" (film), 2:30 p. m. and 8:30 p. m.
Tremont—Charlie Chaplin in "City Lights" (film). Continuous from 9 a. m.
Fine Arts Theater—The film, "Ewel Korsen in ¾ Takt." Continuous from 1 p. m.
Copley—"Heritage," 8:20.

EVENTS TOMORROW

Boston Rotary Club: Luncheon, with Gov. Joseph B. Ely, Lieut.-Gov. William S. Youngman, and executive council, guests of honor; Georgian Room, Hotel Statler, 1.

Boston Museum of Fine Arts: Print Galleries, Miss Schacht, 11.

New England Retail Clothiers and Furnishers Association: Meeting; addresses, "Some Modern Methods of Merchandising," by H. C. Everett, and "Sales Promotion for the Average Store," by W. J. Leeder; informal discussion, 9:30; luncheon, 12:30; Hotel Statler.

New England Women's Press Association: Board meeting, Hotel Lincolnshire, 3; business meeting, 3:30.

Harvard University: Last in lecture series on "Great Authors": "Goethe," by Prof. J. A. Wals; Emerson D, 4:30.

Copley-Plaza Hotel: Afternoon dance, Sheraton Room, 4:30 to 7.

Paelten Pianoforte School: Recital by college course students, Paelten Hall, 30 Huntington Avenue, 11:30.

Oratorio and mystery play, "The Dream of Mary," by Horatio Parker, and John Jay Chapman, presented by fine arts students, Boston University school of religious education; Central Congregational Church, corner Newbury and Berkeley Streets, 4:30 and 8.

Massachusetts Daughters of American Revolution: Regional meeting; Lucy Jackson Chapter, Newton Lower Falls; luncheon, 12, master house; meeting, St. Mary's Episcopal Church.

Boston Home Information Center: Talk, by Miss Ethel A. Wright, 87 Beacon Street, 2:30.

Music

Hotel Statler—Ciacomo Lauri-Volpi, tenor, 11 a. m.

Exhibitions

Museum of Fine Arts, Huntington Avenue—Week days from 9 to 4:30; Sundays, 1 to 5. Free guidance in the galleries every day, except Monday, at 11 o'clock. Special Exhibitions: English pottery; French designs; blue prints by Alexander Stoney; Paintings by Joseph Lindon Smith. Portrait engravings by Nanteuil; modern woodcuts; loan collection of silver by Hester Bateman; exhibition of Wedgwood, Millet drawings.

Fogg Art Museum, corner Quincy Street and Broadway, Cambridge—Week days, 9 to 5; Sundays, 1 to 5; admission free. Special exhibitions. Paintings of the Naumberg Bequest. Nineteenth century water colors. Old Master Drawings. Eighteenth century French painting and sculpture lent by Felix Wildenstein, Sir Joseph Duveen and the California Palace of the Legion of Honor; through March 9. Drawings and etchings by Goya. Loan Exhibition of Drawings and Water Colors by Gabriel Charles Gleyre. Through April 6.

Isabella Stewart Gardner Museum, Fenway Court—Open on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays from 10 to 4; admission fee 25 cents; Sundays from 1 to 4; admission free.

Boston Public Library, Copley Square—In the Treasure Room, first editions of Daniel Defoe's works. In the Fine Arts Room, sketches by Virginia Lee Burton. Through March 7.

Robert C. Vose Galleries, 559 Boylston Street—Forty-second annual exhibition of water colors by the Boston Society of Water Color Painters.

Grace Horne's Gallery, 446 Stuart Street—Paintings and water colors by Mary S. Powers. Through March 7. Woodcuts by Ilse Bischoff. Through March 14.

Doll & Richards Galleries, 152 Newbury Street—Paintings, etchings and drawings by Hoyland B. Bettinger. Through March 10.

Myles Standish Galleries, Bay State Road and Beacon Street—Oil paintings and chalk drawings by Robert Strong Woodward. Through March 9.

Schervee Studios, 695 Boylston Street—Etchings by the younger school of American and English etchers.

Lauzen and Hubbard Gallery, 304 Boylston Street—An exhibition of the Boston Camera Club. Through March 14.

WEATHER PREDICTIONS

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU REPORT

Boston and Vicinity: Mostly cloudy tonight and Wednesday, probably with some rain or snow; not much change in temperature; fresh east to north winds, becoming northwest Wednesday.

Massachusetts and Rhode Island: Cloudy tonight and Wednesday, possibly snow or rain on coast and light snow in interior; not much change in temperature.

Connecticut: Cloudy tonight and Wednesday; threatening tonight; not much change in temperature.

Maine: Cloudy, with possible snow tonight and Wednesday; not much change in temperature.

New Hampshire: Cloudy, with probably local snow tonight and Wednesday; not quite so cold tonight.

Atlantic Coast, north of Sandy Hook: Increasing northeast winds, becoming strong, probably reaching gale force over south portion tonight and backing to north or northwest late tonight or Wednesday; overcast weather tonight and Wednesday, with probably rain or snow.

Advisory Northeast Storm Warning Order, 9:30 a. m.—Atlantic coast, north Virginian Cape, to Provincetown, Mass; disturbances of marked intensity, central near Cape Hatteras, moving rapidly northeast, with increasing intensity.

Official Temperatures

(Standard time, 75th meridian)

	8 a.m.	Max.		8 a.m.	Max.
	Mar.3	Mar.3		Mar.3	Mar.3
Albany	18	38	Memphis	34	48
Atlantic City	30	46	Miami	58	74
Boston	32	43	Montreal	16	..
Buffalo	28	38	Nantucket	38	46
Calgary	22	..	New Orleans	56	64
Charleston	42	52	New York	34	42
Chicago	32	40	Philadelphia	33	44
Denver	26	46	Pittsburgh	30	38
Des Moines	34	46	Portland, Me.	26	44
Eastport	34	38	Portland, Ore.	42	62
Galveston	60	68	San Francisco	54	70
Hatteras	44	48	St. Louis	34	44
Helena	46	52	St. Paul	32	34
Jacksonville	48	58	Seattle	32	48
Kansas City	32	46	Tampa	54	64
Los Angeles	52	68	Washington	30	44

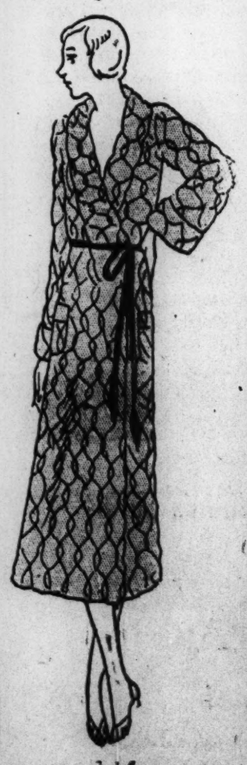
High Tides at Boston

Tuesday 12:00 p. m., Wednesday 11:50 a. m.
Height of tides 9.2 feet. 11 feet.

Light all vehicles at 5:30 p. m.

Quilted Satin Lounging Robes at $4.95

TRIM and youthful in its slightly masculine belting and tailored lines—but oh, so feminine in the silk softness of its quilted satin or crepe de chine! Here is the favorite robe to wear and adore in your own sophisticated manner and it's the same robe for which you would have paid much more but a short time ago. In sizes from 34 to 44 in rose, copenhagen, black, purple, orchid and peach, $4.95.



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Made with rich creamery butter and fresh country cream

40 tons of these luscious caramels were made especially for this sale. This is the greatest caramel sale ever held in New England. LB. 29c

Made in our own kitchens—Electrically baked

Vanilla Cookies LB 19c

Made from selected tomatoes—No preservatives used

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Baked in our electric ovens Loaf 7c

Brookside Heavy Cream

A rich, fresh country quality heavy cream

JAR 14c

SMOKED SHOULDERS

LB 14c

Lean, Short Shank, Smoked in Stockinettes

The Lowest Price in a Long Time

Serve In Many Tempting Dishes

Blue Rose Rice

6 Lbs. 25c

Its Ivory Whiteness Indicates Its Purity

Ivory Soap

2 Lge Bars 21c

PINK SALMON

Fine quality pink Alaska 2 Tall Tins 21c

RICHMOND JELLY

Serve with the meal—also make delicious jelly sandwiches

2 9 oz. Goblets 25c

Serve this sweet relish with cold meat—adds zest to the meal

Richmond Relish Pt Jar 21c

Each package makes one luscious lemon pie

Good Luck Lemon Pie Filling 3 Pkgs 23c

Make your pancakes the modern way—it's so easy

Pillsbury's Pancake Flour 2 Pkgs 23c

Brookside Milk

A solid trainload sold in our stores every day

4% butter fat 24 hours fresher QT. 10c

DRY DEMOCRATS DOUBLE EFFORTS TO RESIST WETS

Congressmen Warn National Committeemen to Adopt Hands-Off Policy

By ROBERT S. ALLEN
Staff Correspondent
Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, March 3—With Democratic National Committee members arriving in the capital for their special meeting March 5, dry forces within the party have intensified their efforts to forestall wet plans known to be contemplated by some of the national leaders.

The entire Democratic congressional delegation of Tennessee, yesterday wired the State's two committee members urging them to resist any attempt to foist new policies on the party at this time. No mention of the prohibition issue was made however.

The message sent Benton McMillin and Mrs. Lyon Childress, Tennessee's representatives on the Democratic National Committee, was as follows:

"We, the Democratic members of both branches of Congress, state that in our judgment the Democratic National Committee has no authority to prescribe policies for the Democratic Party and any effort to do so would be very unwise. In the interest of our party we respectfully but earnestly request you vigorously to oppose any such action being taken."

It was signed by Senators Kenneth McKellar and William E. Brock and Representatives Hubert F. Fisher, Joseph W. Byrns, Ewin L. Davis, Sam D. Reynolds, Cordell Hull, Gordon Browning, Edward E. Eslick and L. Jere Cooper.

It is also learned that the Oklahoma Democratic delegation in Congress within the last few days also wired its national committee representatives counseling them to oppose proposals to formulate a party program at the coming meeting.

It is the position of the dry leaders that the national committee is without authority to act on policies. The committee's function, they declare, is to carry out the policies laid down by the national convention, and not to formulate its own program.

John J. Raskob, national chairman, Jouett Shouse, director of the executive committee, and others of their wet group, who called the unprecedented meeting and who are known to have plans looking to a wet declaration, hold that they do not intend laying down policies but making "recommendations" to the national convention next year.

The call sent out by Mr. Raskob declared that party finances will be considered. Later, it was ascertained that the major purpose of the special meeting is to approve a prohibition revision plank in the form of a "recommendation" to the platform committee of the national convention that takes place in June, 1932.

It is against this plan that the drys have rallied. Privately and publicly they have warned against such action. The Raskob-Shouse group asserts that it has the votes of national committee members from 33 States supporting its position.

The Democratic committee gathering takes on even greater interest in view of the national non-partisan conference that the Insurgents have called in Washington for exactly a week later. They have extended invitations to Democratic state and congressional leaders, among them Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt of New York, Gov. Wilbur L. Cross of Connecticut, Alben W. Barkley (D.), Senator from Kentucky, Thomas J. Walsh (D.), Senator from Montana, and Clarence C. Dill (D.), Senator from Washington.

New York Democrats Vote Against Meddling

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

ALBANY, N. Y., March 3—Opposition to any action by the Democratic National Committee, at its meeting in Washington on Thursday, to place the party on record with regard to prohibition or any other national issue preliminary to the 1932 Democratic National Convention, was voted by the New York Democratic Committee in a meeting here yesterday.

The action was interpreted in political quarters as an assertion of prestige by the New York Democracy in national party affairs in its plans to forward Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt as the party standard bearer in 1932. Direct party action at this time on so moot an issue as the Eighteenth Amendment is seen by New York Democrats—and they are joined in this view by southern dry Democrats and a certain group in the congressional wet faction—as tending to militate against party harmony for the national campaign.

Informed of the committee's vote, Governor Roosevelt said he approved its stand. The resolution was adopted at the suggestion of James A. Farley, Democratic state chairman who made it clear, however, that this would have no bearing on the prerogative of the New York State democracy to send delegates pledged for repeal to the 1932 national conclave.

The New York committee also voted to assist the national committee financially to the fullest extent and proposed to raise $36,000 for Democratic running expenses in New York by taxing county organizations in proportion to the vote in the last state election.

Argentine Ranches Visited by Princes

BARILOCHE, Arg., March 3 (AP)—The Prince of Wales and his brother, Prince George, spent last night on different ranches, the Prince of Wales remaining at Estancia Huemul, near here, and Prince George going to Estancia Pilcaneau.

The Estancia Huemul is the property of the Ortiz Basualdo brothers and is one of the largest and richest of western Argentina. That at Pilcaneau is the property of the Argentine Southern Company. The Prince of Wales originally intended to go on to San Antonio with Prince George, but changed his plans and remained here.

Hundreds of persons greeted the two Princes as they arrived aboard the lake steamer Patagonia and landed, amid loud blasts of whistling of lake craft and tooting of horns of automobiles ashore.

Shorter Week Ahead Seen by Edsel Ford

MIAMI, Fla., March 3 (AP)—Edsel Ford said yesterday he believes all manufacturers will come to the shorter week as a means of meeting problems arising from unemployment.

Mr. Ford and his wife arrived in Miami this morning for three weeks' vacation.

"Industry has demonstrated it can more than supply the demand, which naturally will leave a surplus of labor, and at present nothing appears on the immediate horizon which can absorb this surplus," he said.

"The tariff has not affected our business in Europe. We are now assembling in France, but expect in the near future not only to manufacture there, but also to manufacture in Germany and England, thus producing in three major European countries," Mr. Ford added.

'Dixie' Chooses Fitting Retreat for Its Cultural Leaders



Upper Row, Left to Right—Calvary Episcopal Church, Fletcher, N. C., the "Westminster Abbey of the South." Boulder Erected to Memory of Orren Randolph Smith, Designer of First Flag of the Confederate States of America. Bottom Row, Left to Right—Monument to Robert Loveman, Composer. The Rev. Clarence Stuart McClellan, Rector of Calvary Church and Founder of the "Abbey." Monument to Joel Chandler Harris, Author of the "Uncle Remus" Stories.

Southland Honors Its Ideals as Expressed in Cultural Arts

'Westminster Abbey of the South' Enshrines Record of Its Writers, Musicians, Artists and Statesmen in Granite and Bronze

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

FLETCHER, N. C.—Dixie's idealism is being perpetuated. Delineated in granite and bronze and enshrined in the "Westminster Abbey of the South," its poetry and song, its writers, musicians, artists and statesmen are being immortalized in a unique composite memorial.

With the brilliant blue sky of the southland for its magnificent dome, tall pines and stalwart oaks its majestic columns, and a hedge of laurel its only walls, the "Westminster Abbey of the South" is unrivaled in the beauty and appropriateness of its "architectural" design.

Its setting is rural, giving an atmosphere of peaceful seclusion and calm serenity. The site—a short distance north of here—is that of picturesque old Calvary Episcopal Church, itself pregnant with memories of the past—the teeming, colorful, turbulent past of the old South. The rector of the church, the Rev. Clarence Stuart McClellan, is the originator of the memorial.

Oddly enough the Rev. Mr. McClellan is a direct descendent of Gen. George McClellan, celebrated officer of the Union Army. He is a native of New York State, a graduate of New York University and Union Theological Seminary, and a historian of considerable note.

Favorite Spot for Tourists

Thousands of tourists from every state and many foreign countries visit the spot every season, although the memorial thus far is only in the first stages of its development. The Rev. Mr. McClellan's plans call for a total of 150 memorial boulders, of which 18 have been erected. The rector explains the purpose of the "Open Air Westminster Abbey" as "to keep before the eyes and minds and hearts of coming generations the great ideals of the South; its songs, its poetry, its books of prose and their writers, its famous statesmen. In other words, its idealists and every recollection, every tradition, every bit of history that is meaningful for the future.

"Calvary Church," he says, "possesses a distinguished and eventful history. It was erected two years prior to the outbreak of the War Between the States, and was used as a barracks by Confederate troops during the war. Many reminders of their occupancy still linger about the place. One of the most prized mementoes is a remarkable portrait of Robert E. Lee, which hangs in the vestry at the rear of the church. General Lee sat for this portrait in Memphis during the war. The anniversary of Lee's birth is commemorated by special services each year in the church.

No Military Heroes

"Another priceless relic is a battle flag of the Confederacy. Scattered about old Calvary are estates dating back to ante-bellum days."

One significant feature about the project is that no "corner" has been reserved for military heroes, either of the South or of any section of the nation. None is contemplated, for the originator of the undertaking is an ardent advocate of peace, and believes that war should be kept in the background for the benefit of coming generations. By giving prominence to the good and holding in abeyance all that pertains to violence in the adjustment of human difficulties, the Rev. Mr. McClellan is confident that war will eventually become a thing of the past.

"We need today to be thinking more about the poets, artists, musicians, statesmen and idealists, and less about warriors and makers of war. Let us emphasize the arts of peace," he said. "As we do this we shall be preparing the way for the abolition of war."

Although the central figure of the memorial is Robert E. Lee, it is Lee, the educator, not the soldier, that is depicted. This, the Rev. Mr. McClellan says, is the true Lee—the leader of the youth of the new South.

The memorial site is laid out in an artistic and harmonious manner. The natural attractions have been retained and enhanced. Each marker is placed in the proper section or corner allotted to the calling or pursuit of its subject.

Notable List in Evidence

The 18 monuments already erected are those of Gen. Robert E. Lee, Edgar Wilson Nye (Bill Nye), humorist and writer; Joel Chandler Harris, author of the "Uncle Remus" stories; William Sydney Porter (O. Henry), Henry Timrod, South Carolina poet; Orren Randolph Smith, designer of the Confederate flag; "Dan" Emmett, composer of "Dixie"; Stephen Collins Foster, composer of "Swanee River," "Old Black Joe" and other folk songs; Herman Frank Arnold, who orchestrated "Dixie"; Francis Scott Key, composer of "The Star-Spangled Banner"; John Fox Jr., author; Zebulon Baird Vance, war-time Governor of North Carolina; Frances Fisher Tiernan (Christian Reid), authoress, writer of "Land of the Sky"; James Whitcomb Riley, Hoosier poet; Sidney Lanier, poet; George Westfield, friend of Lanier; Robert Loveman, composer; Albert Pike, author-poet, father of Scottish Rite Masonry in America.

Next summer shafts will be erected to Jefferson Davis, president of the Confederacy; Edgar Allan Poe; Father Abram Joseph Ryan, A. E. F. chaplain; Henry Grady, journalist and author; Frank L. Stanton, poet and journalist.

"Old times dar am not forgotten!" Far from being forgotten, the old times of which "Dixie" sings, and the idealism that gave them beauty and sublimity, are being perpetuated in the "Westminster Abbey of the South."

Cunliffe to Retire as Journalism Head

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, March 3—Retirement of Dr. John W. Cunliffe, director of the Pulitzer School of Journalism of Columbia University since 1919, was announced by Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, president of the university, yesterday following a meeting of the board of trustees. Dr. Cunliffe's successor will be Carl W. Ackerman, assistant to the president of the General Motors Corporation and an alumni of the school of journalism.

Discussing his future plans, Dr. Cunliffe said he would continue as director emeritus of the school with which he has been affiliated since its founding by Joseph Pulitzer in 1912, but will devote his time during the coming year chiefly to certain literary projects, giving one lecture course. He succeeded Dr. Talcott Williams, the first director of the school, and with whom he served as associate director.

Mr. Ackerman, the third director, is a graduate of Earlham College, Richmond, and worked as a reporter on Richmond and Cincinnati newspapers. He holds a degree of Bachelor of Literature at Columbia and subsequently had a wide foreign newspaper experience, serving as war correspondent for the United Press during the war and in 1919 receiving the appointment of director of the foreign news service of the Philadelphia Public Ledger.



To acquaint you with the merits of Dr. Saklad's Meta-Tarsal Support Shoes we are offering a

10% Reduction
ON ALL SHOES FOR THE MONTH OF MARCH.

Dr. Saklad Shoe Shop
80 BOYLSTON ST., BOSTON

OFFICERS LAUDED FOR HELPING SHIP

WASHINGTON, March 3 (AP)—Two navy officers yesterday received letters of special commendation from the Secretary of the Navy for their work in saving the steamship Helio, aground off Corinto, Nicaragua, Jan. 19.

Commander W. W. Smith, commanding the gunboat Sacramento, and Lieut. V. C. Barringer, were praised for the prompt and efficient manner in which they had succeeded in getting the ship afloat and clearing the entrance to Corinto Harbor, which was blocked by the grounding. Commander Smith's home is Stamford, Conn., and Lieutenant Barringer's home Monroe, La.

DISBURSEMENT OF BONUS LOAN WELL STARTED

Hines Reports to Hoover; 10,000 Now Get Cash Daily

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, March 3—Brig.-Gen. Frank T. Hines, Administrator of Veterans' Affairs, today reported to President Hoover that distribution of soldiers' loans under the newly enacted bonus loan act is successfully under way.

When full emergency forces are at work in regional offices all over the country, about 50,000 loans will be made a day, he told the President. At present about 10,000 men are getting loans daily.

General Hines stated that the day after the law went into effect, he sent $20,000,000 to regional offices for disbursement. Up to this time about half of that sum has been paid, his advices show. He called upon the Treasury today for another allotment of funds and that department was able to release them, he said. He was also promised, he added, that immediate changes would be made in the Federal Reserve rediscount rate to encourage banks over the country to make loans to veterans under the new law.

Extra clerks and overtime shifts are working under pressure at two places in Washington. One is at the veterans' bureau where bonus loans are being disbursed; the other the Department of Agriculture, where preliminary work for making seed and feed loans to drought-stricken farmers are about completed.

The line of veterans waiting for loans stretches some two or three blocks in the morning. Credentials are handled with speed, however, and the line melts away around noon. Records show that the average loan per veteran the first full day of disbursement was $422. The 1328 checks issued that day totaled $550,000.

While most of the veterans in line come from Washington and vicinity, a number had traveled long distances. A group joined the line yesterday after traveling by way of box cars from Seattle, Wash.

Six hundred extra employees have been engaged by the veterans' bureau. A night shift of 500 is at work.

"The more banks throughout the country extend loan privileges to veterans," General Hines said, "the sooner will the present problem of veterans' loans be met, since such active coöperation on the part of the banks would expedite the making of loans to veterans who find it necessary to take advantage of the loan privileges, in that it would afford to the veterans a ready means in their home community to secure loans where otherwise they would have to apply to the regional office in the state in which they reside."

At the Department of Agriculture extra clerks are working overtime to make the first of the loans for seed and livestock feed provided for in the $20,000,000 appropriation recently made by Congress.

NEW JERSEY DRY FORCES FEDERATE

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

NEWARK, N. J., March 3—In pursuance of plans to further an independent dry organization for the 1931 New Jersey gubernatorial campaign, prohibition forces joined here yesterday to form the Citizens' Federation for Temperance and Law Observance. A series of county conventions are scheduled, according to the Rev. James K. Shields, superintendent of New Jersey Anti-Saloon League, who presided at the meeting. The first of these will take place at Asbury Park on March 24, for the organization of Monmouth County forces.

John D. Pennington, prohibition administrator for the district of New Jersey, Pa., and Delaware addressed the meeting, stating that there had been a change for the better in the public attitude toward prohibition and that this was noticeable even in New Jersey.

PINCHOT CALLS BOARD CAT'S-PAW OF UTILITIES

Declares People's Faith in Regulation Shaken by Dilatory Tactics

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

HARRISBURG, Pa., March 3—Gov. Gifford Pinchot, in a statement read yesterday to the Senate committee investigating the Pennsylvania Public Service Commission, reiterated his charges that the commission is "the cat's-paw of the corporations" and "worse than useless."

The Governor based his attitude toward the commission specifically on its action in the Scranton Electric Company case, the Scranton Spring-Brook Water Service Company case, the so-called secret meeting in the offices of the president of the Pennsylvania Railroad which James S. Benn, commissioner, was said to have attended; the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company rate increase of 1924 and the commission's failure to take action in the Clarion River Power Company case.

The Governor declared that so far the Senate investigation has done little more than give an opportunity to the representatives of the Public Service Commission and the public utilities to testify to their own virtue.

"I do not advocate public ownership," the Governor said, "as a remedy for the situation. On the contrary, my whole effort is now, and for a quarter of a century has been, to make regulation work, but regulation cannot endure unless the people believe in regulation. And they cannot believe in it unless the commission which is set to do the regulating is worthy of their faith. The fact is that the people of Pennsylvania have lost faith in the Public Service Commission."

The Governor referred the Senate committee members to their own constitutents and stated that many cases would be presented by the people affected to the investigating committee of the House of Representatives which is in process of organization. He declared that six public utilities of Pennsylvania earned from 28.5 to 69.65 per cent in 1929 on their own valuation.

Under the opinion of the Attorney-General and the agreement of the committee that the Governor could not be questioned regarding anything he had to lay before the committee, he was not asked for further details and he volunteered none.

SUGAR INSTITUTE SOUGHT

HAVANA, March 3 (AP)—It was announced at the palace yesterday that a message has been sent by President Machado to Congress asking for a law to form a technical organization to be known as the Cuban Institute for Stabilization of Sugar to handle all agreements for treaties with foreign nations concerning sugar.

Hotel for Jobless Animal Actors Also Caters to Those Employed

Special from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, March 3—In Forty-second Street, west of Eleventh Avenue, there is a shabby, two-story building that once was a stable, and now is one of the queerest hotels that could be imagined. Within its walls the management expends more genuine affection and consideration than would be seemly in any other type of hostlery, for it is toward this place that most of the animals that perform in the theaters turn when they leave the stage entrances and seek a midnight supper, bedroom and bath.

Arthur J. McHugh, who runs a roofing business over in New Jersey, is the proprietor, but he is fond of animals and provides this hotel and boarding house for the most highly trained members of the various four-footed tribes. At present with milder weather not far away, many of his regular guests are starting off "on the road" to entertain children and grown-ups in circuses, traveling carnivals and vaudeville acts in all parts of the country, but there are always some guests for Mr. McHugh to care for.

Only a few days ago three circus elephants and their keeper checked out for the road, a reindeer and some spotted pigs began their summer travels, and a whole flock of educated geese started on a business tour. Meanwhile, however, Big Rosy, "the gentlest elephant in captivity," remains with her inseparable companions, Regal, a king poodle, and Prince, a shaggy Shetland pony. And upstairs in the old stalls once used for dray horses, there are housed in various compartments Red, "the boxing kangaroo"; a host of dogs and monkeys, a pair of bantam chickens, and the cats, who really boss the place.

Mr. McHugh was not at home when a correspondent called, but a gaunt, dark-eyed man with a voice so gentle and sympathetic that it would charm the shyest wild thing, introduced himself as the "first broom" of the place. He is Albert A. Friend, who at one time owned a troupe of more than 20 animals and was a "head-liner" on the vaudeville stage. Four years ago Mr. Friend became assistant at the boarding house for stage animals, where he now attends to their wants with as much solicitude as though they were his own pets.

Before introducing the correspondent to his own select group, Mr. Friend took him to visit Big Rosy. Hardly was Mr. Friend within reach of Rosy's trunk, however, than she took him gently around the waist and shoved him in the direction of the hay bin, intending to indicate thereby that he was to give her some luncheon. There was no remonstrating, but nevertheless Mr. Friend did not comply.

Rosy viewed the correspondent with her small right eye and began to investigate his anatomy with a gentle, but inquisitive trunk. In a moment or two it was coiled about his left leg, and he felt himself being lifted up. There being nothing else to do, he put his arms about the upper part of Rosy's trunk and was carried into her stall and set down there. Since this appeared to be merely a friendly gesture on Rosy's part, he paid his respects and stepped out.

Rosy once decided to leave the establishment and seek adventure, so she put her head through the door of the stable and started to go. Mr. McHugh, knowing her fondness for the dog, gave him a few slaps, which brought forth a frightened yelp or two, and Rosy immediately gave up the expedition and returned to protect her friend. Although the dog and the pony no longer take part in Rosy's act, she will not lie down to sleep at night unless they are at her side.

Mr. Friend's animals are the tamest and friendliest of creatures. It is obvious that none of them ever has been frightened.

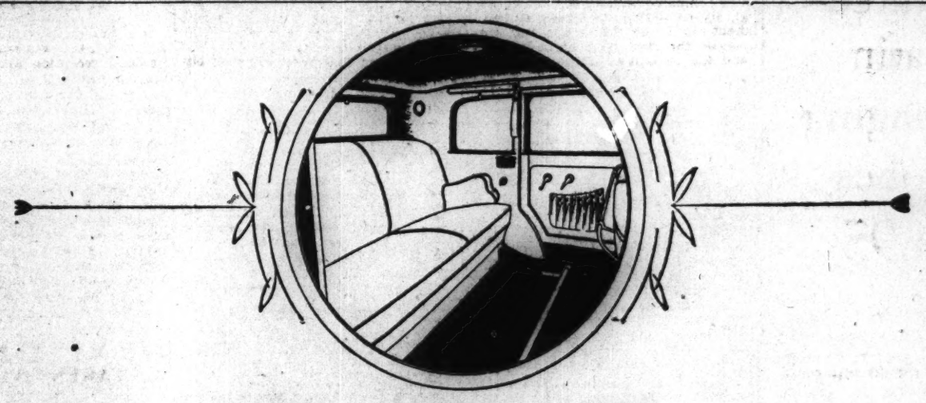
The belle of his establishment is a white, fuzzy, four-weeks-old Siberian husky named Midnight Friend La-Touche. She was brought to him a couple of weeks ago by a vaudeville actor. Her first name is Midnight, because that is when she was brought in, and her last name is after the town on the banks of the Yukon.

Brindle, or just "Dall," as Mr. Friend calls him for short, is the best trained dog in the family. Then there was soft-eyed Mollie, a dark, wire-haired tippet, and her two silky puppies. And there was a splendid white king poodle puppy, who is being educated, and a small fat, black poodle, who barks a good deal. And in the same stall, but not part of the same family, was Beans, Mr. McHugh's Boston bull.

The establishment is a most friendly place, and if it is far from being elegant, at least it has that most important attribute of a good hostelry of any kind—unbounded consideration for the welfare of its guests.

BAIRD TO RUN FOR GOVERNOR

CAMDEN, N. J., March 3 (AP)—David Baird Jr., of Camden, today announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for Governor of New Jersey. Mr. Baird was United States Senator by appointment during the interval between Walter Edge's resignation and the election of Dwight W. Morrow.



BEAUTIFUL NEW
ENRICHMENTS AND REFINEMENTS
in the
LA SALLE V-8
at the same moderate price

With notable refinements in body interiors and appointments—and with its exterior appearance smartened and enhanced by new hood ports and attractive new colors—today's La Salle V-8 now offers, in even greater measure, those fine-car characteristics which have made it so popular among the select motorists of the world.

Upholsteries are notably finer, as to both quality and appearance. Cushions and seat backs are smooth-trimmed and tailored with piping at the edges. Window mouldings and vanity sets are finer and more attractive. In fact, the interior ensemble suggests the richness of a custom creation.

La Salle is the first of the Cadillac-built motor cars to be made available to buyers in the medium-price field. Priced as low as $2195, f. o. b. Detroit, La Salle is actually as easy to own—especially when the purchaser takes advantage of the liberal G. M. A. C. payment plan—as a lesser automobile.

May We Send a La Salle to Your Home?

The engineering discoveries made in developing the Cadillac V-12 and V-16 have been applied to all Cadillac-La Salle power plants. As a result, La Salle performance is now so exceptional that we should like to place a La Salle at your disposal for an extended trial drive. Simply telephone your interest, and a La Salle will be sent to your door - - without any obligation whatever.

The 2-pass. Coupe $2195 f. o. b. Detroit
Coachwork by Fisher and Fleetwood

CADILLAC MOTOR CAR COMPANY
DIVISION OF GENERAL MOTORS
DETROIT, MICHIGAN

WILLIAMSBURG RISES ON SITE OF EARLY TOWN

Reconstruction by Rockefeller Foundation to Be Pushed in New Year

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

WILLIAMSBURG, Va.—The New Year finds 100 separate and distinct properties in Williamsburg that have undergone changes in the work of colonial restoration, undertaken by the Rockefeller Foundation. After three years this work is only fairly begun, but the coming year will see great changes, according to experts.

Fourteen buildings belonging to the old régime have been restored, among which are Raleigh Tavern, the John Blair House, the Archibald Blair House, the Travis House, the Bracken House, the Benjamin Powell House, the Barlow House, the Galt Cottage, the Colonial Apothecary House, and the Garrett House. The St. George Tucker House and the Paradise House are now being altered. The Cary-Peachy House is another property in this group, but it is privately owned. All these are "high points" of interest, while a number of less importance have been through the hands of the restoration workmen.

Outstanding among the buildings so far included in the program is the main building of William and Mary College, a magnificent specimen unique in its class, which it is believed will be fully restored by next June. The exterior work is practically finished.

The next important old home to be restored is "Bassett Hall," home of John Tyler, Vice-President of the United States in 1841. This old dwelling was ruined by fire last May. Its restoration with the spacious grounds beautifully landscaped, will make it one of the show places of Williamsburg. Here lived also Judge Burwell Bassett, nephew of Mrs. Washington.

Two famous sites of colonial government buildings that have been excavated for the restoration of the original buildings are those of the Capitol and the Palace. The "Capitol" will be restored this summer, while the work of excavating the old Governor's Palace site buildings is still in progress. The Palace was burned in 1781, or 1782, while occupied by French troops from the siege of Yorktown. Repaired, it was occupied by different families until the Civil War, when all the old buildings disappeared.

Three boxwood gardens have been planted. Other gardens will be planted during the next two or three years, it is said. Holly trees and other varieties have elsewhere in the city added to the appearance of restored properties.

The new court house for city and couny will be erected in 1931. This building, to cost $100,000, will supplant the present colonial court house built in 1770, which has long been too small. But the court house of 1770 will remain, though it will need restoration, since it was altered in 1911 It will make an ideal building for a public library.

Two other features of the New Williamsburg made old, are the removal to other locations, or razing of modern buildings; and the erection of brand-new buildings in the relocated business section just east of the college, where more than an entire block will be filled with shops built after the colonial pattern of architecture; prominent just now is the new United States Post Office Building first occupied during the holidays.

All the restored old homes are furnished with modern facilities, except the Paradise House, which will be an "Exhibition House" for the public, as will also the Palace—open to visitors. The first three months of the New Year will see the Colonial Hotel renovated, then operated by the Restoration's "Taverns and Ordinaries" Corporation.

American Business Better, Geneva Told

GENEVA, March 2 (AP)—Since the beginning of the year the economic situation in the United States has tended to improve but few are willing to say whether the improvement is temporary or permanent, Edward E. Hunt, secretary of President Hoover's Committee on Recent Economic Changes, said here today.

Addressing a meeting of representatives of official and semiofficial government agencies dealing with economic matters, which under the auspices of the economic organization of the League of Nations met here to consider the fundamental causes of the present depression, he said, while there were no accurate unemployment statistics in the United States, there were apparently between 4,500,000 and 5,000,000 jobless.

He said when the crisis first developed in 1929, lay and expert opinion was agreed that it was temporary and would last about three months.

Anthem Was Right Till Turned Over

BOGOTA, Colombia (AP)—The music committee of the Anglo-American Club was patting himself on the back for having solved a nice international problem, but they found him out.

It seems somebody suggested it would be a great idea for the club orchestra to play the national anthems every time the American Minister or the British Minister came in, but the orchestra could not master the "Star-Spangled Banner."

The committee bought a phonograph record of Francis Scott Key's masterpiece, but "God Save the King" could not be found.

The American Minister arrived. The phonograph ground out the anthem. Then the British Minister came and the music committee turned the record over, set down the needle and "God Save the King" came clear and true. Then a member of the British staff looked at the record.

"Bless my soul!" he cried, "that's not 'God Save the King,' it's 'America.'"

Fragrance Given to Gladiolus by Successor of Luther Burbank

Plastic Artist of Plant Life Also Doubled Rows on Ear of Corn and Developed Giant Chard; Now Attempting to Produce Stoneless Peach

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

FRESNO, Calif.—Carrying forward many of the experiments of Luther Burbank, with whom he was associated for four years, William Henderson is making important contributions to floriculture and horticulture on his 15-acre experimental garden just outside of Fresno.

Mr. Henderson has succeeded in producing a fragrant gladiolus, something the world had never possessed before. This development required more than five years of effort, during which hundreds of thousands of crosses were made and millions of seedlings were raised. A fragrance comparable to a gardenia has been added to the gladiolus, a flower previously lacking perfume. In addition to developing the fragrant gladiolus, Mr. Henderson has perfected many new varieties carrying distinct new shades of color.

Many of Burbank's experiments to improve the rose are being carried on by Mr. Henderson. He has been successful in growing from seed rose bushes which have attained a height of 10 feet, with stems an inch in diameter, in less than eight months. The new Camellia rose, which he has perfected most, nearly attains to the "ideal rose" which Burbank devoted many years to achieve.

In raising of dahlias Mr. Henderson is seeking to improve the keeping qualities of the flower when cut, to strengthen the stem and to increase its resistance to pests. His best variety so far is his Henderson White Dahlia. Bushes of this variety produced last year as many as 60 flowers per plant, no flower being less than eight inches in diameter. Mr. Henderson has also achieved a new color in carnations—orange-salmon.

In the fruit and vegetable kingdoms, Mr. Henderson is also achieving marked success. He is at present attempting to produce a stoneless peach, an ambition which Burbank never realized, and is experimenting to improve the nectarine and Burbank's stoneless plums.

New vegetables which Mr. Henderson has introduced include a new crimson giant chard, produced by crossing a sugar beet and Swiss chard. This plant is highly ornamental in the garden, producing leaves which are green with leaf stalks of crimson red.

After five years of experimentation, Mr. Henderson has increased the number of rows of kernels in the familiar golden bantam corn from the original eight rows to 14 and 16 rows to the ear. A new variety of rhubarb has been developed which requires only one-half the amount of sugar usually used in cooking the older varieties.

Mr. Henderson has found the climate of the San Joaquin Valley admirably suited for his experimental work, in spite of the fact that the summer temperatures are high. All of his work is based on the belief of Luther Burbank that "plant life is as plastic in our hands as clay in the hands of the artist. Plants can be readily molded into more beautiful forms and colors than any painter or sculptor can ever hope to equal."

Unfinished Tale of Parthian Empire Filled Out by American Expedition

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

TOLEDO, O.—Many gaps in a sketchy chapter of ancient history—the story of the Parthian Empire, which held sway in Mesopotamia for nearly three centuries after Crassus's rout at Carrhae in 53 B. C.—are being bridged by the Toledo-Michigan-Cleveland expedition, now concluding its third season of excavating on the site of Seleucia.

Summarizing the past season's progress in a report to Blake-More Godwin, director of the Toledo Museum of Art, Dr. N. C. Debevoise, Parthian expert with the party, announces that more than 4000 objects of the greatest archæological importance have been uncovered.

"At the present time," Dr. Debevoise declares, "all the Parthian collections are not comparable to this year's results alone, whether in the museums of Europe or America, either with regard to quality or number. Excluding the results of the Toledo-Michigan-Cleveland expedition, about 80 per cent of the Parthian material now above ground has neither date nor provenance and is therefore nearly valueless for research purposes.

"Many museums now in possession of Parthian objects are not aware of their presence. When the publication of this year's results is completed, this unlabeled material can be dated and assigned to the steadily increasing body of objects from the Parthian Empire.

"The status of our knowledge on late Mesopotamian pottery is but typical of other classes of material. Analyses of three or more varieties of glaze found this year will be the first information thus far published on this subject for Mesopotamia. They may prove an important factor in determining the possibility of a Parthian origin of the green glaze of the Han period in China. Over 225 shapes of pottery have been typed and drawn. Certain techniques, such as burnishing, previously supposed to have died out long before the Parthian period, are now proved to have continued into the first century A. D.

"When this collection of pottery is published it will be the only work on the subject. It should be sufficiently comprehensive and definitive to insure its use as a general reference work for years to come.

"The architectural discoveries should take an important place with those of the Germans at Ashur and the Americans at Nippur. They will aid in establishing the historic development of design and construction from Assyrian times into the Islamic period. The extensive use of carved and cast plaster opens an almost unknown vista of ornamentation, the origins of which reach back as far as Assyria and the development of which may be seen in the geometric designs of post-Islamic days.

"Among the thousands of coins there are those which will enable us to settle important questions of Parthian chronology and to fix the time of certain kings' reigns—in short, to aid in the elucidation of a very obscure corner of numismatics and history. These same coins will form a cross check upon the dates assigned to occupational levels, architecture, pottery and other objects found within them.

"In the history of the development of art, the material from the season of 1930-31 may play an important part. As examples of the goldsmith's art the two hoards of jewelry, totaling 10 pieces, must be ranked with the best ancient jewelry. The pearls with which they are set still retain their luster and are among the finest recovered from antiquity. Some 20 other gold objects such as beads, set stones and earrings, are all of remarkable quality.

"This is the finest collection of Parthian jewelry in existence and indicates that the Parthian goldsmith possessed not only great technical skill but also a fine sense of proportion and design. As a product of the mixture of Hellenism and millenniums of Oriental predecessors, Parthian art eventually came to influence the Western world through its continued development in Sassanian and Arab times. That future excavation may reveal works of even greater artistic merit from the Hellenistic period is suggested by the ever increasing quantities of marble objects found this season.

"Among the written documents discovered this year were about 60 bitumen bullæ stamped with dated inscriptions referring to the salt tax. Some 30 others bear seal impressions. A study of these may eventually settle the date of the Parthian capture of the city. A single clay tablet found in a mud brick wall gives promise of the many tablets which will doubtless be found in early Parthian and Hellenistic levels to be uncovered next season. The find of parchments last season has definitely proved that such material may be preserved here at Seleucia and chance may at any time reward us with such documents."

Belgians Complete Katanga Railway

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

JOHANNESBURG, S. Af. — The completion by the Belgians of the railway through Western Katanga will bring Johannesburg four days nearer England.

Many were skeptical at one time that this line, stretching away from the Congo forests and the great copper belt of Katanga to the distant Atlantic, would be completed for many years.

Constructed by the Belgians the Katanga railway is now virtually completed, and it is expected that the last few rails will be laid during the next few weeks and the line formally opened in May. It will then be possible to travel in comfort from Johannesburg to Lobito Bay on the Atlantic Ocean, four days nearer to England than Cape Town, from any station in the Union or Rhodesia.

Rumania Adopts Railroad Reforms

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BUCHAREST, Rumania—Rumania has begun in a tangible way to introduce economies in its railroad system. One striking instance of this is the reduction in the number of trains in circulation. On Feb. 15 more than 20 trains in different parts of the country ceased to run.

Of course, it is believed by many that it would have been more businesslike to buy railroad supplies in the open market at normal prices instead of paying extremely high prices to local firms. The railroad personnel, also, is larger than necessary.

The new director-general, introducing this reform, is an active army officer, General Ionescu.

JUGOSLAVIA CONFERS HONOR OF MASARYK

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BELGRADE, Jugoslavia — Dr. Thomas G. Masaryk, President of the Czechoslovak Republic, was formally granted the degree of Doctor Honoris Causa of the University of Ljubljana on Jan. 31.

As a Czechoslovak refugee during the World War Dr. Masaryk worked together with the Jugoslav refugees for the establishment of the states of Czechoslovakia and Jugoslavia, and this honor accorded him was a demonstration of friendship between the peoples of Jugoslavia and Czechoslovakia.

Miniature Golf Opens for Brazilian Putters

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil, March 2 (By U. P.)—Miniature golf courses are making their début in Brazil.

One course is being built in the heart of Rio's commercial district in order to attract the busy business man during lunch hour, and another is in course of construction in another quarter of the city. An American company, incorporated in Brazil with a capital exceeding $100,000, is installing the courses.

Home of Browning Offered for Sale

LONDON (AP)—A charming old-fashioned house at No. 19 Warwick Crescent is for sale. It is the home where Robert Browning lived for 26 years, from 1861 to 1887.

There he wrote "The Ring and the Book," and kept geese in the garden pond

HALF-HOLIDAY MEASURE GOES TO PRESIDENT

House Passes Bill Granting Federal Workers Saturday Afternoon Off Year Round

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

WASHINGTON, March 3—Federal Government employees looked hopefully toward President Hoover today for their Saturday half-holidays.

The bill, passage of which has been eagerly awaited by all who come under the classification of the civil service, passed the House yesterday after brief debate. The Senate passed it on April 1, 1930. Final enactment is now up to the President, who is expected to sign.

The measure introduces the 44-hour week plan into the United States Civil Service without loss of pay. It provides a half holiday each week through the year for all government employees except specialized groups.

Because of compensations or of indefinite hours of work employees of the Panama Canal on the Isthmus and of the Interior Department in the field are exempted. Employees of the postal service are also excepted as provisions are contained in the department appropriation bill regulating the postal work week.

The Civil Service Commission has given its approval to the measure in order to remove present inconsistencies throughout the government service. "No particular class or group should be favored except for administrative reasons," it has ruled.

It is an extension to the whole year of the system now in practice which gives half holidays during four months to all employees whose service can be spared. Its language follows closely that of the executive order of the President which provided for this present system.

In urging passage of the bill Frederick R. Lehlbach (R.), Representative from New Jersey and chairman of the committee, declared Congress would not be establishing a new practice by its passage but would be putting the Government in line with the most modern practices in private industry.

Private business, he said, has in many cases found that not only does a shorter week entail no increased expense, but often actually results in greater efficiency and productivity from the same number of employees.

There is no evidence, he declared, to show that the half holiday during four months of the year entailed any increased expense to the Government. For these reasons he did not think passage of the bill would add to the cost of government.

Street Car Lines Give Way to Bus

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BIRMINGHAM, Ala. — Another small town, street-car system in Alabama has given away to the advance of automobile and bus transportation. After 30 years of operation the trolley system at Huntsville, Ala., has been junked, and modern busses substituted. They will be operated as were the street railway by the Alabama Power Company, under the supervision of the Alabama Public Service Commission.

Street car service also has been discontinued in the last two years in the towns of Decatur and Selma. These systems were operated by private concerns which did not substitute any form of transportation in their place. Private automobiles were blamed chiefly for cutting down on the income of these trolley systems until they were operated at a loss instead of a profit.

Even in the larger cities certain lines are no longer proving profitable. The Birmingham Electric Company recently received authority to discontinue two lines in Birmingham and substitute buses instead. The buses are luxuriously fitted out with automatic ventilating systems and electric heating equipment. Trolley companies in three or four other Alabama cities are said to be considering the proposition of changing over to motor transportation.

Every Doll Has Its Day—in Japan

TOKYO, March 3 (By U. P.)—Two little girls, dressed in brilliant kimonos, celebrate today what to them is the finest holiday of the year, the Hina Matsuri, in the palace where they live with their mother and father, the Empress and Emperor of Japan. The girls are the Princesses Teru and Taka. Hina Matsuri is the annual girls' doll festival of Japan.

Masters of the dollmakers' art worked for months preparing dolls for the Princesses' party. Court chamberlains arranged the dolls in ceremonial fashion and prepared for the grand dinner at which the Princesses were to be hosts to their relatives.

Little girls throughout the Empire also celebrated the festival and even in the remote villages parents purchased new dolls and arranged ceremonial parties. Shops throughout Japan for weeks have been displaying dolls for sale at prices running into thousands of yen each.

DORRANCE'S ESTATE SET AT $200,000,000

CAMDEN, N. J., March 3 (AP)— New Jersey and federal appraisers have valued the late Dr. John T. Dorrance's estate at more than $200,000,000, instead of the $150,000,000, the first estimate.

C. A. L. Lotz, New Jersey State inheritance tax agent, said New Jersey alone would get $30,000,000 inheritance tax from the estate, and that the federal inheritance tax would amount to an additional $7,500,000. The estate consists chiefly of the Campbell Soup Company, Camden, of which Dr. Dorrance was founder.

JUSTICE TAKES SEAT

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

COLUMBIA, S. C.—Judge Milledge L. Bonham, veteran jurist of Anderson, who last week was elected on the sixty-fourth ballot, has been sworn in as associate justice to fill the seat made vacant by the elevation of Associate Justice Blease to the chief justiceship.

Women's Enterprises and Activities

A Woman Interprets Women to a Railroad

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

St. Louis, Mo.

MRS. FRANCES WHITEHEAD is thought to be the first woman in the United States to be appointed assistant to a railroad president. Her office may, therefore, open an unexplored opportunity to women. When Michael H. Cahill, newly elected president of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway, decided to appoint a woman as his assistant, his choice fell on Mrs. Whitehead, widow of the late Charles N. Whitehead, who was for nearly a year president of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas lines (known as "Katy" in its territory).

She took office on Dec. 1, 1930, and her headquarters are in the Railroad Exchange Building, St. Louis, Mo. She came to her task without previous business experience, and yet not without a degree of preparation. Mr. Whitehead devoted his entire maturity to this road, and, although he was only a clerk when he married the woman who is now assistant to his successor, he rose through its grades to the top and his wife followed his advancement with a keen interest in the affairs of the railroad he served.

The Woman's Viewpoint

For the last 20 years Mrs. Whitehead, a native of Texas, has lived in St. Louis. She has been prominent in the city's social life and enjoys the customary social diversions, but is not a faddist, unless traveling may be said to be a fad; and if it is, then it has served a most useful purpose in preparing her for her present position in the railroad world. During her husband's life she journeyed with him on official business not only up and down the lines of the "Katy," but all over the United States, and took a number of trips to Europe. Since his passing she has made a tour of the world. Always interested in railroading, she observed and analyzed the differences between methods of transportation at home and abroad.

Mrs. Whitehead's chief duties will be those of adviser and consultant to the executive department of the railroad in its relations to the traveling and shipping public, as viewed from a woman's standpoint. In announcing the new office, President Cahill said:

"The relationship of American women to business is steadily expanding in importance. The conduct of the railroad and its service from the woman's viewpoint grows in importance correspondingly. Naturally this point of view is best understood and can best be interpreted by a woman, and we have accordingly placed direction of our interest in this special field in feminine hands."

Modest and retiring by nature, Mrs. Whitehead was a bit reluctant to talk about her position when questioned. "It is all new to me," she said. "Frankly, I have not yet definitely formulated my plans, but in their general outline my activities are clear to me. Each year sees more and more women engaged in business that makes them patrons of the railroad. Not merely as passengers but as shippers. St. Louis, for example, has a number of thriving factories and other business institutions that supply freight tonnage headed by women as chief owners or managers. It is reasonable to assume that while their traffic problems are essentially the same as men's they may approach their solution from different angles. Our company hopes to get a little more intimate view of the angle of women in business toward transportation and especially with regard to our own railroad.

Women Travelers a Factor

"The traveling saleswoman is a factor in present-day business, too. It is conceivable that the woman commercial traveler may have some ideas with respect to railroad service, particularly passenger traffic, that may be well worth while for a railroad management to learn—especially in these days of dwindling passenger earnings. The woman buyer has long been prominent in merchandising and is a frequent patron of our passenger service. She may be able to supply some ideas that will result in betterment of service.

"Then there is the woman occupied in railroad service itself. Most women engaged in railroad work are serving in clerical capacities, there being a large number of stenographers, of course, as in every other great modern business, but there are also women secretaries, ticket agents, telegraph operators, station agents, and even a few divisional traffic agents on certain railroads. One does not need to be a prophet to foresee that in the years to come the number of women engaged in these and other capacities will increase, and that they will have their special problems and particular viewpoints.

"The fact that the Missouri, Kansas & Texas lines have made a woman assistant to the president does not mean that the relationship of women to industry has not heretofore had consideration by our management; only that it has been deemed desirable by our president that the subject have closer study, and from the woman's as well as the man's point of view. Interpretation of the woman's viewpoint to our organization will prove a very interesting responsibility, I am sure."



MRS. FRANCES WHITEHEAD

Assistant to the President of the Missouri-Kansas-Texas Railroad.

Planting a Garden in a Prison

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

London

TWO years ago, by the back wall of Holloway Prison, there was a piece of ground used as a rubbish heap where old mattresses were burned. Today in the same spot there is a garden where in their season sunflowers, poppies, sweet peas, carnations and mignonette grow.

This blossoming of the waste land is the result of the work of a lady who all her life has been a lover of gardens. For many years now Miss Margaret D. Stubbs has lectured for the Gardens Guild, but it was not until 1928 that she was asked to become a teacher of gardening at Holloway Prison, where women who have been sentenced in the second division serve their term of imprisonment of from one month to two years. The Prison Gardens Association, with which Miss Stubbs is associated, was formed with the object of giving lectures on gardening and nature study in the prisons during the winter, and practical teaching in gardening during the summer. Twenty-one prisons are now visited by this association, and since the lectures and practical work have been started, many prisons have bought additional land in order to give the prisoners more space for garden making. The attendance of prisoners at both classes and lectures is voluntary, and there is no question as to the women's delight in the work.

"Where did you get your seeds?" friends inquired of Miss Stubbs, when in due time they saw the beautiful golden sunflower blooms.

She smiled at them—and when Miss Stubbs smiles one realizes one of the reasons why the women in Holloway Gaol love to learn gardening. "One of the officers of the prison has a parrot," she explained, "and, having very little money of our own at the beginning of our enterprise, we were given some of the parrot seed."

Many of the prisoners have lived in cities all their lives, so that though they have bought flowers from the barrows in the streets, they have never seen the seeds planted in the ground and watched the tiny green shoots push their way out of the brown earth. The fertilization of the flowers, too, and the part taken by the bees in this fertilization, is of absorbing interest to them. During the winter months Miss Stubbs gave several lectures on the life of the bee, and when the summer came round a whole class would sometimes leave its work helter-skelter to watch a bee which had alighted on a flower, and examine the pollen on its legs!

Some of the women, as the end of their terms approach, ask the advice of their kindly instructor as to how to start a garden of their own in some backyard, or maybe only in a window-box! There is, indeed, no end to the work of this woman who is laboring lovingly inside the high stone walls of a london prison, so far away from the Devonshire garden of her childhood. Miss Stubbs is doing a great work in teaching these women prisoners, who will shortly take their place in the world again, how the waste places, wherever they may be, can indeed blossom as the rose!

For Washing Knees

Make a small bag, about 6" x 8", of turkish toweling, and insert a cotton draw tape in the hem. Put in this bag all the scraps of bath soap as they get too small to use conveniently, and hang it near the bath tub. It is an excellent wash cloth for the children's grimy knees.

A Traffic Manager for Aircraft

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

Fargo, N. Dak.

"YES, the opportunities for women in aviation are unlimited. But women as well as men must do a lot of hard work if they are going into the commercial end of aviation." The speaker was Florence Klingensmith, 24-year-old traffic manager of a commercial air line which operates daily planes between Minneapolis and Kansas City.

A varied career preceded her entry into aviation. She has been at times clerk, nursemaid, herder on the sheep range, and wood chopper in the forests of northern Minnesota. She has always preferred outdoor work, disliking the confinement of indoor occupations. A job driving a delivery truck helped pay for her ground course in the aviation school at Fargo, N. D., which she had made her home.

Her first ride in a plane came in 1927. That and Lindbergh's flight inspired her to enter aviation. Immediately she arranged to enter an aviation school for her ground course. This instruction she mastered easily, as she had always loved things mechanical. She and her brother had once built a homemade racer from a secondhand car, and her first "flight" had been from a motorcycle, when the rear tire blew out.

To help pay for her training she took up parachute jumping. Her first drop was at Fargo, in May, 1927. She finished her course, and took one solo under an experienced flier. From then on trained herself and in June, 1929, became a licensed aviator.

The summer of 1930 was another "high spot" for "Treetops," as her friends call her. While acting as field hostess at the Wold-Chamberlain field, Minneapolis, she was on the committee of welcome for the French fliers. She enjoyed the opportunities to mix with professional fliers from all over the country, but found life on the ground "too tame." So she returned to flying. Now she is traffic manager for an air line.

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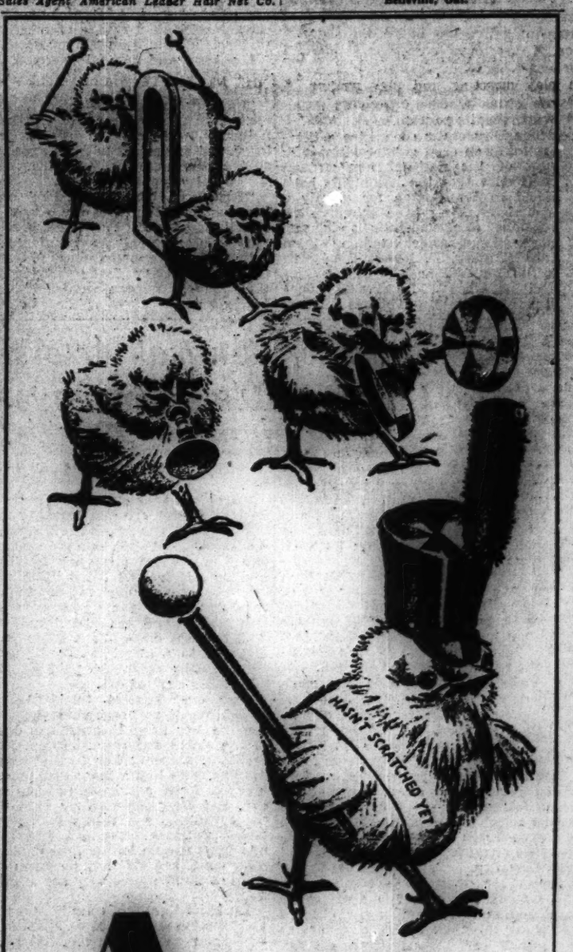
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POWDER & CAKE

Women's Enterprises and Activities

A Successful Children's Theater

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

Evanston, Ill.

"I WOULDN'T change my job for any job I know of." So says Muriel Brown, director of the Children's Theater, which puts on matinées every Saturday from November till May at the Kenneth Sawyer Goodman Memorial Theater, Chicago. When she could not find a place waiting for her along the line of her chosen work she made a niche for herself. Today her business is in its sixth year, and she is successful and prosperous, and through her efforts hundreds of children are spending their Saturday afternoons in profitable enjoyment.

Four plays are put on each season at the Children's Theater, each one running for six successive Saturday matinées. The actors are students in the School of the Art Institute of Chicago, department of drama. It is strictly a theater for children and not by them, no child ever taking part in a play. The ideal of the director is to present the very best entertainment possible. Every effort is made to have the stage settings artistic, original and interesting, the costumes and properties authentic and the acting simple and sincere. No effort is employed to appeal to any special age, but the majority of the young patrons are from the sixth, seventh and eighth grades and first and second year high school.

The greatest difficulty with which Muriel Brown is faced just now is getting the proper plays to present. One out of the four plays each year she writes herself or else she dramatizes a story; but where to find the others—that is the problem. There is a field right here, she says, for anyone who can write plays suitable for children and at the same time good enough for earnest student-actors to work on. She is glad always to read any plays that are sent to her, as she is always on the lookout for excellent material, but in order to qualify a play must be skillfully written with proper attention to the technique of the stage.

The Opportunity

What opportunities have other women as directors of children's theaters? The right women have a splendid chance, says Miss Brown. A civic children's theater in every fair-sized city, on the order of the repertory theaters in Europe, is an ideal not far off, she thinks. But it is pioneering work at the present time and will take plenty of moral courage and hard work. Women who undertake this enterprise will probably have to make their own places, just as she did, by interesting in the venture, first of all, either an individual or group of individuals or an organization. A director of a children's theater needs definite technical training in play directing and play writing, besides some business experience, or at least good business sense. Miss Brown pays her own salary as well as running expenses out of box office receipts, which of itself is a challenge to business efficiency.

"Operating a children's theater successfully is a real business," said Muriel Brown to the writer, "and however high one's artistic ideals may be, one cannot forget this. Moreover, much of the false sentimentality often connected with enterprises where children are concerned, must be laid aside. One must understand the needs, tastes and preferences of the young audiences and be able to satisfy these by a careful selection of plays and a proper training of the actors."

She went on to say that further qualifications were sincerity, a certain childlike simplicity of thought, force of character and an abundance of tact. But these are all qualities that anyone is free to cultivate if she will, and it is well worth the effort, when one remembers that here is an activity where the beneficent happiness of children is part of the delightful fruitage.

While Muriel Brown is at the present time using student-actors for her plays, the ideal toward which any director of a children's theater looks forward is, of course, a repertory company (that is a group of salaried actors who stay on year after year), with a chance to keep settings and costumes indefinitely, so that the director can build up gradually a repertoire of plays, any one of which will be available at a moment's notice.

Following Through

Muriel Brown was born in Indianapolis, where as a young girl she began the study of dramatic art with local teachers. Even at this early age she already had hopes that her future work might be something connected with stagecraft. Then one day she was invited to direct an outdoor festival in which 80 90 children took part. This was so successful that the next winter she was again asked to put on a pageant which, in its turn, was followed during the summer by still a third. All of these she wrote herself. She received no material remuneration for this work, but it gave her an opportunity to acquire experience and it decided her as to her future. She knew now that she wanted to put on plays for children and from then on she clung to this idea. One great trouble with women that hinders their success, Miss Brown thinks, is that they are apt to fiddle around instead of deciding definitely what they wish to do and going after it. In other words, they need to keep their eye on the ball and follow through.

Having made up her mind as to what she wanted, Muriel Brown wished to go East to study playdirecting and playwriting. But it was war time, so instead she stayed at home and took a business course in order to provide herself temporarily with a way to earn an independent living. It will be seen later how fortunate this particular step was in her career. Meanwhile she gave free instruction in dramatic art to groups of young men and women in the art institute in Indianapolis. With these students she put on several plays to which children were invited.



Arthur Ermates

Muriel Brown, Director of the Children's Theater, Chicago. Mrs. Brown Sees a Good Field for Qualified Women in Such Enterprises and Also in the Writing of Children's Dramas, Which Must, However, Conform to the Technique of the Stage.

Approval Without Assistance

After the war was over she went to Carnegie Institute of Technology where she finished the course in dramatic art. Two of her own plays were put on while she was there. She was then ready to become a director of a children's theater. But where was one to be found? With her diploma tucked under her arm and her hopes soaring high she started for New York. Someone there, she thought, would surely be interested in lending a hand to such a worthy venture. Up one street she trudged and down another.

"It's a fine idea," everyone said. But not one was willing to back up the venture.

Muriel Brown did not give up easily. For two years she stayed in New York, earning her living in various ways, never losing sight of her ideal.

In speaking of this experience she said: "Of course it did take lots of courage, but I never lost faith in the idea and I never became so discouraged that I let down. I just kept going and going. I believe that one of the biggest reasons that women fail is because they let discouragement frighten them into quitting just too soon, when if they will only keep on 'keeping on' the clouds will surely break."

The Twining of the Road

And so they did for Muriel Brown. Just about the time she was wondering what step to take next a letter came to her from Thomas Woods Stevens offering her a position as his secretary and office assistant. Mr. Stevens had just been appointed head of the department of drama of the Art Institute in Chicago, for which the Goodman Memorial was then being built. Miss Brown had studied under him at Carnegie and he knew her hopes. He suggested that she might find in Chicago the very opening she was looking for. She accepted the position with alacrity and was grateful for her previous business experience which now proved to be the open door through which she was to enter the land of her heart's desire.

During her first year in Chicago as Mr. Stevens' secretary she tried out in a small way a couple of plays for children using as actors the young men and women in the school. The results were so satisfactory that plans were made for a full season the next year. "Robin Hood" was the first play put on the second year. It was a sell-out. This was followed by the "Blue Bird" with the same pleasant result. From then on, the success of the Children's Theater was assured. It is now in its sixth year.



Bonney

VETERAN IN CAUSE OF WOMEN

Mme. Leon Brunschwicg, Active Worker for Women's Rights in France

The French woman in the governmental classes in France has always been a factor in public affairs, but she has lately successfully sought more open avenues and better formulated legal indorsements of her activities. Mme. Brunschwicg was chosen to head the French representatives of the Eleventh Congress of International Feminists recently held in Berlin.

Women's Organizations

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

THE National Federation of Business and Professional Women's Clubs believes in checking up on its member clubs, their activities and what these activities have meant to the 1250 communities they serve. During the week March 8-14, which will be known as National Business Women's Week, it is expected that every club will summarize what its group has done for community progress since it was organized.

All over the United States on March 11 public relations dinners will be held. Both men's and women's organizations will participate in these affairs, which will be sponsored by groups of business and professional women, and together they will discuss problems related to community growth and development, and how these problems are being met by local groups.

National Business Women's Week was first observed in April, 1928. It was at first intended to have it serve as a means of publicity for calling to the attention of the public the achievements of individual women in the business world and of organized groups of business and professional women. It very soon outgrew this rather limited purpose and developed into a week during which there was a concerted effort to promote community projects along educational and welfare lines.

* * *

In 1929 the program of the public relations dinners focused upon what business women could do to promote community welfare. In 1930 the discussions were upon "what the community needs most." This year it is proposed to ascertain what fruit these previous discussions have borne by having open forums at which the topic will be actual achievement; completed projects which have advanced community welfare.

When the reports of all these discussions have been received and tabulated at the headquarters of the federation there will be data of immeasurable value in determining just what has been the business women's contribution to enlarged and improved community life.

* * *

Another feature of Business Women's Week will be Education Day, the purpose of which will be to "make the community understand how much value the federation places on education, both learning, ourselves, and helping others to learn."

In some places women who have become expert in some line of work since reaching middle age will tell the stories of their careers. Adult education as demonstrated in evening school work and extension courses will be featured.

This federation has the splendid record of $250,000 expended in 10 years in club educational funds and 1500 girls helped to an education.

Miss Emily R. Kneubuhl, executive secretary of the federation, says that the 1930 census reports 10,000,000 women employed in gainful occupations as compared with 8,500,000 in 1920. She further says: "Ten years ago women were in all but 35 of the 572 known occupations. Statistics are not available as to how many of those occupations they have now invaded, but experts believe that women have entered almost every professional field open to men . . . they at least gained a foothold in practically every profession. The next 10 years will demonstrate what progress they can make. I believe women will have reason to be proud of that progress."



The Symposium Comes to Order

V—"Your Service"

WRITTEN FOR THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

"TODAY, because everyone is trying to overcome the unemployment situation, 'Your Service' does not seem so original as when we first started," the speaker at the Symposium luncheon table commenced.

"How did you start?" this from the publicity worker. "I am always interested in what prompts a person to try something new."

"It may sound like ancient history to say it was before the days of wardrobe trunks. A friend of mine, who ordinarily is equal to any emergency, seemed quite helpless when faced with the necessity of packing four trunks in a short space of time. Fortunately a cousin of hers came to the rescue, and she it was who told me that because she was known to have a knack at packing and to have worked out a clever system, she was called on so frequently that she had determined to go into packing as a business.

"That gave me the idea of this particular employment service, and I worked out in widening circles until many women were available for by-the-hour or part-time jobs. From the first I was scrupulously careful to choose wisely, so that when I said I had a capable woman to fill the need, there would be no disappointment."

Specialty Vocations

"I suppose in a large city there are many people who are available for just such work if one knew where to find them?" was a meditative inquiry.

"Yes, and I made it my business to find just the ones who could make the wheels of our work-a-day world run smoothly. We have kept away from the field of domestic help, accommodators, etc? With that exception, 'Your Service' undertakes to supply almost any request for temporary, part-time or by-the-hour calls."

"Do tell us what work your people do."

"One of the most interesting and best paid is special reading or research for specific purposes. It may be that a bank is to publish a brochure; or the president of a company to give an address for which he desires data in his particular field of endeavor; or an author wants facts. Recently one of our women who specialize in research had a call for a complete list of English and American cities and towns of the same name; another had a request from a scenario writer for authentic, colorful material on Detroit in 1800; a third was commissioned to secure statistics for a brief history of prison reform in the United States. This field of delving gives splendid opportunities to women."

"Is all your work connected with books?"

"No indeed; little of it. Just to give you an idea of the variety of work done by our associates," she paused a moment, "I'll tell you about other vocations. We have several women who either go to the homes of our patrons to entertain the children or who take them to their homes. One of these workers has developed a series of programs by means of which she gives children the best kind of times. We have women who drive their own cars, which for the time being become professional sightseeing buses for individuals or small parties. We have two other women, without automobiles, who accompany visitors, usually strangers to the city, not only to the usual but to the unusual points of interest. At the present moment there are on our registry several women who do fine laundering, cleansing and mending. Only yesterday a new patron called up to thank us for having sent one of these women to her. She said, 'I did not know that anyone in these days would give such careful attention to a lace vestee, collar and cuffs. It was a joy to watch her work and a joy to see the result.' Another worker, who prefers to remain at home, is kept fairly busy with card catalogues and pasting. Her first commission came from a man whose hobby is antiques. He had collected over 4000 newspaper and magazine clippings which he wished classified and pasted. She filled several scrapbooks, indexed them, and returned them to the collector. This was followed by orders from owners of private libraries and institutions with scrapbooks to be filled.

Moderate Earnings

"A woman who once had enjoyed painting china now does extra work at the decorators' table in a pottery that makes a specialty of hand-decorated ware.

"We have spent little in advertising—our enterprise spreads its own fame—except for the hotels where I leave our cards. Hotels are invariably cooperative; they are glad to provide their guests with guides, shoppers, social companions, hostesses."

The speaker saw the question coming and forestalled it. "No," she said, "I hardly think an individual could get far by herself when she has only part-time to offer, and that irregularly. This is why it is necessary to have a clearing-house—hence, 'Your Service.' As to the financial returns, we are not in the big-money class. But if you are situated so that you can afford to make less money and derive great satisfaction from an occupation, I am sure you will be gratified at the service rendered by such a business such as 'Your Service.'"

[Other articles about "The Symposium" were published Nov. 25, Dec. 30, Jan. 6 and Jan. 13. A final one will appear in the near future.]

Two Domestic Hints

Sewing-machine needles which have become blunted can be sharpened by stitching a few inches through a piece of sandpaper.

An excellent night light can be made by packing salt round the wick of an ordinary candle, leaving just enough of the wick to light. A candle treated in this manner will give a small steady light all night.

Arkansas Women Govern Town

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

Yellville, Ark.

AFTER six months of feminine rule, the citizens of Yellville, Ark., a little town in the Ozarks, frankly admit that women are as capable of administering efficient and economic government as are men. In fact, the consensus is that the women's council, which was unanimously elected to office last April, is a great improvement over the preceding municipal administration composed only of men.

When it became known last April that Yellville had conferred upon a group of leading local women the task of directing the town's municipal destiny for the next four years, speculation ran riot all over the United States.

Under the skeptical eyes of some of the older citizens, and many of those of the younger, but with the approval of a comfortable majority, these enterprising women went about the business of building a competent and efficient administration. Petty law violators, who formerly had suffered little for their offenses, quickly found themselves forced to pay the full penalty for their misdemeanors. Justice without partiality became the order of the day.

The town was cleaned up, the city parks beautified and cattle and other live stock, which had formerly been allowed to roam at large in the streets, were confined to appropriate ranges, a heavy penalty for infraction of this law being exacted from the owners.

Thus slowly but surely the new council has gained the confidence of the citizens it represents. By its unswerving application to duty it has inaugurated a new respect for the administrative capacity of women. It is interesting to note that during the months it has been in power the Yellville City Council has not failed satisfactorily to deal with an issue that has come before it.

Like most other small towns, Yellville City Council is composed of a mayor, recorder and five aldermen. These, in turn, appoint a treasurer and city marshal, the latter being the only male member of the city government.

"We are not so obsessed with the idea of our ability to administer government that we cannot realize that there are some offices connected with our municipal affairs that can best be performed by men," explained Mrs. Walton, the Mayor, in referring to the appointment of the marshal. "Among these offices we classify the manifold duties that the law imposes on city marshals."

When questioned concerning the reaction of the male populace to the induction of the women into power, Mrs. Walton smiled reminiscently as she replied, "It would be misleading to say that the sentiment of the community was united in our support. Bitter resentment was expressed in many quarters the morning following the election. It was denounced by some as "petticoat government," and by others as a disgrace to the town. At a community banquet given shortly after the election a number of speakers took occasion to refer in their remarks, some facetiously, others derisively, and still others critically, to the women's council.

"However, a strong and influential supporter came to our rescue in the person of Judge J. C. Floyd, former Congressman from Arkansas for 10 years, who openly defended the new administrator, and condemned its critics. This helped a lot, for the judge's word is heeded and respected everywhere. Not only did he speak out for us on this occasion, but demonstrated his confidence in our ability to govern in a substantial way by acting as legal adviser to our council. This, too, has helped a lot."

Since that time the sentiment has undergone a remarkable change. Some of the bitterest opposers of the new council have experienced a change of heart, and are now among its strongest supporters.

In commenting on this point, Mrs. Walton remarked: "I am glad to say that a majority, a goodly majority, including the men, have coöperated with the council in its efforts to enforce the laws and in the promulgation of new ordinances for the better regulation and control of the municipal affairs of our little town. Our sole object in assuming control was to improve the morals, enforce the laws, protect the lives and welfare of our people, beautify the streets, care for the parks, and generally to make Yellville a better and more desirable place in which to live."



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Mrs. X averaged $875 every month last year

● If you need more money than you are now earning—you will be interested in several positions available right now in our organization. In addition to the satisfaction that comes from being of real service, these positions offer women of character large regular incomes. Earnings of $400 to $500 monthly, not unusual. The work is extremely satisfying, permanent.



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Write a letter to enter in this month's "Thank You Letter" Contest

"MANNERS," once said a wise man, "are the happy ways of doing things." They are the cream on the milk of human kindness . . . the only courtesy that even kings can show.

And now that fashion brings a statelier decorum, ten years of calls that we should have made, ten years of letters we ought to have written, rise up to reproach us. For in this mode so newly ours, these formalities have an established place.

The note of acknowledgment, brief but sincere, is one of our most gracious manifestations of the art of manners. It has a charm not measured by its length, not conditioned by its occasion. It may, if you please, vividly and truly reflect a portrait of its writer. And whether you have received a glass of home-made jelly or a silver coffee service, you very much want the giver to realize the warm glow of appreciation that was yours when you opened the gift.

For the best letter sent in to the "Thank You Letter" Contest, Eaton, Crane & Pike Co. offer a first prize of $150, and 22 other cash prizes. You may win a total of $1000. Read the rules below, and watch for the final contest next month, sponsored by John Held, Jr. Details in the April seventh issue of this paper.

CLIFFTOP
NYACK, NEW YORK

Thursday

Jane, dear

You are an angel to divide your bulbs with me. They came late this afternoon, in perfect shape (at least so far as this common or garden variety of horticulturist could detect).

I have already set them out and if taking care of them will bring me luck, I should have lilies nine feet high by Easter.

But anyway, I'm hoping for some of the luck you've always had with flowers. And if the lilies should turn out well they'll be worth your coming to see, don't you think?

Much love,
Mary



You will be quite particular about the paper on which you acknowledge a gift. It must not be too casual . . . nor yet too formal. Eaton's Highland Linen and Eaton's Highland Vellum are suitable in every way. Men and women, alike, prefer them. 50c to $3.50, at good stores. Eaton, Crane & Pike Co., Pittsfield, Mass.

RULES OF THE CONTEST

DURING February, March and April, Eaton, Crane & Pike Co. are offering prizes for a particular kind of letter. For March they will award prizes in the "Thank You Letter" Contest as follows: first prize, $150; second prize, $50; third prize, $25; five fourth prizes, $15 each; five fifth prizes, $10 each; ten sixth prizes, $5 each; 100 seventh prizes, one box of Eaton's Highland Vellum each.

An additional grand prize of $850 will be offered for the best letter written during the entire series, making it possible for some one to win $1000.00! All letters in the "Thank You Letter" Contest must be in the mails by midnight of March 31, 1931. Each letter must be addressed to Contest Editor, Eaton, Crane & Pike Co., Pittsfield, Mass., and marked plainly "Thank You Letter" Contest.

You may write as many letters as you wish. This is the second of three consecutive monthly contests.

Your full name and address must appear on the reverse side of the sheet or at the bottom of the last page of your letter. Letters may be typed or in longhand. There is no limit to the length of the letters.

The winners will be announced in the October sixth issue of this newspaper. In case of a tie for any award, the full amount of the award will be given to each of the tying contestants. The letters will be judged solely on what you say. No letters will be returned.

Final judges: Emily Post, authority on social usage; Alice Duer Miller, author of "Green Ice" and other novels and stories; and John Held, Jr.

EATON'S HIGHLAND VELLUM HIGHLAND LINEN

EDUCATIONAL

Cambridge, That Offers Serenity, Independence

By FRANK KENDON
Special to The Christian Science Monitor
Cambridge, Eng.

RIVERS are the oldest highways, and Oxford is on the same river as London. But Cambridge is on no river highway, for the Cam is a sluggish stream and the green-bordered Granta hardly more than a country brook. Nobody knows definitely which is the older university, nor why Cambridge ever became a scholastic center. It is certain that, in the earliest times, there were migrations from one to the other; these movements were necessities forced upon the scholars by quarrel or war or plague. The first Cambridge college to be used solely for the purpose of housing students was Peterhouse. The college system, which is the characteristic of the two English universities, was slow in growing.

The earliest form of university was simply a company of men with a strong desire for study, who, because books were scarce, found it useful to live together. They lived in hostels, and the master of a hostel was little more than a landlord to them. The students were not necessarily religious. They were very poor, but they never looked upon themselves as members of the social body which composed the town.

Cambridge, on the edge of the Fen country, had many of the qualities of a seaport. It had also a great market and fair. Upon this normal civic life the "clerks" were a kind of parasite. Both in Oxford and Cambridge there were frequent outbreaks of war between town and gown. The students appropriated the parish churches for their meetingplaces and lecture halls; they lived in the midst of the town, and yet were a body self-governed, owing no allegiance to the township.

What It Means to the Town

Centuries have seen the end of this war. Although there still remains, perhaps, a certain pride on each side, Cambridge town nowadays seems definitely to live upon its university. Shops there cater for the student population, and a large number of the citizens earn their living in some way by work for the university. At least, this is how it seems to members of the university.

Cambridge is about two hours' railway journey from London. The train sets you down at the beginning of a maze of flat and dready streets. The nearest college is a mile away. If you have never been to Cambridge before you will be tempted to form a low opinion of it as you walk along the interminable Hills Road. But the wise visitor waits.

In Oxford the town and colleges seem, to a strange visitor, confusedly mixed together. The town is busy about its own affairs, thronged with country buses, and with people who have come to lunch and to buy and sell and go to the talkies. The town never seems to stand back in awe of the reverend dons in their reverend colleges. But in Cambridge proper you seem to be in a world where mere merchanting knows its place. It is only necessary to go down through Senate House Passage to know this. A bookish silence (at least a comparative silence) floods the air. Trinity Lane seems to be dreaming in a dead language.

The studiously slow river slides along under its limes and elms and willows just through on the other side of Clare and Trinity. You may start in a punt from the ancient brick cliffs of Magdalene, and lazily paddle to the "Bridge of Sighs" and the lovely "kitchen bridge" of St. Johns, thence under Trinity's graceful bridge, by the pillars and cloisters of Trinity Library, under Clare Bridge to the curious wooden "Newton's Bridge" of Queens. And the grass of the lawns and the trees of the "Backs" come right down to the water's edge as you go by.

The "Backs" Are Cambridge

These remote and beautiful grassy gardens known as the "Backs," are Cambridge herself, more than the official though sacred stones of the Senate House, more than the gowned-thronged arts school with its many lecturers, more than the galleries of the library, more even than the courts and halls of the individual colleges. Ask any Cambridge man, of however advanced an age, to speak of his undergraduate days, and though he may stammer over many happy memories, you will find that in some mysterious way the best of them are connected with the "Backs." Both Oxford and Cambridge can give a student books, wise men, good company, and the example of tradition. But the "Backs" of Cambridge can give a wide, easy-flowing unlimited serenity, where under memorial trees and on velvet grass by the banks of a contented river a young man may collect his thoughts and think of learning as a true scholar would.

A visitor once, having been shown many of the colleges, said to his guide at the end of the day, "And now, show me the University of Cambridge." But whether the guide showed him the arts schools, where most of the lecturing is done, or the solemn and classical building known as the Senate House, or the University Library, or Great St. Mary's, where the university sermon is preached every Sunday in term, nobody knows. The university is Cambridge and its colleges.

The social and sporting sides of university life are organized by each college for itself. Studies—that is lectures and examinations—are conducted by the university as a whole, supplemented by college lectures and tutors. But this is not very different in kind from the routine of other universities. The secret of that life and training which is peculiar to the two English universities seems to lie in the personal independence of undergraduates. The college system of providing for each man a set of rooms —a sanctum—where he may order his life according to his own liking, encourages independence. A man's loyalty to his own college is fostered by attendance at Hall, by the system of tutors, and of course by the various sports clubs.

A routine day in Cambridge ends at 1 o'clock. Nobody works in the afternoon except as the mood takes him. The great hour for talk and that luxurious "Englishman-in-his-castle" feeling is tea-time, which may take anything from two to four hours. It is undoubtedly for such times as these that a man thanks his stars he has come up to Cambridge. Here he has books on his shelves, his feet on his own hearth, his choice friends about him, and a serenity so established that it may deceive him into thinking he has entered upon life itself. Lectures, and reading are all very well for the accumulation of knowledge, but wisdom comes when a man begins to use his own wits; and the independence which Cambridge gives starts him off in such custom early.

Besides this, there is the tradition of great men all about him. Antiquity itself has its virtue. In the same court, looked at out of the same window, Newton walked, or Wordsworth or Milton or Tennyson.

Cambridge is full of fame, full of history and antiquity. Not a few of its score of colleges have stones that saw the struggling studies of the Middle Ages. Their precincts are the tribute of kings and queens and pious men and women to the everlasting virtue of learning. Every other stone there has a story to tell: Jesus College of the nuns of the college of St. Radegund, St. John's of the friars and their hospital, King's of the scarcely fulfilled ambitions of sovereigns, Peterhouse of the anxiety of a bishop for his soul's welfare, and so on.

Of all these things a guidebook can tell us. But what no guidebook can tell and no flying visit can catch is the spirit of Cambridge. This is as elusive as that university which the visitor asked to be shown. It is the fruit of a long past and the living spirit of a long future.

HERE A VISITOR WHO HAD BEEN SHOWN THE COLLEGES SAID, "AND NOW, SHOW ME THE UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE"



(C. Frith & Co., Ltd., Reigate from Orient and Occident Photos)

Upper Left—Sidney Sussex College, University of Cambridge, England. Oliver Cromwell Graduated From Here. Upper Right—King's and Clare Colleges Beside the River Cam. Lower Left—St. John's College Bridge Across the Cam. Lower Right—Dining Hall at Trinity College, With Paneling and Portraits by Such Artists as Holbein and Reynolds. Inset—King Edward's Gate, Trinity College.

The New Salesmanship

Editor's Note: This is the first of a series of articles to appear on this page every Tuesday for 26 consecutive weeks. "The New Salesmanship," as conceived in this series of articles, is that form of selling which recognizes that Service *and* Ideas *are the things to be sold rather than goods or merchandise, and that, therefore, everyone is a salesman, regardless of occupation.*

I—An Art for All to Use

By GEORGE H. READ
Sales and Advertising Counselor, Chicago.

EVERY man, woman and child has daily need for the art of salesmanship. Even the tiny babe in his crib must find ways to convince his mother of the various services that are needed. From the cooing ways of the infant to the masterly methods of the "star" salesmen of the world's biggest companies, there are, of course, many intermediate stages of development.

The development of sales ability, as the development of character, must come mostly from within one's consciousness. Indeed, the development of sales ability and the development of character might well be considered synonymous, according to the opinions of many successful sales managers.

No subject so comprehensive as salesmanship can be treated completely in a series of 26 short articles, no more than any one salesman can be found who has had experience in every kind of selling. However, in order to make this series of articles as broadly practical and helpful as possible, the writer has communicated with more than 100 sales managers of some of the largest and best-known companies in the United States and Canada. Some of the men whose comments will be quoted from time to time throughout these articles are supervising the services of hundreds of salesmen.

As indicated by the title above, this series of articles is for the home maker and "the butcher, the baker, the candlestick maker," as well as for those who are classified in the city directories as salesmen.

Who, for instance, has a more important selling job than that of the home maker? She is constantly confronted not only with the duty of selling her family the right idea of home, but it is also her privilege and obligation to keep the younger members of the family sold on the advantages of attending school regularly, studying their lessons diligently, choosing playmates and companions carefully, and doing the various other things which will make them happy, useful, successful citizens.

The architect, the lawyer, and the engineer who can supplement their necessary technical knowledge with the ability to sell their ideas and recommendations to their clients are always more successful than those who have not cultivated that faculty. The carpenter, the cobbler, or the craftsman of any kind who will improve his salesmanship along with his craftsmanship may rightfully expect some day to be an employer rather than an employee. The presidents of many huge corporations owe their positions primarily to their ability as salesmen, although some of them have never been actually engaged in selling goods or merchandise.

Every stenographer, bookkeeper, and office boy is confronted with the need for developing selling ability if it should be for no other purpose than to keep his employer sold on retaining his services and giving him opportunities for advancement.

NEXT TUESDAY—"Service—The Keynote of Successful Selling"

What Junior College Is, What Its Place, Studied by Laymen

CALIFORNIAN SCHOOL SURVEY SERIES—No. 13

By COURTLAND HOLDOM
Staff Correspondent
Special from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau
San Francisco

WHAT is a junior college? What is its place in the educational system, and in what direction should its growth and development be encouraged?

These and similar questions were given serious consideration by the California Commission for the Study of Educational Problems when that group of laymen appraised the public schools of this State. The question, "Are junior colleges necessary?" they waved aside as purely academic, since there are at present in California some 16 distinct institutions of this type, and 18 high school type junior colleges, with enrollments of 10,342 in the former and 3335 in the latter.

The forthcoming report of the commission will tell the history of junior colleges in California as well as explain their functions. They had their beginning in 1906, when the Legislature authorized high schools to teach courses of college freshman and sophomore standing. By 1921 there were two independent junior colleges, and 21 attached to high schools, and in that year the Legislature provided for their proper finacing by voting appropriations of $2000 to each junior college annually, and $100 annually for each pupil enrolled. Thus the State assumed a considerable proportion of their expense, since the average cost per pupil in the distinct junior colleges was for the year 1927-28 a little in excess of $280.

Something Like Schools in Europe

The report will quote Dr. William Wallace Campbell, former president of the University of California, as follows:

"The junior college movement is nearly, but not quite, in accord with the European experience of centuries as to their secondary schools. The gymnasium in Germany, the lycee in France, the 'public school' in England, and other similar schools in Italy, Holland and Scandinavia, carrying their students well into the domain of our sophomore year, just as our junior colleges plan to do.

"The junior college is comparatively a new institution, but it has already justified its existence in California. Last year 21,000 students graduated from the California high schools. The numbers will increase much faster than will the ability of universities and colleges to take care of them. New junior colleges are developing each year, for some institution must be found that can take care of the ever-increasing output of the high schools."

Describing further the purpose of the junior college, the report will say:

"So far, the junior college has been employed, as an institution to fit one group of its students to enter the junior class of standard four-year universities; to fit a second group of its students for no particular occupation, but merely to enable them to gain at moderate expense one or two years more of general education than they would otherwise be able to afford; to fit a third group of its students, immediately upon the completion of their course, to secure employment in some semi-professional capacity, e. g., as dental and medical assistants, and to fit a fourth group of its students to earn a livelihood at some skilled or semi-skilled trade or occupation, e. g., as machinists, electricians, horticulturalists, automobile mechanics, poultry raisers.

Its Objectives

"A recent summary as to the objectives of the junior college movement in California is as follows:

"'A fully organized junior college aims to meet the needs of a community in which it is located including preparation for institutions of higher learning, liberal arts education for those who are not going beyond graduation from the junior college, vocational training for particular occupations, usually designated as semiprofessional vocations, and short courses for adults with special interests.'

"As has been said, time alone will determine the relative importance of these four functions of the junior college. Presumably all of them will in varying degrees remain as part of junior college work. Presumably, too, the proportionate amount of effort devoted to the objectives enumerated will always vary with the individual colleges, situated as they are amid divergent social, economic, and educational surroundings.

"The scope of the semiprofessional or vocational courses offered by a single California (city) junior college is indicated by the following list: Art, aviation, banking, business, civic health, civil engineering, community recreation, drama, electricity, mechanics, music, newspaper, nursing, placement, school service, secretarial, social arts.

"It may seem unimportant where the student receives his junior college instruction, always granting that it be adequate to his educational needs. Certain provisions of law, however, so operate that the state funds available for the support of junior college education vary greatly as between these several types of organization, so that the junior college maintained under one plan may draw its entire support from the state, thus relieving the local district and taxpayers of the whole burden of costs, while in another type of organization the district may receive no assistance from the state beyond that allowed for a high school student.

"The following instances illustrate the possible variations in state support per junior college student, and also variations in the costs that must be met by the local district in the several types of junior colleges mentioned above:

"'In the case of 'junior college courses in high school,' the high school district, since there is no junior college district, receives from the state only the high school per capita allotment, about $30. To this must be added $60 from the county, making the total per capita approximately $90. All additional costs must be met by the high school district.

"'When a junior college is merged with a teachers college, there are two possibilities—the junior college may be regarded as an integral part of the teachers college, and as such may receive its entire support from the state; or it may be regarded as distinct and separate, in which latter case it is entitled to receive from the state only $100 per capita. (This is obviously inequitable to other types of junior colleges).'

The discussion of junior colleges will be continued in the next article of this series, which will also give the conclusions and recommendations of the commission on this subject.

Is Agriculture What I Want? Boy Asks Dean

Dear Dean:

I am a senior in the —— district high school. My teacher in vocational agriculture wants me to attend the college of agriculture of my state university.

My father has done well but he and mother have worked hard all their lives. I don't think I want to be a farmer.

What could I do besides farming if I graduate from a course in agriculture? How long is the course? Will you tell me also what I would study.

Very truly yours,
—— Bill.

Dear Bill:

The course in a college of agriculture is designed to fit the student for professional and business careers as well as for more scientific farming and better farm life.

Graduates in agriculture may become teachers in high schools, act as county agricultural agents or specialists, do research work in state agricultural experiment stations, or enter the employ of the United States Department of Agriculture.

Some become editors of farm magazines. Others obtain positions with great corporations that manufacture farm machinery, feeds, seeds, fertilizers and other things that can be made and marketed only by those who know the needs of the farmer and can deal with him understandingly.

Your experience on the farm, together with the experience your father has had, would prove of value to you as a student of courses in animal nutrition, poultry husbandry, dairying, fruit growing, and soils.

The course in agriculture includes studies like economics, botany, chemistry, zoology, and English composition. These subjects are of educational value whether you become a farmer or not. They are studied also by students who enter our college of arts and sciences. The first year's work in a college of agriculture does not differ much from that followed by students of liberal arts who are interested in science. Both include chemistry, zoology and English.

If you desire a college education and are willing to pay the price in time and money to gain it, why not try yourself out for at least one year in the college of agriculture? After all, it is more important for you to make a beginning by going to college than for you to know just where that beginning will lead. Only time and experience will tell that.

If there is some other career for which you have a deeper interest than you have for agriculture, I shall be glad to have you write to me. Perhaps I can tell you about its advantages, disadvantages, rewards and opportunities.

I believe that attendance at any college or university will open up for you new vistas of opportunity, widen your menial horizon, and enable you to live a life of greater joy and larger service, no matter what you study.

Very sincerely,
HARRY E. STONE,
Dean of Men, the W. Virginia Univ.

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THE HOME FORUM

Stevenson and Genung, a Differentiation

SOMETIMES I wonder if courage is indeed the high virtue that it has commonly been deemed. Does not courage, after all, presuppose fear, and would it not be more profitable to eliminate the thing that makes it necessary to call courage into being? Would not courage be rendered unnecessary and obsolete in a happy and fearless world?

Bravery in battle may be a fine thing to contemplate, but it depends on the existence of war. There should be no war, and hence no need for martial bravery. The man who most often calls upon his courage, who flaunts it a bit before the eyes of his fellow men, is in all probability fighting bogeys. The manifestation of courage indicates that some sort of struggle is going on. Courage is a mental earthworks thrown up in defense. I am referring now particularly to that sort of valor which a man calls into being in order that he may not succumb to his own dreads and worries. It would be better to discount the dreads and worries.

I do not pretend to have reached any conclusion in this matter. I am merely wondering about it, and I have been wondering about Robert Louis Stevenson.

I have long been an admirer of Stevenson. In his essays he said many fine things, quotable things. He developed wisdom of a sort, as well as style; but of late, as I have studied Stevenson's essays, a question mark has been forming itself.

Stevenson has been credited with a creed of courage. I would not question his courage. It is obvious. And hitherto I have accepted without serious question the estimate of my old friend, John Franklin Genung. In his excellent little book, "Stevenson's Attitude to Life," he said many fine and illuminating things about the author whom he so much admired. Now, in re-reading this little book I find myself admiring Genung even more than I admired Stevenson. Genung's attitude to human life, it begins to appear, was saner, less self-conscious, more joyous than Stevenson's. Genung read into Stevenson something of his own fine spirit.

"If he had the framing of an ideal for us," says Genung at the outset, "his first counsel, I imagine, would be, 'Do not be a spectator and critic of the business of living, but throw yourself into the heart of it, and be all there, and say no more about it.'"

For perhaps the first time I find myself in the undesired position of disagreeing with my old teacher. This was, I think, Genung's own ideal, not Stevenson's. Stevenson, it seems to me, did assume an attitude, and he said a great deal about it. Not that he posed; he had too much sense for that, too keen a feeling for proportion and relationship. But he took up a definite position, a posture of courage. He deliberately set the will to be valiant in opposition to those things in his experience which were unwelcome. To be sure, this was vastly better than cringing and whining against fate, but the conquest of fear would have been better yet.

Stevenson's essay "Aes Triplex" is perhaps the most definite expression of his creed of courage. There are fine things in it. But running through it is a strong current of self-consciousness without which there would have been small need for courage. He comes nearer to the truth in "El Dorado," which is a celebration of aspiration rather than courage. "To travel hopefully," he says, "is a better thing than to arrive, and the true success is to labor." This, after all, is not the sort of courage that is required to offset fear. It is rather a stanchness of purpose and of hope.

I would be quite unfair to Stevenson, indeed, if I were to ignore instances of a more joyous attitude,—instances which Genung cites, though he makes them all of a piece with Stevenson's creed of courage. In "El Dorado," which is, by the way, one of the best things Stevenson ever wrote, he said: "We live in an ascending scale when we live happily, one thing leading to another in an endless series. There is always a new horizon for onward-looking men."

Let me tell you just a little about this man Genung. For several decades he was Professor of rhetoric and Biblical literature in Amherst College. He was a man who loved the various arts of expression with a genuine wholeheartedness that is rare. To hear him read Ruskin or Stevenson, Tennyson or Browning, or to repeat some favorite quotation, or tell some droll anecdote, was like watching a supergourmet roll a savory morsel on his tongue. He loved music and architecture and poetry, and a page of his manuscript was like the illuminated scroll of some ancient scribe. He wrote splendid prose, had a good singing voice, gave public readings, wrote a hand like copperplate, and played one or two instruments, and all these things he did with zest, not to display his accomplishments but for the sheer love of expression.

I think I have never known a man with a more boyish heart. Even in his latter years, after he had been laid on the shelf, none too gently, with other emeriti, he maintained his jovial interest in events. The last time I saw him he was opening a package of proofs of his latest book—something scholarly on the Minor Prophets, I believe. He chuckled delightedly as he called my attention to certain typographical arrangements which he had devised. Think of getting such genuine pleasure from the typography of a volume on the Minor Prophets! But that is the sort of man he was.

Surely I have no quarrel with Genung's admiration for Stevenson. It was well founded and sincere, but it drew more from the healthy heart of Genung than from the books of Stevenson. Stevenson, said Genung, was a pioneer in a new, fresher, more hopeful era. "It was not in protest but in the spontaneous joy of living, not in rebellion against past or present but in the whole-hearted desire to add to the wealth of existence, that he gave to the world his exquisite essays and adventure stories. . . . In youth, and in the spirit of youthfulness, we dare to let our blood bound and our untormented conscience carry off the experiences that come. We trust ourselves to the impulses of a period that has not yet become morbid and introspective. Full of energy this morning spirit is, but it is the energy of a large and joyous scale of living; a noble manhood-energy which is its own excuse for being. Such was the vital truth that Stevenson was concerned to set forth, and no lesson ever came in better time."

Very well, and true enough of Robert Louis Stevenson. But this inspiriting doctrine was expressed still more cogently, in words, and especially in deeds, by John Franklin Genung.

W. A. D.

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The Renowned Leaf Butterfly

Some of the most remarkable instances of protective resemblances amongst insects are exhibited by butterflies, one, perhaps, being the most perfect existing under nature; however, I only say perhaps. This is the world-renowned leaf butterfly of Sumatra and elsewhere in the Malay Archipelago.

Of the great purple emperor family, it is purple on the upper surface, and gleams like a meteor as it shoots in the rich, sun-bathed atmosphere of the tropics, its conspicuousness being enhanced by a sort of miniature, sharp-pointed swallow-tail, in which the hinder pair of wings end, and a broad, orange bar, like a sash or scarf of honour, running right across the anterior wings. It flies boldly and strongly, and when it descends upon a bush or shrub it is as though a little purple torch had shot through the foliage; but all at once, even though you see it come down just in front of you, it has vanished utterly—the torch has gone out.

You may look and look, but unless you know the trick, and have seen the settling, and never taken your eyes off the exact spot, you will never find the butterfly, or see anything more of it until, all at once, it gleams in the air again. For the under part of the leaf butterfly's lovely purple wings is like the leaf indeed—"the sere, the yellow leaf"—with a midrib running down the center veinings on either side, a curled tip at the top, a stalk at the bottom, and everything proper to leaves, but not as a rule to butterflies. All four wings join in this effect, for being thrown up in the usual way when the insect settles the leaf-like shape is thus brought about, one-half of the under surface being seen on each side in clear profile, whilst the purple now lies hid within, like the pictures on a folded screen. As for the body of the butterfly, that is hidden inside the wings, too; the legs are all but invisible, and the two little pointed swallow-tails, just touching the plant's stem with their mutual tip, make the stalk of the leaf. Even on the wall of a room or a curtain it would seem as though a dead leaf were sticking there; how much more when, as is always the case, the butterfly flies into some bush or thicket crowded with dry, brown leaves, and settles all amongst them. It is not that you do not see it there that makes you miss it, but that you see it and scores of brown leaves all about it, every one of which looks just the same as itself.—EDMUND SELOUS, in "The Romance of Insect Life."

Glory of the Grain

Now days go by carrying light and rain, till suddenly the fields are all one mist of green reaching to the horizon, and the heart is glad as with a burst of music. Swift now is the upward spring of the grain; and in the early April there is another music for the heart when the light breeze shade across the fields of heading wheat or when the strong winds break them into a tumult of beautiful billows.

And now the hills begin to grow tawny, the ground to grow pale and parched, and the fields of wheat to grow crisp and yellow. The wheatheads that had stood erect in their green youth now begin to sag and grow golden in the sun. There is now no more of that earlier dance and rapture in the wind. The broad acres of wheat are in a great hush, stilled as by some enchantment, except at long intervals, when a faint breath passes: then a low apprehensive whisper runs far and wide over the startled fields. And so they continue to the hour when the bright blade of the harvester flashes among their golden ranks.

The harvesting of the wheat on one of these great ranchos is vastly different from the primitive process in old Spanish California, when the Indians hacked down the grain that had been plowed in with crooked sticks, and threw the bundles on to a hard earthen floor, where oxen trampled the wheat out and Indian women winnowed the chaff away by tossing the sweepings in air. There are happier fortunes in our later California, for in summer the ripened wheat can stand in safety under the rainless skies, waiting the arrival of the combined header and threaher, a monster machine drawn by a traction engine or else by a patient battalion of mules.

When the whistle calls the hour for action, the harvesters take their places—the fireman feeds the fire, the sack-sewers spring to their places at the grain chutes, the separator-man grips his lever. The smoke of the engine sends up its splendid swaying plume; the rejoicing steam pants and hisses; the complex machine quivers, stirs, starts. Now the bank of header-knives fly and flash, cutting a swath of thirty-six feet; now the beltings strain and slip and circle in their many orbits. The separator, the agitator, the cylinders, the fan-wheels, the elevators and chaff-carriers—all begin their mysterious babel, creaking, crashing, buzzing, clanging, snarling, snorting, grating, groaning. The ground shakes as though trampled by the feet of the mastodons.

Thus the monster machine crashes its way through the yellow gold of the fields. The flying knives of the header clip off the heads of the wheat, which, falling on a moving belt of sail cloth, are lifted and hurled into the insatiate maw of the harvester. Here they are shelled by the rushing teeth of the machine, and the chaff is blown away, leaving a clean stream of wheat to rush down the chute into the gaping mouth of the sack. In thirty seconds the sack is round and full and ready for the swift needle of the sewer. Thus the glory of the grain is gathered in to feed the hunger of the world.—From "California, the Wonderful," by EDWIN MARKHAM.



Reproduced by Permission of the Redfern Gallery, London

Stampede. From an Etching by Orovida

O-hee-ye-sa at School

"O-hee-ye-sa!" called my father, and I obeyed the call. "It is time for you to go to school, my son," he said, with his usual air of decision. We had spoken of the matter more than once, yet it seemed hard when it came to the actual undertaking.

I remember quite well how I felt as I stood there with eyes fixed upon the ground.

"And what am I to do at the school?" I asked finally, with much embarrassment.

"You will be taught the language of the white man, and also how to count your money and tell the prices of your horses and of your furs. The white teacher will first teach you the signs by which you can make out the words on their books. They call them A, B, C, and so forth. Old as I am, I have learned some of them."

The matter having been thus far explained, I was soon on my way to the little mission school, two miles distant over the prairie. . . . As I galloped along the road I turned over and over what my father had said, and the more I thought of it the less I was satisfied. Finally I said aloud:

"Why do we need a sign language, when we can both hear and talk?" And unconsciously I pulled on the lariat and the pony came to a stop. I suppose I was half curious and half in dread about this "learning white men's ways." Meanwhile the pony had begun to graze.

While thus absorbed in thought, I was suddenly startled by the yells of two other Indian boys and the noise of their ponies' hoofs. I pulled up the pony's head just as the two strangers also pulled up and stopped their panting ponies at my side. They stared at me for a minute, while I looked at them out of the corners of my eyes.

"Where are you going? Are you going to our school?" volunteered one of the boys at last.

To this I replied timidly: "My father told me to go to a place where the white men's ways are taught, and to learn the sign language."

"That's good—we are going there too! Come on, Red Feather, let's try another race! I think, if we had not stopped, my pony would have outrun yours. Will you race with us?" he continued, addressing me; and we all started our ponies at full speed. . . .

By this time we had reached the second crossing of the river, on whose bank stood the little mission school. Thirty or forty Indian children stood about, curiously watching the newcomer as we came up the steep bank. I realised for the first time that I was an object of curiosity, and it was not a pleasant feeling. On the other hand, I was considerably interested in the strange appearance of these school children.

They all had on some apology for white man's clothing, but their pantaloons belonged neither to the order short nor to the long. Their coats, some of them, met only half-way by the help of long strings. Others were lapped over in front, and held on by a string of some sort fastened round the body. Some of their hats were brimless and others without crowns, while most were fantastically painted. The hair of all the boys was cut short, and, in spite of the evidences of great effort to keep it down, it stood erect like porcupine quills. . . .

The boys played ball and various other games, but I tied my pony to a tree and then walked up to the schoolhouse and stood there as still as if I had been glued to the wall. Presently the teacher came out and rang a bell, and all the children went in, but I waited for some time before entering, and then slid inside and took the seat nearest the door.—CHARLES A. EASTMAN (Ohiyesa), in "From the Deep Woods to Civilization."

OROVIDA is always individual in her work, whether it is her gorgeous and elaborate panels and paintings or her work with the needle. Consequently she immediately attracts interest and meets with appreciation.

Orovida's flights of fancy take her to strange lands not to be found on any ordinary map; they are peopled with odd-featured men and women and are the home of horses of a strange strain on which, however, their owners seem to be thoroughly at home no matter how hazardous their position.

In our picture the horses supply a rare decorative effect. Admirably spaced, they convincingly illustrate the title—"Stampede." Eyes wide, manes flowing, they gallop along heedless of aught but one thing—speed. These three animals do not belong to the workaday world, their proper home is on some land of fairy-tale. They will be sure to gallop their way into many a fastidious collector's portfolio.

March Magic

Once more the fickle birds return
Across the sloping seas,
And strew the tender fields again
With their old melodies.

The sky is magic as the month,
Low sun, high stars between,
The icy winds have washed it clear;
But it, too, dreams of green.

The boats are breathing on the sea;
They cannot wait for men;
Some undertide has brought them word
Straight from a blue-starred fen.

Unpiloted they steal away,
No man shall see them soon,
The sea birds follow for a mile,
Then leave them to the moon.

We, too, shall steal upon the spring
With amber sails blown wide;
Shall drop, some day, behind the moon,
Borne on a star-blue tide.

Enchanted ports we, too, shall touch,
Cadiz or Cameroon;
Nor other pilot need besides
A magic wisp of moon.

—WILLIAM ALEXANDER PERCY, in "Sappho in Levkas."

Carried by the Wind

Is there a grain of dust so small
The wind shall not find it out?
Ground in the mill-wheel of the centuries,
the iron of the distant mountain floats like gossamer, and is drunk up as dew by leaf and living twig. A thousand miles of cloud go by from morn till night, passing overhead without a sound; the immense packs, a mile square, succeed to each other, side by side, laid parallel, book-shape, coming up from the horizon and widening as they approach. From morn till night the silent footfalls of the ponderous vapors travel overhead, no sound, no creaking of the wheels and rattling of the chains; it is calm at the earth; but the wind labours without an effort above, with such ease, with such power. Gray smoke hangs on the hillside where the coach-heaps are piled, a cumulus of smoke; the wind comes, and it draws its length along like the genii from the earthen pot; there leaps up a great red flame, shaking its head; it shines in the bright sunlight; you can see it across the valley.—RICHARD JEFFERIES, in "Field and Hedgerow."

Edelmütiges Dienen im Geschäft

Uebersetzung des auf dieser Seite in englischer Sprache erscheinenden christlich-wissenschaftlichen Aufsatzes

WER die heutige Gesittung scharf beobachtet, kann wahrnehmen, daß das menschliche Bewußtsein weit eher dem Ideal zuneigt, guten Dienst zu leisten, als darauf bedacht ist, rein materiellen Reichtum oder Geld zu erwerben. Wenn auch viele Menschen einen ungebührlichen Nachdruck auf das Erlangen materieller Vorteile legen, so tritt doch heute mehr denn je klar zutage, daß Männer und Frauen das Verlangen haben, gute Dienste zu leisten und ihr Bestes für das allgemeine Wohl zu geben. Dieses aufrichtige Verlangen kommt im Gesellschafts- und Geschäftsleben (besonders im Großtransport-, Fabrik-, Bank- und Handelswesen, aber auch in den kleineren Geschäftshäusern) durch beträchtlich vervollkommnete Mittel und Wege des Dienens zum Ausdruck, die viel zum allgemeinen Wohl und Gedeihen beitragen.

Sorgfältige Denker in der Industriewelt entdecken bald, daß sie durch dieses edelmütige Dienen die Billigung und die Kundschaft derer gewinnen, denen sie dienen wollen; und durch wachsenden Erfolg werden sie zu größerer Anstrengung in besserer Bedienung angespornt. Daher schenken heute nicht wenig Geschäftsleute der Vervollkommnung ihrer Bedienung eine weit größere Beachtung als den Ergebnissen im Geldverdienen; und in der Regel zeigt es sich, daß weises und edelmütiges Denken entsprechend reichlich Ergebnisse zur Folge hat. Dem Geschäftsmann von heute können die Lehren des Christentums von großer Hilfe sein, da sie das Wort Jesajas: „Aber der Edle sinnt Edles; und zu Edlem wird er stehen" (engl. Bibel) beleuchten und anwendbar machen.

Die Lehren der Christlichen Wissenschaft sind für den Geschäftsmann in der Tat wertvoll; denn durch sie lernt er Gott als die Quelle aller Weisheit und Kraft verstehen und sich Gottes unfehlbares Gesetz im Erledigen seiner Geschäfte und im beständigen Verbessern seiner Dienstleistung zunutze machen. Diese Wissenschaft des Christentums lehrt ihre Anhänger ihr Geschäft so führen, daß sie in erster Linie Gott, dem Guten, und dadurch den Menschen im Geiste der goldenen Regel dienen. In diesem Zusammenhang mißt die Christliche Wissenschaft den Lehren Jesu uneingeschränkte Wichtigkeit bei, und er erklärte: „Ich aber bin unter euch wie ein Diener". Der Meister veranschaulichte in seinem Lebenswerk die höchste Dienstauffassung, die je ausgedrückt werden kann; und da die Christliche Wissenschaft auf den Lehren des Meisters beruht, ermutigt sie ausdrücklich demütiges Vertrauen auf Gott, die unendliche Intelligenz, und weises Bekunden der Intelligenz durch aufrichtigen, ehrlichen und freundlichen guten Dienst für unsere Mitmenschen. Über diesen Dienst schreibt Mary Baker Eddy in ihrer Botschaft an Die Mutter-Kirche für das Jahr 1901 (S. 1): „Sei versichert, daß Gottes ausgestreckter Arm dir nie fehlen wird, solange du in seinem Dienste bist".

Durch eine solche Versicherung ermutigt, vertraut der Schüler der Christlichen Wissenschaft seine Wege Gott an, verläßt sich auf Seine Weisheit—sucht sie aufrichtig und lebt in Übereinstimmung damit. Dann widmet er sein Denken und Mühen edelmütig der Arbeit, zu der er taugt, und ist bei seinem Dienen froh, wachsam, fügsam, ehrlich, pünktlich und aufrichtig. Behutsam darauf bedacht, daß ein Kunde oder Gönner am Vorteil jeder Geschäftsabmachung reichlich Anteil habe, ist er bestrebt, sein Handeln für beide Teile gerecht und angenehm zu gestalten. Und wer beim Abschließen von Verkäufen oder Verträgen die Regeln der Christlichen Wissenschaft anwendet, macht sich Freunde. Geschäftsvorteile sind somit gegenseitig.

Schüler der Christlichen Wissenschaft erkennen, wie wertvoll die Lehren Jesu in ihrer Anwendung auf das Geschäftsleben sind. Sie finden in des Meisters wunderbarer Erklärung über das Geben viel Weisheit und Gerechtigkeit und beweisen bei ihren Geschäften fortwährend, daß diese Erklärung über weises Geben und gerechte Gegenleistung wahr ist. Jesus sagte: „Gebt, so wird euch gegeben. Ein voll, gedrückt, gerüttelt und überflüssig Maß wird man in euren Schoß geben; denn eben mit dem Maß, mit dem ihr messet, wird man euch wieder messen". Nichts deutet darauf hin, daß sich dieser Ausspruch besonders auf das Geldgeben beziehe. Wenn wir einigermaßen erkennen, wie weitgehend anwendbar des Meisters Aussprüche sind, können wir mit Recht schließen, daß in dieser Erklärung über das Geben das Geben von Liebe, Wohlwollen, Geld, Arbeit, Dienst inbegriffen ist. Das Geben oder der Dienst des wahren Christen ist von Gerechtigkeit durchdrungen, und Gerechtigkeit begrenzt niemand; ihre Anwendung auf jede ehrliche Dienstleistung befreit uns vielmehr und macht uns reich an Gedanken, an Taten und an Besitz.

Als ein Schriftleiter Mrs. Eddy um eine Antwort auf die Frage bat: „Was liegt Ihnen heute am meisten am Herzen?", antwortete sie u. a.: „Am meisten am Herzen liegt mir ein ehrlicher Mann oder eine ehrliche Frau—jemand, der standhaft und fleißig nach Vollkommenheit strebt, jemand, der den Teig des Lebens mit Gerechtigkeit, Barmherzigkeit, Wahrheit und Liebe durchsäuert" (The First Church of Christ, Scientist, and Miscellany, S. 271, 272). Wendet der Christliche Wissenschafter diese Eigenschaften des Denkens edelmütig auf den Dienst für seine Mitbürger an, so verrichtet er seine Arbeit mit erquickendem Frohsinn und beweist Schritt für Schritt die Wahrheit der Weisheit Salomos hinsichtlich des Gebens: „Die Seele, die da reichlich segnet, wird gelabt; und wer reichlich tränkt, der wird auch getränkt werden".

Auskunft über christlich-wissenschaftliche Schriften in deutscher Sprache gibt auf Anfrage die christlich-wissenschaftliche Verlagsgesellschaft (The Christian Science Publishing Society).

Pendulums

The trees sway to and fro
Like an inverted row
Of pendulums.
"Tick, tock. Tick, tock."
One can almost hear the clock!

FRANCE ETHEL

Liberal Serving in Business

WRITTEN FOR THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

A KEEN observer of modern civilization can see that the trend in human consciousness is to a marked extent toward the ideal of good service, rather than toward the gain of merely material wealth or monetary compensation. While many place an undue stress on obtaining material advantages, more than ever men and women are giving clear evidence of their desire to serve well and to give the best that is in them for the common weal. This sincere desire is being expressed in social life and in business circles (notably in the large transportation, manufacturing, financial, and commercial concerns, as well as in the smaller business houses), through highly perfected ways and means of service which contribute much to the general comfort and welfare.

Careful thinkers in the world of industry soon discover that these liberal ways and means of service win the approval and patronage of those whom they would serve; and increasing success encourages greater effort in the direction of better service. So, not a few business men in this day give far more thought to the perfecting of their ways and means of service than to the results in money profits; and, usually, results are found to be liberal in proportion as the thinking is wise and generous. A business man can be much helped in these times by the teachings of Christianity, which illumine and make practical the word of Isaiah, "The liberal deviseth liberal things; and by liberal things shall he stand."

The teachings of Christian Science are valuable indeed to the business man, for they instruct him how to understand God as the source of all wisdom and power, and how to utilize God's unfailing law in the carrying on of his affairs, and in constantly improving his ways and means of service. This Science of Christianity teaches its followers how to conduct business affairs in first serving God, good, and how thereby to serve humanity in the spirit of the Golden Rule. In this connection, Christian Science places unlimited importance on the teachings of Jesus, who said, "I am among you as he that serveth." The Master illustrated in his life-work the highest sense of service which could possibly be expressed; and so Christian Science, being based on the Master's teachings, expressly encourages a humble reliance on God, the infinite intelligence, and the wise expression of intelligence in goodly service to one's fellow men, shown in sincerity, honesty, and kindness. Of this service Mary Baker Eddy writes in her Message to The Mother Church for 1901 (p. 1), "Rest assured you can never lack God's outstretched arm so long as you are in His service."

Encouraged by such an assurance, the student of Christian Science commits his ways to God, trusts in His wisdom—earnestly seeks it and lives in accordance with it. Then he liberally gives his thought and effort to the work for which he is fitted; and his service is attended by good cheer, alertness, quick accommodation, honesty, promptness, and fair dealing. Alert to see that a customer or patron is made a liberal sharer in the benefits of every transaction, he strives to make his deals just and goodly for both sides; and in making sales or contracts, one who applies the rules of Christian Science makes friends. Profits, therefore, are mutual.

Recognizing how valuable are the teachings of Jesus when applied to business life, students of Christian Science find much wisdom and justice in the Master's wonderful statement on giving; and in their affairs they are constantly proving this statement of wise giving and just compensation to be true. Jesus said: "Give, and it shall be given unto you; good measure, pressed down, and shaken together, and running over, shall men give into your bosom. For with the same measure that ye mete withal it shall be measured to you again." Nothing indicates that this saying referred especially to the giving of money. Realizing in some degree the broad application of the Master's sayings, we may well conclude that his statement on giving included giving love, good will, money, work, service. Justice permeates the giving or service of the true Christian; and justice limits no one. Rather does its application to any honest service liberate one and make him affluent in thought, action, and estate.

When an editor requested of Mrs. Eddy a reply to the question, "What is nearest and dearest to your heart today?" she answered, in part, "What is 'nearest and dearest' to my heart is an honest man or womar—one who steadfastly and actively strives for perfection, one who leavens the loaf of life with justice, mercy, truth, and love" (The First Church of Christ, Scientist, and Miscellany, pp. 271, 272). Liberally applying these qualities of thought to service to his fellow citizens, the student does his work with a refreshing good cheer, and step by step proves the truth of Solomon's wisdom in regard to giving: "The liberal soul shall be made fat: and he that watereth shall be watered also himself."

[In another column will be found a translation of this article into German.]

In the Canyon

Morning

Awakening. Indescribable freshness. There is a gray haze like fog giving an impression of autumn. The sun appears over the crest of a mountain, and golden light falls on the rocky western slopes, the grass and trees. The sky is a slaty blue and everything is dim and misty. Only the tops of a few trees stand out in silhouette. The haze on the higher slopes up the canyon is indigo. As the sun rises higher, it floods the depth of the canyon with brightness, but one side is always in light, one in shadow.

Activity. Birds soar from their nests over the graceful curves of the mountain tops. Butterflies flit from flower to flower. The breeze blows from the north, fresh as from the ocean. The creek tumbles, rushes, foams, dashes, sings. Smoke rises from the cabins. The panoramic view is like a vivid painting. Day has come to the canyon.

Evening

Shadows. Sunset in the west. The light is reflected on the eastern wall. Colors. Blue of the sky is turquoise, aquamarine, cerulean. Dark green of the pines, lighter of shrubs and grasses, each tree on the upper slopes is outlined against the sky. Moon and stars appear. The black cabins nestling against the protecting gray slopes present a study in chiaroscuro. A veil has dropped from above gently covering the sleeping canyon. The brook murmurs. Peace, quiet, rest, stillness. Night has come to the canyon.

MARIE DODGE.

Playing to a Packed House

We were gradually working into the extreme Middle West, and when we were to give a performance in a town in Kansas, the manager of the theater said to Nobles and myself, "If you want to pack this house tonight, just get the city band to play out in front of the theater from half-past seven to eight o'clock. By that time you will have the whole town out. And," he added, "they won't cost you a cent; all they ask is that you let them in to see the performance."

I hunted up the leader of that band and he was sure that his boys would be delighted to play. All they wanted was to see the show afterward, and they would use their instruments as a passport into the theater. At half-past seven the band, resplendent in their uniforms, struck up a march and for half an hour entertained the audience that gathered in the street; but no one seemed to be enthusiastic about entering the house. Finally the leader of the band said, "Guess we'll go in now."

The theater was a ground-floor one, barn-like, and had a number of windows on one side, not far above the ground. The band passed in. I went to the music room to tune up my fiddle and had been there perhaps ten minutes, when the call-boy came running back and said, "How many men are there in that band?"

"Oh," I said, "perhaps twenty."

"Well," said he, "about a hundred men have already gone in with their instruments!"

"That's impossible," I replied; "I'll go and investigate."

As I entered the theater, I noticed a man come in with an instrument, immediately go to an open window and hand it to a fellow outside, who went round to the front door and came in with it; he in turn handed it to someone else outside. If I hadn't closed the window the entire town would doubtless have viewed the performance, and all for the half hour's work of the band!—JOHN FIELD SOUSA, in "Marching Along."

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LIQUOR PROBLEM STUDY PLANNED FOR CHURCHES

Council of Religious Education Prepares Course for Bible Classes

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

CHICAGO—In an effort to awaken fresh interest among Protestant denominations of the United States and Canada in the solution of the liquor problem, the International Council of Religious Education, in developing a new curriculum for adult education, is seeking a new approach to the study of this old subject.

It is planned to perfect the new method of study through two years' experimentation. As a basis for this the council has prepared a copyrighted curriculum guide for adult Bible classes and special study groups in churches of the 43 denominations composing its membership. Approximately 24,000,000 people compose the membership of the churches to which this study will be available. The liquor problem is treated in one of five sections, in which the various phases of religious activity and teaching are covered.

In presenting this tentative course of study, the authors include a few conjectures as to where the movement might lead, if the program is given the whole-hearted support of the churches.

"It may result,' they say, "in a concerted effort to better local conditions, to change social customs, to improve the teaching in public schools or church schools, to strengthen public opinion in favor of law enforcement, to seek to focus public opinion upon the need for new legislation, to make more positive and definite the position of the church or the denomination in respect to the liquor problem."

With all that has been said and done since the advent of prohibition, it is held by the authors of the guide, the time has come when "clear thinking and rational action have become difficult if not impossible." What is needed, they hold, is that the problem "be lifted out of the realm of controversy into that of calm reason."

The liquor problem, they point out, has divided political parties, has no respect for sectional boundaries, and the churches are not wholly agreed concerning all its aspects.

"It is often assumed," the guide states, "that the liquor problem and prohibition are identical. They are not. The liquor problem existed long before prohibition. Whether prohibition remains or passes out, the liquor problem will still be with us.

"It is urgently advised that the group session be not allowed to lapse into debates upon the merits of prohibition. The group is not organized for the purpose of proving, or of winning support for any theory, policy, or method of dealing with the liquor problem. The purpose rather is to analyse the problem, to discover just where the difficulties lie and to secure all possible light which will aid in its solution. If it should finally appear that no other method seems to offer a better chance than prohibition for solving the liquor problem—well and good. But this is not determined in advance. Moreover, it is assumed that, in the course of the discussion the group will be brought to face many serious evils which undeniably exist, in spite of prohibition, and which are a part of the liquor problem. The group will not minimize these evils, but will seek to know their causes and hope to find a way to overcome them."

The guide gives 30 pages of subjects for discussion, group and individual tests, and specimens for reports to be made to the council. It is from these reports that the final course will be prepared.

Subjects for discussion are grouped under these heads: "Law and Freedom," "Is Prohibition Solving the Liquor Problem?" "Other Methods for Solving the Liquor Problem," "What Are the Factors in the Solution of the Liquor Problem?" "What are the Next Steps?" "What Should the Church Do?"

A a feature of the guide is a series of tests to determine individual and group sentiment in matters concerning liquor control.

Students are asked their opinion of statements such as these: Prohibition is the cause of crime; prohibition has made the nation prosperous; the Eighteenth Amendment was passed when millions of Americans were out of the country; prohibition has increased production in factories; prohibition has corrupted politics. In another list are questions such as these on which opinions are to be given: The Eighteenth Amendment should be repealed; the Eighteenth Amendment cannot be repealed; prohibition can never be enforced; prohibition should be given an honest trial over a reasonable period.

Another test seeks to make members of the class reveal what motives are behind their attitude toward the use of liquor; while the final one asks opinion as to what the church can do to help solve the problem.

Move to Safeguard Investors' Trusts

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

CHICAGO, March 3 — The possibility of policing the newest investment field, that of the fixed investment trust, which has attracted millions of dollars of investors' money in the last few years, was taken up at a national conference opening here yesterday.

Protection of this novel type of security from the invasion of "racketeer" trusts was urged in behalf of the proposed national association. Several spurious trusts have already made their appearance, it is declared. So popular is the fixed trust at this period that new ones are treading upon each other's heels.

An organizing committee was named to draw up the outline of a scheme of organization for further consideration. Also, a committee on business conduct, having to do with ethics and standardization of practice, was appointed, as well as a legislative and publicity committee.

Moritz J. Loeb, secretary of the Chicago Curb Exchange, presided as permanent chairman of the conference, which continues today. The meeting was called by the Chicago Curb, which is interested because of its listing of fixed trust shares.

Bremen Plane to Join Washington Exhibits

NEW YORK, March 3 (AP)—The airplane, Bremen, first to make an east-to-west crossing of the Atlantic, was dismantled yesterday at Grand Central Terminal, where it has been on exhibition, and started on a journey to Washington where it will be placed in the Smithsonian Institution.

It will be a neighbor of the Spirit of St. Louis, in which Charles A. Lindbergh made his historic flight to Paris.

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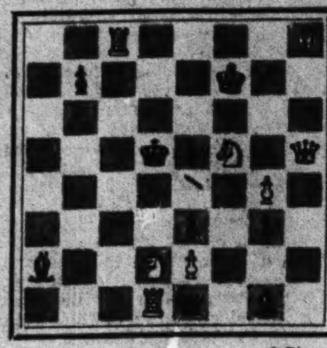
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CHESS

by Frederick R. Chevalier

PROBLEM NO. 1283
By N. Easter

Black 8 Pieces

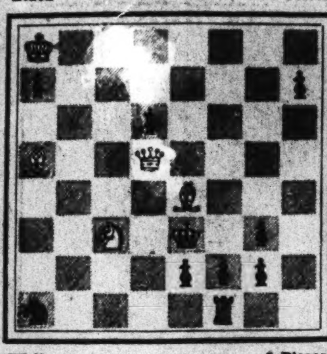


White 9 Pieces

White to play and mate in two

PROBLEM NO. 1284
By J. Scheel

Black 10 Pieces



White 8 Pieces

White to play and mate in three

SOLUTIONS TO PROBLEMS

No. 1281.		B-B2	
No. 1282.	1.	Q-K7	BxP
	2.	Q-Q7	
	1.	———	B-Q7
	2.	KtxB	
	1.	———	PxKt or PxP
	2.	Q-B7ch	
	1.	———	others
	2.	QxRP	

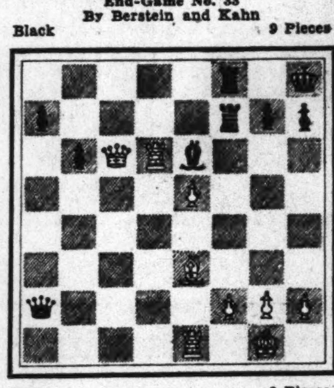
End-Game No. 32. 1 B-B7ch, K-R; 2 B-K8, and Black resigned, for it costs a B to save mate.

END-GAMES

Here is an ending in which Black's second move is both brilliant and conclusive. From an actual game.

End-Game No. 33
By Berstein and Kahn

Black 9 Pieces



White 9 Pieces

Black to play and win

NOTES

Dr. Emmanuel Lasker, for many years champion of the world, has definitely retired from competitive chess, according to a letter from him appearing in the current American Chess Bulletin. The German master's last appearance was in 1925, when he won second prize at Moscow, just below Bogoljubow and just ahead of Capablanca. We note his name as one of the foreign editors of the Bridge World, and recollect a book by him dealing with card games; so we may assume that he has taken up lighter forms of recreation.

I. Kashdan made such a favorable impression in his first exhibition at Cincinnati that he was engaged to play on the following night also. The scores for the two evenings were 24 wins, 5 draws and 1 loss on Feb. 11, and 18 wins, 1 draw and no losses on Feb. 12.

Dr. Tartakower has been engaged for three months by Buenos Aires chess enthusiasts.

The national championship, played at Riga, Latvia, has been won by V. Petrow of that city with 13 straight wins. Petrow will be remembered as being on the losing side of one of Marshall's brilliancies at Hamburg in 1930, a 16-move game published four months ago.

The match between Sultan Khan and Dr. Tartakower resulted in a win for the former by the odd game. In their first encounter, which appears below, it will be seen that the Parisian master's start was by no means inauspicious.

IRREGULAR DEFENSE

Sultan Khan White	Tartakower Black	Sultan Khan White	Tartakower Black
1 P-Q4	P-K3	29 PxP	Kt-Q2
2 Kt-KB3	Kt-KB3	30 Kt-Q	Kt-B4
3 P-B4	P-B4	31 Q-K3	QxQ
4 Kt-B3	PxP	32 BxQ	KtxP
5 KtxP	B-Kt5	33 B-Q3	B-B4
6 B-Q2	Castles	34 Kt-Kt3	Kt-Q3
7 P-K3	Kt-B3	35 BxBch	KtxB
8 P-QR3	B-K2	36 Kt-B4	P-B3
9 Q-B2	P-QKt3	37 P-Kt4	Kt-K2
10 KtxKt	PxKt	38 P-K4	Kt-B
11 B-K2	Q-B2	39 K-B2	K-Kt
12 Castles	P-K4	40 P-KR4	K-B2
13 P-K4	B-K3	41 K-K3	K-K3
14 P-R3	QR-Q	42 P-R4	Kt-Q3
15 B-K3	P-KR3	43 Kt-Kt2	Kt-Kt2
16 P-QKt4	Kt-R2	44 Kt-Q3	K-Q3
17 QR-Q	B-Kt4	45 Kt-Kt4	Kt-B4
18 Q-B	R-Q5!	46 Kt-B6	P-QR4
19 Q-B2	BxB	47 P-Kt5	RPxP
20 PxB	RxR	48 PxP	KtxRP
21 RxR	R-Q	49 PxP	PxP
22 Q-R4	RxRch	50 Kt-R7	K-B4
23 QxR	Q-K2	51 K-Q3	Kt-Kt7ch
24 Q-Q3	Q-R5	52 K-B3	Kt-Q8ch
25 Kt-Q	Q-K8ch	53 K-Q2	Kt-B7
26 B-B	Kt-B3	54 K-K3	P-R5
27 Kt-B2	K-R2	Resigns (a)	
28 P-Kt5	PxP		

(a) If 55 KxKt, P-R6 and neither Kt nor K can stop the passed P.

Here are two games from the mammoth exhibition given by Capablanca recently in New York City. In the first, a team of Princeton players succeeds in drawing with the former champion; a very interesting game in which the college players might, with more accurate play, have done better. The second is one of Capablanca's six losses. The Columbia players deserve a lot of credit for the efficient way they turned the win of a pawn into victory.

FRENCH DEFENSE

Capablanca White	Princeton Black	Capablanca White	Princeton Black
1 P-K4	P-K3	21 B-K2	RxR
2 P-Q4	P-Q4	22 RxR	BxKt
3 QKt-B3	B-Kt5	23 PxB	RxP
4 B-Q3	P-QB4	24 BxKtch	KxB
5 PxQP	QxP	25 P-B4	Kt-B5
6 K-B	BxKt	26 R-Q7	R-B7
7 PxB	Kt-Q2	27 RxRP	Kt-Q3
8 Q-B3	KKt-B3	28 P-QR4	Kt-B4
9 QxQ	KtxQ	29 R-Q7	P-K4
10 Kt-K2	Castles	30 PxPch	KxP
11 B-R3	P-QKt3	31 K-B	K-B5
12 P-QB4	KKt-B3	32 RxP	K-K6
13 P-QB3	B-Kt2	33 P-Kt4	RxB
14 P-B3	QR-B	34 PxKt	R-B7ch
15 K-B2	KR-Q	35 K-Kt	PxP
16 KR-Q	P-Kt3	36 RxRP	R-R7
17 B-B	B-R3	37 R-R3ch	K-K5
18 B-Kt5	PxP	38 R-R6	K-B6
19 KtxP	K-Kt2	39 R-R3ch	Drawn
20 Kt-Kt5	Kt-K4		

QUEEN'S GAMBIT DECLINED

Capablanca White	Columbia Black	Capablanca White	Columbia Black
1 Kt-KB3	Kt-KB3	29 P-QKt3	R-B3
2 P-QB4	P-K3	30 K-R2	Q-Q3
3 P-Q4	P-Q4	31 P-Kt3	Kt-Q4
4 B-Kt5	P-KR3	32 R-B4	Kt-Kt5
5 BxKt	QxB	33 Q-Kt2	P-B3
6 Kt-B3	P-B3	34 P-R3	Kt-Q6
7 P-K3	Kt-Q2	35 Q-B2	Q-Q4
8 R-B	B-Q3	36 Q-K2	R-QKt3
9 B-Q3	Castles	37 R-K4	RxP
10 Castles	R-K	38 RxP	R-Kt7
11 P-K4	PxBP	39 R-K8ch	K-R2
12 P-K5	Q-Q	40 Kt-Q2	KtxP
13 BxP	B-K2	41 QxKt	QxKt
14 B-Kt3	P-QKt3	42 QxQ	RxQch
15 Q-K2	B-Kt2	43 K-Kt	R-Q6
16 KR-Q	R-QB	44 K-B2	RxRP
17 Kt-K4	Kt-B	45 K-QB2	R-QR4
18 B-B4	Q-B2	46 P-Kt4	R-Kt4
19 B-R6	KR-Q	47 K-K3	R-Kt6ch
20 BxB	QxB	48 K-B4	RxP
21 R-B3	P-QB4	49 RxP	R-R6
22 P-KR3	Kt-Kt3	50 K-B5	P-QR4
23 Kt-Q6	BxKt	51 K-K6	P-R5
24 PxB	RxP	52 K-B7	R-KKt6
25 PxP	Kt-B5	53 R-B4	P-R6
26 Q-K	RxR	54 R-R4	P-R7
27 QxR	PxP	55 RxP	RxP
28 Q-B2	Q-Q4	Resigns	

IN THE SHIP LANES

ADVANCE bookings by various steamship lines for the coming European season are sufficiently encouraging to lead the transatlantic companies to forecast a better year than last year. Many of them base their estimates also upon the volume of business handled to the West Indies on special cruises this winter, that traffic having exceeded previous records and expectations.

The proximity of the West Indies, the fact that the schedules enabled business men to take a "foreign" cruise and yet remain within close touch of home, as well as the constantly increasing popularity of this form of winter vacation, enabled the steamship companies to do a remarkable volume of business, many of the cruise ships having gone out loaded to capacity.

The same is true of the Bermuda business, where the Duchess of York, of the Canadian Pacific Steamships, invaded a territory new to that line and attracted a substantial passenger list on each sailing. In fact, the ship is to be retained in service for a month longer than was originally planned.

The Canadian Pacific Steamships have scheduled 25 sailings in each direction between Quebec and European ports for the fleet of "Empress" liners in 1931. This means one departure each week, and among these ships will be the new Empress of Britain, of 42,500 gross tons, which will make her first appearance in Quebec on June 2.

Steamship Inspection

The steamship Reliance, of the Hamburg-American Line, was recently thrown open to inspection on a visit to New York between cruises. She has recently been redecorated, and with her comfortable lounges and spacious public rooms—all on the upper deck—and many containing a skylight above, she received the favorable comments of several hundred visitors. The practice of scheduling inspections of various ships from time to time is a custom followed by the German lines with marked success and popularity.

Panama Canal Traffic

Vessels of 21 nationalities were represented in the Panama Canal commercial traffic during 1930. Of the 5885 ships 2666 were of United States registry and 1492 were British. Thus the American ships numbered 45.3 per cent and British 25.4 per cent of the total transits. Next in order came the Norwegian, German, Japanese, French, Dutch, Swedish, Danish and Italian.

The total tolls aggregated $26,146,000 and the tons of cargo 27,848,000, both of which were substantially below 1929 and were, in fact, the lowest for the last four years.

Books in Libraries

Copies of the book, "Mrs. Eddy, A Life Size Portrait" by Dr. Lyman P. Powell, have been placed in the libraries of all the Panama Mail Line ships plying between San Francisco, Los Angeles and New York. These include the steamships Venezuela, El Salvador, Guatemala, Colombia and Ecuador.

The policy of carrying this book in ships' libraries is becoming widespread, both in the Pacific and the Atlantic, and a recent notice was received by this department, expressing the appreciation of travelers on the Cunard Line's steamship Franconia, on a world cruise, because of having the book available for the perusal of passengers.

Steamship Schedules

The steamship Borinquen of the New York & Porto Rico Line, recently arrived in New York, preparatory to making her maiden voyage to San Juan and Santo Domingo. Built at a cost of $3,000,000, the ship will take her place in the Porto Rico run with other vessels of the line. She is 429 feet in length and has a gross tonnage of 7000. Her speed is 16 knots.

The Canadian Pacific liner Empress of Japan recently made a new transpacific record, crossing from Yokohama to Vancouver in 8 days, 3 hours and 18 minutes. This 26,000-ton vessel —the largest in the Pacific—has made speed records between practically all ports on her route.

Changes in the personnel of the United States Lines have resulted since Capt. A. B. Randall took over the Leviathan, and the latest setup places Capt. A. M. Moore in command of the America, with Capt. Hubbard C. Fish taking charge of the Republic and Chief Officer Harry Manning temporarily acting as skipper of the American Trader.

Coincident with the construction of two new ships by the Dollar Line, that company issued an attractive brochure descriptive of the steamship President Hoover, the first of the new vessels, and which will shortly be followed by the President Coolidge, just launched. With attractive water colors, depicting scenes within the ship, as well as the exterior, and a painting depicting a group of persons riding in an outrigger canoe on the crest of a wave approaching Waikiki Beach, the brochure is a work of art in itself.

The President Hoover will enter service in the summer from New York, probably plying to the Orient and return, rather than engaging in round-the-world service immediately.

Liner Movements

DEPARTURES

FROM NEW YORK

Thursday, March 5

American Banker, American Merchant, for London; Europa (12:05 a. m.), North German Lloyd, for Cherbourg, Southampton, Bremen; Deutschland (12:01 a. m.), Hamburg-American, for Cherbourg, Southampton, Hamburg.

Friday, March 6

Westernland, Red Star, for Halifax, Plymouth, Cherbourg, Antwerp; Mauretania, Cunard, for Plymouth, Cherbourg, Southampton; Southern Cross, Munson, for east coast South America.

Saturday, March 7

Minnekahda, Atlantic Transport, for Plymouth, Boulogne, London; Lancastria, Cunard, for Cobh, Liverpool; Alaunia, Cunard, for Halifax, Plymouth, Havre, London; Caledonia, Anchor, for Londonderry, Glasgow; Berlin, North German Lloyd, for Southampton, Boulogne, Bremen; Roma (12:15 a. m.), N. G. I., for Gibraltar, Naples, Genoa; Hellig Olav, Scandinavian-American, for Christianstad, Oslo, Copenhagen; Republic, United States, for West Indies cruise; Aconcagua, Chilean, for west coast South America; Santa Elisa, Grace, for west coast South America.

Tuesday, March 10

Vulcania, Cosulich, for Lisbon, Cannes, Naples, Trieste.

Wednesday, March 11

American Merchant, American Merchant, for Plymouth, Cherbourg, Hamburg; Leviathan, United States, for Cherbourg, Southampton; Rochambeau, French, for Havre; Lapland, Red Star, on West Indies cruise.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO

Wednesday, March 11

Matsonia, Matson, for Honolulu.

Friday, March 13

President McKinley, Dollar, for Orient.

FROM LOS ANGELES

Monday, March 9

California, Panama Pacific, for New York; Ecuador, Panama Mail, for New York; President McKinley, Dollar, for Orient.

Saturday, March 14

Calawaii, Lassco, for Honolulu.

FROM VANCOUVER

Saturday, March 14

Empress of Asia, Canadian Pacific, for Orient.

ARRIVALS

DUE NEW YORK

Thursday, March 5

Homeric, White Star, from Southampton, Cherbourg; Rochambeau, French, from Havre, Plymouth.

Friday, March 6

New York, Hamburg-American, from Hamburg, Southampton, Cherbourg.

Saturday, March 7

America, United States, from Hamburg, Southampton, Cherbourg.

Sunday, March 8

Stuttgart, North German Lloyd, from Bremen, Cherbourg, Cobh.

Monday, March 9

American Merchant, American Merchant, from London; Aurania, Cunard, from Southampton, Cherbourg, Halifax; Cameronia, Anchor, from Glasgow, Belfast, Londonderry, Halifax; Conte Grande, Lloyd Sabaudo, from Genoa, Naples; Stavangerfjord, Norwegian America, from Oslo, Bergen; El Salvador, Panama Mail, from San Francisco, Los Angeles; Pennsylvania, Panama Pacific, from San Francisco, Los Angeles; Santa Barbara, Grace, from west coast South America.

Tuesday, March 10

Olympic, White Star, from Southampton, Cherbourg; Cedric, White Star, from Liverpool, Belfast, Glasgow, Halifax; Paris, French, from Havre, Plymouth; Drottningholm, Swedish American, from Gothenburg, Halifax.

ROAD TO CUT THROUGH MOUNTAIN OF ROCK

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., March 3—The huge Ansville cut through a mountain of solid rock to make a 30-foot highway just north of Peekskill, N. Y., will be completed soon. The contract has just been awarded to a Mount Vernon (N. Y.) firm.

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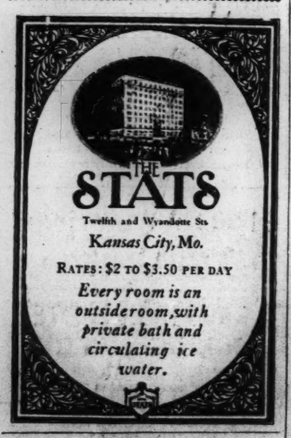
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FRANCE SCANS PRESIDENTIAL POSSIBILITIES

(Continued from Page 1)

cian would act in opposition to the wishes of the President. In a hundred ways, he, the one stable figure in the Republic, can exercise a genuine authority.

It is of great importance, therefore, from a political, from a national, and from even an international viewpoint, who shall be chosen to succeed M. Doumergue. The coming years may be critical for France and for Europe, and the occupant of the Elysée, who may favor policies, parties and persons, will have a considerable influence not only on the future of his own country but on the future of Europe.

Briand Strongly Favored

For this reason many politicians are hoping that Aristide Briand will allow his name to be put forward. At present M. Briand declines to be a candidate. It is widely thought that in this he is merely employing skillful tactics. It is not necessary that he should formally accept the nomination now for the idea to be discussed.

It is being discussed, and if sufficient support appears to be forthcoming, M. Briand, at the last moment, will doubtless permit himself to be carried, with apparent reluctance, to the Elysée. If, on the other hand, the opposition reveals itself as too strong, M. Briand can properly declare that he has never been a candidate.

His chances are fairly good. His supporters are of various kinds. There are those who are real admirers of M. Briand—and they are numerous. There are those who, while agreeing with M. Briand's policy, object to his monopolizing the post of Foreign Minister, and would vote for his promotion to the Elysée. There are also some of his adversaries who would vote for him because they would like to see him leave the Quai d'Orsay. Thus M. Briand is in the enviable position of being pushed to the Elysée, both by his friends and his adversaries.

On the other hand, there are political leaders who are aware that M. Briand does not entertain feelings of affection for them, and who fear that M. Briand, as President, would not call them to office unless he was compelled to do so by an indisputable majority.

Therefore, the Briand candidature is at present doubtful, and if it is put before the National Assembly at Versailles in May there is likely to be a sharp conflict.

Henri Cheron, a possible candidate, certainly lost credit when he joined the ill-fated Steeg Cabinet. Theodore Steeg himself, who has long had the ambition of becoming President, doubtless hoped to prepare the way for his election when he consented in December to form a Government. Had his Government survived, he might have succeeded, but it fell in such circumstances as to diminish his reputation.

By a sort of tradition, the Presidents of the Senate and of the Chamber are prospective candidates for the Presidency of the Republic. Paul Doumer is the President of the Senate. Against him is the fact that 24 years ago he was defeated for the Presidency of the Republic by Armand Fallières. Parliamentary wits also make play with his name—which is that of a greatly reduced Doumergue.

The same wits remark of M. Laval, the Prime Minister, that his name is precisely the same whether read by the Right from the right, or by the Left from the left.

Ferdinand Bouisson, the President of the Chamber, is a Socialist, and, moreover, it was seen in the January elections to office in the Chamber that he had lost a good deal of the personal popularity he had enjoyed. He kept his post by a relatively small majority.

Lebrun in Good Position

Paul Painlevé, who was defeated by M. Doumergue in 1924, when the Cartel des Gauches was at its full strength, is scarcely likely to be happier on this occasion. Jean Hennessy, Senator, former Minister, former Ambassador, has some partisans. There are others including Louis Barthou, who have small followings, but this list, with one exception, is at present sufficiently complete.

The one exception is Albert Lebrun, Vice-President of the Senate, and President of the Senate Army Commission. He is not well known; he has never taken a prominent stand; he is self-effacing and neutral. But these are precisely the qualities which are often successful in the presidential contest, and there are many good observers who think that M. Lebrun will be the next President.

Efforts were made to induce Raymond Poincaré to serve for another seven years, but the ex-President has definitely declined. Efforts were made to induce Gaston Doumergue to serve again—even if he resigned in two or three years' time, but M. Doumergue has flatly refused.

In my own experience I have had glimpses and sometimes much more than glimpses, of no fewer than six French Presidents—Armand Fallières, Emile Loubet, Raymond Poincaré, Paul Deschanel, Alexandre Millerand and Gaston Doumergue. Who will be the seventh?

SWENSON GOES TO THE HAGUE

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STOCK TREND AT NEW YORK IS IRREGULAR

Covering in Last Hour Cuts Down Earlier Losses—Closing Steady

NEW YORK, March 3 (AP)—The stock market was a pale and unimpressive affair today.

Speculative enthusiasm appeared to have been squelched by the sharp decline of the previous session, but bears as well as bulls were cautious.

Price trends were in the main lower, but changes were narrow, and principal shares held fairly steady. Trading slackened. The market was inclined to pay more attention to earnings statements, dividend actions, and trade news than of late.

Covering in the last hour eliminated earlier declines, but the market tapered off from the top, and the closing tone was steady.

Leading shares finished a fraction or more higher, with American Can, Westinghouse, Bethlehem Steel and Consolidated Gas up about a point.

United Carbon lost 5 points on the dividend omission. Sales approximated 3,000,000 shares.

Business Comment

Comment on the business situation by Gerard Swope, president of General Electric, who said he expected conditions to get "no worse," although he did not think sentiment should get "too buoyant," summed up the attitude of several important interests in the financial district, which appears to have tempered speculative sentiment.

Dividend omissions by Remington Rand and United Carbon were responsible for selling of those issues, while Johns-Manville's report showing 1930 net of only $3.66 a share, contrasted with $8.09 in 1929, brought some selling into that issue.

Montgomery Ward's decline followed yesterday's report of Sears Roebuck's sales for the second period of its 13-month calendar, showing about the same decline from last year as was reported for the first period. This did not tend to forecast a favorable showing by its chief competitor.

Credit conditions were still a little firmer, with the month-end settlements taking up the slack in the call loan market. There were no funds offered in the outside market under the loan desk rate of 1½ per cent. The consolidated condition statement of weekly reporting member banks, however, was favorable, showing a reduction of $12,000,000 in loans on securities, in the period in which brokers loans advanced $28,000,000.

Little Change in Bonds

Bonds continued to move in a narrow range today and the list made little headway in either direction as investors remained lukewarm toward domestic obligations. The foreign section was spotty but inclined toward higher levels as it has been for a fortnight or more.

Latin American issues gave a display of strength, with some of the leading government and municipal loans accumulated at good fractions above the previous close. Bonds of Argentina, Brazil, Colombia and Peru joined the advance. European governments that have pushed upward to the best prices of the year were fairly stable.

While investment bankers have been encouraged by signs of a revival of interest in foreign loans, present indications are that no additional capital will be sought by foreign governments here until demand broadens considerably. Aside from several Canadian issues, there have been no foreign loans floated in this country this year and little was done in the last half of 1930.

Widespread interest in the sale of the $100,000,000 New York City bond issue scheduled for Wednesday is reported by bond houses. As the offering will give the market for tax-exempt bonds the severest test of the year, municipal bond houses will watch its reception closely, and it probably will influence to a considerable degree the activity in that market in coming weeks.

Although the offering syndicate already has announced the oversubscription of the $12,500,000 Southern California 4½ per cent issue, it was publicly offered today. In addition General Refractories Company sought $5,000,000 in the short-term market, through a two-year 5 per cent note issue.

United States Government obligations were little changed. Liberty bonds showed a tendency toward softness in dull trading, while long-term Treasuries were steady. Legal railroad loans fluctuated narrowly, giving no indication of a definite trend. Utilities were steady to firm.

CHICAGO STOCKS

Sales		High	Low	Last Mar 2	Last Feb 28
200	Acme Steel	40½	40	40	40
2300	Allied Motor	2½	2⅛	2½	2¼
100	Am Com Pwr A	16½	16½	16½	16⅛
250	Art Metal Wks.	7⅞	7½	7½	7½
450	As Tel Util	25¼	25	25¼	25¼
100	Bastian-Bless	22	22	22	..
200	Binks Mfg A	8¾	8¾	8¾	..
100	Burnham Trad	2½	2¼	2½	2¼
550	Butler Bros	5⅞	5¾	5⅞	5⅞
150	Ceco Mfg	6¾	6½	6½	6½
250	Cent Pub Serv A	18	17⅞	17⅞	18
800	Cent & S W Util	24	23¼	23¾	23½
700	Chicago Inves	3⅞	3½	3½	3⅞
325	Common Edison	252	249	250	251¼
310	Com Wat Serv	11½	11	11	10¾
10400	Cont Chgo	9⅝	8½	8¾	9¼
8700	Cord Corp	11	10⅛	10⅞	11
850	El House Ut	28⅞	27⅜	28¼	28¾
6000	Grt Lakes Air	4	3	4	3
800	Gleaner C Har	3½	3¼	3¼	3⅝
100	Hormell & Co	26	26	26	26½
250	Inland Util	3	2¼	2¼	3¾
6000	Insull Ut Inv	46⅝	45	45⅞	46
250	Kellogg Switch	5	5	5	5
400	Libby, McNeil	12	11½	11½	12
250	Lion Oil	6⅛	6	6	6¼
100	Manh Dearborn	18	17½	17½	18
450	Mer & Mfg "A"	20¼	20	20¼	20
19700	Mid Utilities	24⅞	24¼	24⅝	24¾
100	Mid Ut pf	99½	99½	99½	99⅝
1000	Mo-Kan Pipe	8¾	8	8	8½
450	Nat Sec Inv	7⅛	7	7	7
1500	No Am Car	24	22	22¼	24
200	Polymet Mfg	4¾	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
11600	Q R S De Vry	3⅜	2⅞	2⅞	3⅛
1300	Seab Ut Shares	5¼	5	5	5¼
400	Stand Dredge	4⅝	4½	4½	4⅝
650	St Dredge cv pf	9⅞	9	9	9⅞
100	Steinite Radio	¾	¾	¾	¾
350	Swift & Co	29⅞	29⅝	29⅞	30
1150	Swift Int'l	39	38⅝	38⅝	38⅜
50	Unit C Am pf	12½	12½	12½	12¼
6200	U S Radio	30	28	28½	29⅝
250	Utah Radio	4½	4¼	4¼	4⅜
1700	Util & Ind	9¼	9	9	9
100	Ut & Ind pf	19½	19½	19½	19
300	Vortex Mfg	21½	21	21½	21½
300	Vortex Mfg A	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	27¾
500	Yates-Am M pf	6⅛	6	6	6⅛

Total sales 210,000.

COMMERCIAL INVESTMENT TRUST

NEW YORK, March 3—Commercial Investment Trust Corporation is redeeming today at 104½ the entire remaining outstanding $8,835,000 6 per cent convertible debentures, due March 1, 1949. No additional financing was required for this redemption.

TUESDAY'S TRANSACTIONS ON THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

Closing Prices

1931 Range High	Low	Div. in $		Sales	High	Low	Last Mar. 3	Last Mar. 2
14¼	9	..	Abitibi	2500	11⅜	10⅝	10⅝	11¼
52	39	6	Abitibi pf	400	44½	42	42	43
101½	100	7	Ab & Str pf	10	90½	90½	90½	..
23½	16⅛	1.60	Adams Ex	4200	21½	20⅞	21½	21¼
27	22¼	2	Adams Mill	900	29¾	27¼	28½	26½
23½	21½	1.40	Addressograph	200	23½	23⅛	23⅛	..
5½	2⅞	..	Adv-Rumely	600	4⅛	4	4	4¼
20½	11½	..	Adv-Ru pf	200	16	16	16	19
⅞	⅜	..	Ahumada	2800	⅝	½	⅝	⅝
109⅝	92½	3¶	Air Reduc	3400	101⅛	98⅝	99½	99⅛
10⅜	7⅝	.60	Airway El	500	9¼	8⅞	8⅞	9⅛
9⅞	7	.40	Alaska Jun	7300	9	8⅝	8⅝	8¾
12¾	7¾	..	Alleghany	41700	10¾	9⅞	10	10⅜
59⅛	49⅞	5½	Allegh pf xw	500	58½	58	58	59
182¾	153½	6§	Allied Chem	6300	166½	160¾	162¼	163½
42¾	32⅞	3	Allis-Chal	3700	39	38⅛	38⅛	38⅝
18⅞	15	2	AL Port Cem	400	17½	17	17	17½
21	17⅛	2	Amerada	1300	19	18⅛	19	19
62¾	54⅝	3¶	Am Bk Note	200	60	60	60	60
29¾	20	..	Am Ag Ch of Del	100	25	25	25	25⅞
12⅜	8⅛	..	Am Br Bov	300	10⅛	10	10	10½
63	45¼	7	Am Br Bv pf	80	55⅛	53	53	60
129⅜	106¼	4¶	Am Can	31800	123⅛	121	122	121⅞
149⅛	145	7	Am Can pf	300	149⅛	149⅛	149⅛	..
36⅝	27	3	Am Car & F	600	34½	33⅝	34⅝	34⅛
43⅝	29⅞	3	Am Chain	400	36⅛	36	36	37⅛
46⅞	38¼	2¶	Am Chicle	1600	45	44	45	44½
21¼	14¼	1.40	Am Colortype	400	21¼	20	21⅛	20⅞
14½	9	..	Am Com Alc	400	11⅛	11⅜	11⅛	11⅜
33⅛	19	..	Am European	1200	32⅝	31⅛	32⅝	31⅞
51⅝	26¾	..	Am & FPw	54000	43⅛	41⅛	42⅛	41⅝
90	74	6	Am & FP 6	200	86⅛	84	84	88
99⅞	85¼	..	Am & FP 7	200	99	99	99	..
79½	67½	7	Am & FP 2pf	100	73	73	73	74
10⅝	7	..	Am Hawaii	200	7½	7½	7½	8½
14½	10½	..	Am Hide pf	100	14	14	14	..
31⅝	23¾	3¶	Am Ice	400	30⅛	30	30	30¼
26	18½	2§	Am Int Corp	3200	23⅛	22⅛	22⅞	23½
1½	¾	..	Am La Fr	100	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1
82	72¾	7	Am Loco pf	300	81⅛	81¼	81⅛	..
6¼	3½	..	Am Mach & Met	400	5½	5¼	5½	5⅛
57¼	50	3¶	Am News	10	57	57	57	57
35⅞	22½	..	Am Nat G pf	390	27⅛	27	27	27
64⅞	45	1§	Am Pw&Lt	4600	58⅞	56⅛	57⅛	56⅝
99	94⅞	6	Am P & L 6	400	98	97½	98	98
81	80	5	Am P&L pf st	100	80⅛	80⅛	80⅛	80⅛
20⅞	15½	1	Am Radat	17900	20½	19½	20	20
145	141	7	Am Radiat pf	40	144½	144½	144½	..
12⅝	7	..	Am Repub	1200	10½	9⅛	10½	..
37⅝	26⅞	2§	Am Roll Mill	8300	32⅝	30¼	30½	32½
66	57	5	Am Saf Raz	1300	63	61¼	63	63
1⅜	¾	..	Am Ship	200	1½	1⅜	1⅜	1½
31¼	25	3	Am Stl Fnd	600	27⅞	27½	27½	28
58½	40½	4	Am Smelt	2700	54	52½	54	52⅝
100⅞	93½	6	Am Smelt 2pf	600	100⅜	100½	100⅜	100⅜
47	37	2¶	Am Stores	100	47	47	47	47
57½	42⅜	5	Am Sugar	300	54⅞	54	54½	54½
23½	15¼	5	Am Tel &Cab	110	20¾	20¾	20¾	20
201¾	176¼	9	Am Tel & T	7000	196⅞	195	196⅞	196
80⅝	53¾	3	Am Wat W	6400	76⅛	73	75	74
11⅞	6⅞	..	Am Wool	1600	9½	9½	9½	9¼
35⅝	21	..	Am Wool pf	1400	33½	31½	31½	32
4	2	..	Am Writ ct	800	3¾	3½	3¾	3
8¾	4½	..	Am Zinc	200	7⅛	7	7⅛	7⅛
43¼	29¾	2½	Anaconda	27000	41⅜	40⅝	41¼	40½
36	27	2.40	Anchor Cap	800	31⅜	30⅛	31	31
18	15½	2	Arch Dan	500	17	16¾	16¾	17
102	101⅛	7	Arch Dan pf	10	101	101	101	..
72	60¼	7	Armour D pf	200	63	63	63	..
4½	2⅞	..	Arm Ill A	16500	3⅛	2⅞	3	3⅛
2⅞	2	..	Arm Ill B	100	2	2	2	2
47	25	..	Arm Ill pf	600	27½	26¾	27	27¾
7⅜	3⅝	..	Arnold Cons	100	6¾	6¾	6¾	6½
20½	19¾	1.60	Art Metals	100	19½	19½	19½	..
28⅞	24⅛	4	Asso Apparel	600	25¼	25	25	25
28½	22	2½	Asso Dry G	400	26¾	26⅜	26⅜	26½
203¾	178⅛	10	Atchison	700	195	192⅝	195	192½
107½	102½	5	Atchison pf	100	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛
23⅝	18	1	Atl Refin	4300	21⅜	20⅝	20⅝	21⅜
54	45½	4	Atlas Pwd	100	49⅞	49⅞	49⅞	52
13½	8⅞	1§	Atlas Stores	100	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	12
217½	101½	4§	Auburn Auto	13300	210	202½	204¾	203¼
23	21	3	Austin N new	40	22	22	22	22
2⅜	1	..	Auto Sales	100	2	2	2	2
6⅛	3	..	Aviation	400	6	5⅝	5⅞	6
			—B—					
27½	20¾	1¾	Baldwin	3700	25⅝	24¾	25	24¾
87⅞	68⅛	7	Balt & O	2800	79⅛	78	79	78⅞
80½	72¼	4	Balt & O pf	400	80¼	80⅛	80¼	..
107	103	6½	Bambr pf	30	103	103	103	..
113	107	7	BBangor & A pf	10	112	112	112	..
14½	11¼	1	Barnsdall A	2300	13¾	13¼	13½	13¼
79⅝	65	4	Beatrice	1200	76½	75½	76½	75
25½	16⅞	1	Bendix	5200	22½	21½	21⅞	22¾
44⅝	32¼	2	Best & Co	1400	42½	41⅛	41⅛	42
70⅝	45⅝	6	Beth Steel	29300	65⅞	63⅜	64⅞	64¼
29	24	1½	Blaw Traux	600	27⅞	27⅜	27⅜	27
35	20¾	1½	Bohn Alum	100	31¼	31	31	30¾
75⅝	67½	3¶	Borden	3700	74½	72⅝	74½	73
30¾	20⅞	1	Borg Warner	3800	29	27¾	28⅛	28¼
22⅜	16½	1½	Briggs	20100	20½	19¾	20	20⅛
5¼	2	..	Brockway	500	5	5	5	5¼
22	20⅝	..	Bklyn Ed rts	140	21⅞	20½	21⅞	22
69⅞	58¾	4	Bklyn Man T	3200	68¾	67	68	68
10	8	..	Bklyn-Queen	200	10	10	10	10
56	52	5	Bklyn-Queen pf	400	58	55	58	54½
125	103	5	Bklyn Un G	800	117⅜	116½	117	118
9½	5½	..	Bruns Term	100	8	8	8	8
20⅞	14¼	1	Bucyrus	200	18⅝	18½	18½	18¼
34⅞	25	2½	Bucy cv pf	500	33½	32⅝	32⅝	34⅛
13	9	1	Budd Wheel	1000	12	11⅝	11¾	12
23	11¾	..	Bullard	1200	20	19⅛	19½	19⅝
15⅝	11¼	1½	Bulova Watch	400	13	12¾	13	13⅝
32	21½	1	Burroughs	1400	29⅞	28½	29⅛	29
31	23¼	2½	Bush Term	600	27⅛	27	27	28
2	1½	..	Butte Cop	100	2	2	2	2
1¾	1	..	Butte & Sup	200	1¼	1⅛	1¼	1⅛
20⅝	12¾	..	Butterick	300	17¼	17	17	17⅝
69¾	37⅝	..	Byers	4500	66½	62¾	66⅛	62¾
			—C—					
53	42¾	4	Calif Pack	2000	47	46½	46⅛	47⅛
1⅜	⅝	..	Callahan	100	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅜
15½	11¾	..	Campbell	400	14	13⅞	13⅞	14
42⅝	36¾	..	Calu & HAriz	400	40	39¼	40	41
11⅝	8	..	Calu & Hecla	800	10½	10⅛	10¼	10½
40¼	29⅞	3	Canada Dry	1900	37⅜	36½	37⅜	37
45⅝	38½	2½	Can Pac	1500	42⅞	42⅛	42¾	42⅞
22½	17¾	1.60	Cannon Mills	100	22¼	22¼	22¼	22⅛
131½	81¾	6	Case Thresh	12500	116¾	112½	113⅞	114½
115¼	111	7	Case Thresh pf	20	111½	111½	111½	111
52¼	26⅞	3	Caterpillar	1800	48⅝	47½	48½	48¼
113	110	7	Am Stl F pf	10	111	111	111	111
11½	4½	..	Celotex ct	1500	10⅞	10⅛	10⅝	10⅞
14⅝	5½	1	Celotex	1000	13¾	12¾	12¾	13⅞
24⅞	20	1½	Cen Aguirre	100	23	23	23	23
6¼	2½	..	Century Rib	400	5¾	5⅝	5⅝	5⅛
30¼	22⅞	2	Cerro de P	400	26¾	26¼	26¾	27
4⅞	2¼	..	Cert-Teed	100	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
23¼	17¾	1.80	Checker Cab	400	19	18½	19	18⅞
54⅛	40	3	Ches Corp	1800	48½	47	48½	48
46½	39½	2½	Ches & Ohio	3000	43½	42½	43½	42⅞
2¾	⅞	..	Chi & Alton	100	1¾	1¾	1¾	1⅝
7⅞	6⅛	..	Chi Gt West	100	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	7
26⅜	19¼	1	Chi Gt W pf	100	23½	23½	23½	24
8⅞	5¼	..	Chi M&SP	1800	7½	7⅛	7⅛	7½
15⅜	9½	..	Chi M&SP pf	900	12⅛	11¼	11⅞	12⅛
45½	33	4	Chi &2NW	200	40⅛	40	40⅛	40½
115	103	7	Chi & NW pf	100	115	115	115	115
15½	9½	..	Chi Pneu	1700	12¾	11¾	12	12⅝
35	23¾	3½	Chi Pneu pf	400	32½	30	30	..
65½	47¼	7	Chi RI	900	60⅛	59	60	59
100¾	94	7	Chi RI 7%	100	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	..
23	20	3	Chi Yel Cab	10	21¼	21¼	21¼	23
33¾	25½	2.40	Childs	400	33½	32	33	31
24¼	15⅞	1	Chrysler	6500	22¾	21⅝	21¾	21⅞
37⅞	35¾	3.60§	City Ice	100	36¾	36¾	36¾	36½
84	77⅛	6½	City Ice pf	10	84	84	84	82½
4⅜	2¾	..	City Stores	100	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾
101½	95	7	Cluett P pf	10	101	101	101	..
170	142⅛	6	Coca Cola	400	165⅝	164	165⅝	163¼
51½	50½	3	Coca Cola A	100	51½	51½	51½	51½
17⅝	9	..	Collins & A	1000	15¼	14¼	15	14⅞
32⅞	21⅞	1	Colo F&I	400	28⅛	27⅛	27⅛	27⅜
45	33¼	2§	Colum Gas	8500	41½	40	40½	40⅞
111⅝	73½	6	Col Carbon	3500	100⅝	96¾	97¼	99⅝
14⅛	7¾	¾	Col Graph	7500	12⅞	12¼	12½	12⅝
23¼	18⅛	2	Com Cred	300	22⅞	21½	22⅞	21½
85	76½	6½	Com Cr 1pf	50	85	85	85	..
90	82	6	Com Inv Tr Co Pr	400	86¾	86	86	..
33	25	2	Com Inv Tr	3000	32⅝	31⅜	32⅝	31½
21½	15⅛	1	Com Sol	7500	19½	18¾	19¼	19⅛
12	8	.80	Commwlth So	8000	10⅞	10⅝	10⅞	10⅞
99⅝	91½	6	Commwlth 6pf	100	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	95⅜
11⅜	6⅞	..	Congoleum	1400	10⅛	10	10⅛	10⅜
15	9⅝	2	Con Film	200	13½	13⅛	13⅛	13½
18⅞	15¾	2	Con Film pf	400	17½	17⅜	17½	17⅞
102½	82⅛	4	Con Gas	11000	99¼	96¾	98⅛	97½
104¼	101½	5	Con Gas pf	400	102⅛	101¾	102⅛	101⅛
1½	¼	..	Con Textile	700	1⅜	1⅛	1¼	1¼
8½	6½	1.20	Container A	100	7	7	7	7⅛
3	2⅜	..	Container B	200	2½	2½	2½	2⅝
30	17¾	..	Cont Bak A	1800	27½	27	27	27⅜
3⅜	2¼	..	Cont Bak B	100	3	3	3	3⅛
77½	67¼	8	Cont Bak pf	100	76½	76½	76½	77
59⅞	47	2½	Cont Can	2500	57¼	56¼	56⅝	57⅞
16⅞	10½	1	Cont Dia Fib	1600	14¾	14⅛	14⅝	15
51⅞	41	2.40	Cont Ins	1800	50	49	50	49
4½	2⅞	..	Cont Motors	800	4¼	4⅛	4⅛	4¼
12	9¼	..	Cont Oil	1200	10⅞	10⅜	10⅜	10⅞
12	8½	..	Cont Shares	1900	10⅝	10¼	10¼	10½
86⅝	76½	3¶	Corn Prod	2500	83¼	82½	83	83
149⅞	146⅞	7	Corn Prod pf	160	148¼	148	148¼	147⅝
18	8¼	..	Coty	800	15	13⅞	13⅞	15⅛
34¾	31½	2.70	Crown Cork pf	100	33¼	33¼	33¼	..
63	55⅝	5¶	Crucible	800	57	55	55	57
106	103	7	Crucible pf	100	104	104	104	..
5⅞	4	..	Cuba Co	100	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	..
1½	½	..	Cub Dom S	100	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
46	41	4	Cudahy	200	45½	45½	45½	45½
100	89⅞	6¶	Curtis Pub	400	92	91¾	92	91¾
5⅞	2⅝	..	Curtiss Wr	1800	5⅛	5⅛	5⅜	5⅝
8½	3⅞	..	Curtiss Wr A	600	8	7⅝	7⅝	7¾
100	95	8	Cushman 8%	20	98	98	98	98
41	30⅛	..	Cutler	400	31⅞	31¼	31⅜	30⅞
			—D—					
23	13½	..	Davison	500	19½	19¼	19¼	19½
102	80	6	Del Lac&W	900	89⅝	89	89	90
19⅛	13	..	Devoe & R A	300	18	17¾	17¾	18⅛
22½	14⅞	..	Diamond M	500	21⅜	20⅝	21⅜	20⅝
11⅜	8⅞	1	Dome Mines	100	10½	10½	10½	10½
102⅞	83¼	4¶	Dupont	4500	98¼	95⅝	97¼	96⅝
			—E—					
195¾	143⅝	8§	East Kodak	3000	172½	169½	170½	171
21⅛	13¾	1.60	Eaton Axle	1600	19¼	18¼	19⅛	18⅞
11⅛	3¼	..	Eitingon	100	8	8	8	..
68⅞	50⅝	6	Elec Auto Lt	4500	66⅜	64⅞	66	65⅛
3⅞	2½	..	Elec Boat	100	3¼	3¼	3¼	..
60¾	38¼	1	Elec P&L	9600	56	53⅞	54½	54¼
107⅞	100	7	Elec P&L pf	100	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝	..
115	115	3½	El P&L 6% pd	100	115	115	115	..
96	86	6	El P&L pf	200	96⅛	95⅞	96⅛	96
65	50⅞	5	Elec Sto Bat	600	63	62½	63	63
41	30	5	End John	800	38½	37	38	37
113	106½	7	End John pf	400	106½	106	106	..
35⅝	30⅝	2½	Equit Bldg	100	31¼	31¼	31¼	..
39¾	28	..	Erie	800	34	33¾	34	34⅛
12½	9	..	Eureka Vac	600	11⅞	10¾	10¾	11⅞
			—F—					
22¾	15½	..	Fed Dept St	100	20½	20½	20½	..
91½	87	6	Fed L&T pf	10	89	89	89	..
15½	10	1	Fed Screw W	200	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	14
56¼	46¼	2.60	Fidelity Ins	300	54	54	54	..
93½	85¼	6½	Filene pf	100	93½	93¼	93¼	..
19¾	17	1	Firestone	100	18	18	18	..
63	56½	6	Firestone pf	200	60⅝	60½	60½	60¼
55	41	2½	First Nat St	700	53½	53	53	54
⅞	½	..	Fisk Rubber	3600	⅞	¾	⅞	¾
3	2	..	Fisk Rub 1pf	50	2¾	2½	2½	2½
3	2	..	Fisk 1 pf cv	40	3½	3½	3½	..
64½	41½	2	Foster & Wh	4800	59¼	57⅛	57½	57
32½	22¼	..	Fourth Natl In	200	30¼	30	30¼	30
17½	4⅞	..	Foundation	800	15⅞	13⅛	14⅞	13¾
38⅝	25⅞	4	Fox A	8800	34⅝	33⅛	33⅝	34⅛
42	28½	4	Freeport Tx	3600	36⅝	36⅛	36¼	36⅜
65	65	6¶	Fuller 2 pf	20	65	65	65	..
			—G—					
2	⅛	..	Gardner M	100	1½	1½	1½	1½
7¼	4½	..	Gen Am Inv	500	6½	6⅜	6⅜	6⅝
73⅛	57⅞	4	Gen Am Tk	3400	70⅝	68⅛	69¾	69⅞
45⅛	24¾	3	Gen Asphalt	300	40⅝	40	40⅝	40⅝
9½	6¼	2	Gen Bronze	100	8½	8⅛	8½	8⅝
54¾	41⅜	1.60	Gen Elec	41500	51⅛	50	50⅝	50⅝
55	47⅝	3	Gen Foods	3000	53	52⅛	52⅝	53
73	64	6	Gen G&E cv pf	200	70½	70	70	70
8½	4⅛	.30	Gen G&E A	3000	7⅛	7	7	7⅛
92	73	8	Gen G&E 8%	10	90	90	90	92
49¾	44	3	Gen Mills	100	46¼	45½	46	46

1931 Range High	Low	Div. in $		Sales	High	Low	Last Mar. 3	Last Mar. 2
45⅛	35¼	3	Gen Motors	46000	44½	43½	43⅝	43½
100½	95	5	Gen Mot 5% pf	3100	100⅝	100⅛	100⅝	99⅝
23	14⅛	6a	Gen Pub Svc	600	20⅛	20	20	19⅝
10¼	7⅛	..	Gen O Ad	100	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅛
16⅛	6⅛	..	Gen Theater	1400	13⅛	12⅝	13	13
84½	68	5	Gen Ry Sig	3500	83¼	81½	81⅝	81⅝
8⅞	5¼	..	Gen Realty	900	7¾	7½	7½	7½
57⅞	40	4¶	Gen Refrac	700	54¾	53⅝	53½	54¼
34⅞	21⅛	..	Gillette	7300	30½	29¾	29⅞	29⅞
69½	62¾	5	Gillette pf	100	69½	69½	69½	69⅛
7⅞	4½	..	Gimbel Br	300	6½	6⅜	6½	6½
16⅛	8⅝	..	Glidden	1500	12⅝	12½	12½	13
9¼	4	..	Gobel (Adolf)	400	7⅝	7¼	7⅝	7¼
39⅝	31¼	2½	Gold Dust	3800	37⅜	37⅛	37½	37⅛
20⅞	15¼	4	Goodrich	1100	18⅝	17½	18	18⅛
52¾	38⅝	5	Goodyear	1600	49	47½	48½	49¾
91	81	7	Goodyear 1pf	100	89	89	89	..
10⅞	4⅞	..	Gotham Hos	200	8¾	8⅝	8⅝	9½
6⅝	4¼	..	Gould Cp A	200	5	5	5	5
5¼	3⅞	..	Graham-P	400	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
4⅜	3½	..	Graham-P ctf	100	4¼	4¼	4¼	..
22⅝	15⅛	2	Granby	400	21	21	21	20½
24⅞	19½	1¶	Grand Silver	200	22½	22⅛	22⅛	23
17⅝	10⅝	..	Grand Union	2200	17	16	16⅝	16½
42⅞	36	3	Grand Un pf	100	41⅞	41⅞	41⅞	42
29⅝	20	3	Granite City	100	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	28
33½	25¾	1	Grant (W T)	300	32¼	32¼	32¼	32¼
69¾	58⅛	5	Grt Nor pf	800	67¼	66¼	67	67⅛
22	19½	3¶	Grt Nor Ore	1000	21½	21¼	21¼	21⅛
11⅞	7⅜	..	Grt W Sug	400	9¾	9⅝	9¾	9⅞
96½	85⅝	7	Grt W Sug pf	10	96	95	95	95
6⅝	2⅞	..	Grisby Gru	9800	6	5⅝	6	5⅞
37½	18⅝	..	Gulf Steel	200	31¾	31½	31¾	32
			—H—					
28¾	26¾	1¾	Hack pf A	20	28¾	28	28¾	28¾
9⅝	6⅞	..	Hahn Dept St	400	8¼	8¼	8	8⅝
17	15¾	2	Hall Print	100	16	16	16	16
41	37⅞	1.80	Hamilton W pf	20	39	39	39	..
94	89½	7	Hanna 1pf	60	94	94	94	..
44¼	39	2¶	Harbison	200	41	41	41	41
109¾	109¾	6	Harbison pf	20	115	115	115	..
7⅞	3¾	..	Hartman B	200	7	6½	6¾	6¾
42	39½	2¶	Hawaiian P	40	39½	39½	39½	39½
6⅞	3½	..	Hayes Body	1800	6⅛	5¾	6	5¾
55⅛	52¾	3¶	Hercules P	100	53⅝	53⅝	53⅝	..
99	93	4¶	Hershey pf	300	98⅞	98¼	98⅞	98¼
8	5⅛	..	Hoe & Co	100	8½	8½	8½	..
10⅛	8⅜	..	Hollander	100	10	10	10	9¾
37	26	2½¶	Holland F	100	35½	35½	35½	36
88	81	6¶	Homestake	100	86	86	86	..
8⅛	4¼	..	Houdaille B	1900	8	7⅞	8	8
68⅛	35¼	10¶	Houston Oil	7000	59½	55½	55⅜	57⅞
14⅛	8¼	..	Houston Oil n	2300	12⅝	11⅜	11⅜	12
29½	21	4¶	Howe Sound	200	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	28
26	18⅝	3	Hudson Mot	2300	22⅞	22⅛	22⅛	22⅝
13⅛	7¾	..	Hupp Motors	1300	12	11⅝	11½	11⅞
			—I—					
89	69⅝	7	Ill Central	1500	81⅛	80	80¼	81
4⅜	2⅜	..	Indian Mot	1500	4	3¾	3¾	4
26	21	..	Indian M pf	10	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	21¼
4⅝	3⅝	..	Indian Refin	100	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3¾
86	45	4	Ind Rayon	2100	76	71½	74	77⅞
182	164	4	Ingersoll R	200	167	165	165	167
71	59⅞	4	Inland Steel	200	69	68	68	..
11⅜	7⅜	..	Inspiration	900	10¼	10	10¼	10⅛
9¼	5⅞	.40	Insuran Shares	200	8¾	8⅝	8¾	9
34	24½	..	Interboro RT	2600	32⅞	31	32	31½
4½	2	..	Intercon Rub	600	4⅜	4	4	3½
5¼	3⅛	..	Int Agri	300	4⅝	4⅜	4⅝	4⅝
179¾	145½	6§	Int Business	400	171¾	160	171¾	173
12⅝	9⅞	.25	Int Carriers	900	11¼	11	11	11¼
62½	49⅝	4	Int Cement	1300	58¼	57⅝	57⅝	59½
4	1¾	..	Int Combus	600	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	3¼
60½	48	2½	Int Harv	4800	58	56⅛	56⅝	57⅝
31	21⅝	2b	Int Hyd El	1300	28½	27½	28⅛	28⅝
69⅝	55	4	Int Match pf	4300	66⅛	66	66⅛	66
20⅛	13⅞	.60	Int Nickel	25600	18⅝	18	18	18¼
120¼	114	7	Int Nickel pf	100	120	120	120	..
40	31	7	Int Paper 7%	70	40	38¾	40	39⅛
10¼	6⅞	..	Int P&P A	200	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9
6	5	..	Int P&P B	100	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	..
4½	2⅜	..	Int P&P C	200	4¼	4¼	4¼	4
40	26⅛	..	Int P&P pf	300	37⅜	37¼	37¼	..
65	54	6	Int Print I pf	20	56½	56½	56½	56½
42	37¼	3	Int Salt	2700	39⅞	38	39¼	38¾
48¾	47	3	Int Shoe	200	47	47	47	..
44⅛	33½	..	Int Silver	100	40	40	40	40
90	73¼	7	Int Silver pf	20	83	83	83	85
38⅞	18¾	2	Int Tel & T	16800	34	31¾	32⅛	32⅛
15½	12	1	Interlake	400	12	11½	12	12¼
21⅝	16	2	Inter Dep St	1200	18½	17½	18⅛	18⅛
65	58	7	Inter D St xw	50	63	62	63	..
18⅛	16	2	Intertype	100	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
9¼	5	..	Inv Equ	200	8⅜	8¼	8¼	8⅜
31	27½	4	Island Cr	100	28½	28½	28½	28½
			—J—					
57½	39¼	3¶	Jewel Tea	200	54½	54	54	54
77⅞	52½	3	Johns Man	7500	70⅝	68¼	69½	71
123	119½	7	Jones & L pf	10	123	123	123	..
1¼	½	..	Jordan Mot	300	1⅛	1	1	1⅛
			—K—					
24¼	16⅛	2.50	Kayser	2200	21½	20½	21⅜	20¾
2½	1⅜	..	Kelly Spring	200	2¼	2⅛	2⅛	2¼
17⅛	9½	..	Kelly Spr 8%	30	16	16	16	16½
29¾	21⅝	2	Kelsey Wh	400	27¼	27	27¼	27
14¼	8⅝	..	Kelvinator	5600	12⅞	12⅛	12⅜	12⅞
41	20	6¶	Kendall pf	20	37½	37½	37½	..
31½	22½	2	Kennecott	9100	30	29⅜	30	29⅝
20⅛	17	1	Kinney	100	17½	17½	17½	..
2⅜	⅞	..	Kolster Rad	200	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
27⅞	25	1.60	Kresge	200	27	27	27	27
55	45	1¶	Kress Co	100	53⅛	53⅛	53⅛	53⅛
26⅜	20⅞	1.60	Kreuger Toll	3700	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜	26⅛
31¾	18	1§	Kroger	4200	30	29⅛	29½	30⅛
			—L—					
4	3⅛	..	Lee Rubber	300	4	3⅞	3⅞	..
61	53	3½¶	Leh Val RR	300	55⅛	55	55	55¼
69⅜	54	3	Lehman	800	65⅛	64¼	64¾	64¾
34¾	23½	..	Lima Loco	600	32	31	32	31
55⅛	41⅜	4	Liquid Car	400	51½	51⅛	51⅛	52
63½	45¼	3¶	Lowes Inc	8400	59¾	56⅝	58	57½
5	2⅜	..	Loft Inc	2100	4¾	4½	4½	4½
35⅞	37	1¾	Lou G&E A	300	33½	32½	33⅛	33
111	90⅛	7	Louis & N	100	104	104	104	104
4½	3¾	..	Lou Oil Ref	700	4⅛	4	4	..
18⅝	11	..	Ludlum Steel	1200	16½	16¼	16½	16½
			—M—					
36	32⅞	2½	McCall	400	35	33	33	..
51¾	34	2	McCrory Str	112100	49⅝	49¼	49⅝	49
51⅝	35	2	McCrory B	20	50	50	50	..
90	76	6	McCrory pf	20	86	86	86	85
24⅛	20¾	1	McIntyre	1100	21⅞	21¼	21¼	..
85¾	71⅛	4¶	McKeesport	1300	81⅞	80¼	81	80½
9⅞	7	..	McLellan	900	9⅝	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛
43⅞	35⅞	4	Mack Trucks	1400	41	40¼	40½	40⅝
105¼	83	2¶	Macy	1900	99¼	96⅝	98⅛	99⅛
6⅞	5	.60	Madison Sq	200	6¼	6¼	6¼	6½
4	½	..	Manati Sug	30	3	3	3	..
12⅞	3¼	..	Manati pf	10	8	8	8	6
6	5½	..	Mandel Bros	100	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
39	32⅝	.80	Man Elv mg	2600	38⅝	36⅝	37⅝	37
24¼	18⅝	1.20	Marine Mid	300	23	22¾	23	23⅛
22	15	..	Mkt St Ry ppf	100	21	21	21	..
32⅝	23	2¶	Marlin Rock	100	29	29	29	..
32⅝	23⅛	2½	Marshall F	1500	30⅜	30⅛	30⅜	30⅝
31½	23⅛	2	Math Alkali	1200	26⅞	26⅛	26⅛	26¼
39	28⅝	2§	May Dept S	2400	38¾	37	37⅝	37½
22⅞	15⅛	3	Maytag pf ww	300	22½	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛
69	65	6	Maytag 1 pf	[illegible]	68	67⅝	68	..
26⅛	25	1.89	Metro-Gld pf	100	25	25	25	..
19¾	10⅝	..	Mex Seabd	9500	17⅛	16	16⅞	17
10⅝	7½	..	Miami Cop	400	10	9¾	9¾	9⅞
16¾	13½	2	Mid Cont	900	14¾	14⅛	14⅛	14⅝
31½	21	3	Midland St	400	25⅛	25	25	26
94	84	8	Midland pf	100	86¼	86¼	86¼	87
105¼	104	6	Mil El Lt pf	50	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	..
7½	4½	..	Min Moline	100	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅞
48	40	6.50	M Moline pf	100	48	48	48	48
26⅞	20	3	Mo K&T	140	22⅝	22	22	22⅝
85	70	7	Mo K&T pf	60	81	80½	81	81
42⅜	30½	..	Mo Pac	900	37⅞	37¼	37¼	37⅞
107	86½	5	Mo Pac pf	300	103½	103½	103½	105
29¼	15¾	..	Mont Ward	77600	25⅞	23⅝	24⅜	25¾
¾	½	..	Mother Lode	200	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
3⅝	2½	..	Mot Met G&E	400	3¼	3	3	3⅛
47	30	2	Motor Prod	100	42	42	42	44½
19⅞	14⅞	3	Motor Wheel	200	18⅛	18	18	18⅞
24½	8⅜	..	Mullins Body	8100	24⅛	18¾	22½	19
61¾	36	7	Mullins pf	390	61⅝	54⅞	61⅝	..
16⅝	11½	..	Murray Body	1000	15⅜	14⅞	14¾	15
42⅝	40	2	Myers Bros	100	39	39	39	..
			—N—					
38¾	27¼	4	Nash Mot	3400	36	35⅛	35¼	35⅛
10¼	7⅛	1½	Nat Acme	1300	9⅛	8⅞	9	9
10	3¼	..	Nat Bellas H	600	7¾	7⅝	7⅝	7⅛
83¾	76	2.80¶	Nat Bisc	2500	80⅝	80	80⅛	80¼
39¾	29	3¶	Nat Cash R	2300	37	36¼	36½	37⅛
47½	38¼	2.60	Nat Dairy	5300	45¾	45	45¾	45½
36⅝	19¾	2	Nat Distil	1000	31½	29	31½	29¼
140¼	136	7	Nat Lead pf A	250	140⅛	140	140	..
44¼	31⅝	1	Nat Pw & Lt	9500	40⅞	39¼	40⅛	40¼
2⅛	1¼	..	Nat Radiat pf	100	1¼	1¼	1¼	..
88	43	2	*Nat Steel	300	52⅝	52	52⅛	53
70¼	59	5	Nat Supply	100	65	65	65	65¼
111	107⅜	7	Nat Sup pf	10	110	110	110	110¼
62½	41⅝	5	Nat Surety	100	59⅛	59⅛	59⅛	60
23⅛	15⅛	1	Nat Tea	200	22	21¾	21¾	21½
25¼	18¾	1.60	Neisner Bros	2300	15¾	14	14¾	18¾
14⅝	10¼	..	Nev Cons	3300	14⅛	13½	13½	14
24	14¼	..	Newton Steel	500	19	19	19	19⅛
132¼	113	8	NY Central	8800	121	119½	120	120¼
227	165	5	NY & Harlem	90	195	192¾	195	200
12⅛	10	1.20	N Y Invest	2700	11⅛	11	11⅜	11
94⅞	75	6	NY NH&H	2800	91	88¾	90	89
119⅝	110	7	NY NH&H pf	400	119¼	119⅛	119⅛	119⅝
8	5⅜	..	NY Ont&W	100	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6¾
117	111	7	NY Stm 7%	20	115	115	115	..
104	100	6	NY Stm 6%	20	104	104	104	..
217	200	10¶	Norf & West	300	208½	208½	208½	..
90¼	62	10a	No Am	14500	85	82½	84⅞	85
55	53	3	No Am pf	200	55	55	55	55
105	102	6	No Am Ed pf	500	104⅝	104¼	104¼	..
10	4⅜	..	No Am Aviat	1800	9	8¾	8⅞	9⅛
34	24⅞	3.43	N Ger Lloyd	300	34	33¾	34	32½
60⅞	47¼	5	No Pac	700	57⅛	56⅜	56½	57⅛
46	43	3	Nor'west Tel	10	44⅞	44⅞	44⅞	..
			—O—					
19½	16⅝	1	Ohio Oil	800	16½	16⅜	16⅜	16½
26	18½	..	Oliver ppf	200	19¼	19	19	19⅛
6	3⅝	..	Omnibus	400	5	4¾	4¾	5⅛
58½	52¾	2½	Otis Elev	1900	54¼	53	53	54½
16⅝	10	..	Otis Steel	100	14½	14½	14½	14½
39¾	33¼	3	Owens Lit	100	37	37	37	..
			—P—					
3⅝	7	..	Pac Gas rts	3700	2⅝	2¼	2⅜	2¼
51⅛	45¼	2	Pac Gas	2800	50	48⅝	49¾	49
67¼	60¾	3	Pac Lighting	100	63	62½	63	62¾
131	116½	7	Pac Tel&T	120	129½	129	129	129½
11⅞	8¾	.60	Packard M	12000	11	10⅝	10¾	11
4¼	2⅜	..	Panhandle	100	3½	3½	3½	..
50¼	36⅝	..	Paramount	18300	46¼	45⅛	45⅞	46⅛
9	5⅝	..	Park & Tilf	100	8¼	7½	7½	8½
1⅞	1⅜	..	Park Utah	100	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
2⅝	1⅛	..	Pathe Exch	1200	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
5	3	..	Pathe Ex A	100	3¾	3¾	3¾	3⅝
4⅜	3½	..	Peerless Mot	100	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
46½	37¼	1	Penick & F	4400	44⅛	42⅝	44⅛	44⅛
5½	3½	..	Penn Dix C	100	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
39⅝	35⅛	2.40	Penney (J C)	400	37⅞	36⅝	36⅝	37⅝
96½	90	6	Penney (J C) pf	100	95½	95½	95½	96½
64	55½	4	Penn RR	7100	61⅛	60⅛	60½	61⅛
250	200½	8	Peoples Gas	600	240	227	239¼	240½
92¼	86	5	Pere M ppf	10	91½	91½	91½	..
10⅞	6¾	1	Petroleum	2100	9⅝	9¼	9¼	9⅛
25⅝	19⅛	2	Phelps Dodge	600	24⅛	23	23	24½
12	7¼	..	Phila Read	1500	10¼	10	10	10
52	49	7	Philip Jns f	30	50	49½	50	49
16⅝	12¼	2§¶	Phillips Pet	17500	13⅛	12¾	12¾	13⅝
27¼	19	2	Pierce Ar	100	24½	23⅞	24½	..
1⅛	⅝	..	Pierce Oil	200	1	1	1	1
23⅝	9	..	Pierce Oil pf	100	18	18	18	18
3⅝	1¾	10	Pierce Pet	100	3	3	3	3
31⅞	26	2¶	Pillsbury	200	30	30	30	29⅛
18¼	14	1.40¶	Pitts Scr&B	200	14¼	14¼	14¼	..
28	25	..	Pitts Ter pf	20	26	26	26	..
13¾	8¾	..	Poore & Co B	100	10⅛	10½	10⅛	10½
20⅝	12¾	3¶	Prairie O&G	1500	16⅞	16⅝	16½	17
26½	17⅞	3¶	Prairie P L	1300	22⅝	22	22	23
7⅛	4	..	Press Steel	400	5¾	5½	5½	6
70⅝	63	2.40	Proctor & G	400	70	69½	70	69¾
112	107	..	Proctor & G pf	20	112	112	112	..
90⅝	72	3.40	Pub Serv	4800	85½	84¼	85	84½
98¼	95	5	Pub Serv 5%	400	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	97⅛
116⅛	109¾	8	Pub Serv 8%	100	115¾	115¾	115¾	..

1931 Range High	Low	Div. in $		Sales	High	Low	Last Mar. 3	Last Mar. 2
111¼	109¼	6	Pb Sv EG pf	100	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝	110½
58⅛	49⅝	4	Pullman	1500	54¾	53⅝	54⅝	54
2	1⅛	..	Punta Sug	100	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	..
11⅞	8⅝	..	Pure Oil	900	10	10	10	10
101⅛	95¾	8	Pure Oil pf	10	100	100	100	99½
53⅞	38	4	Purity Bk	3300	51¼	48	48⅝	50½
			—R—					
27½	12	..	Radio	150000	24¼	22¾	23⅝	24⅝
56⅞	24⅛	5	Radi pf B	800	51⅞	50⅞	51½	52
23⅛	15⅛	..	Radio-Keith	13700	21	20⅛	20½	20½
61	54	4	RR Secur	30	54	54	54	56
30¾	19⅝	2.80	Raybestos	300	24⅞	24⅛	24⅛	24¾
97½	72	4	Reading	400	89	87	87	..
30⅞	25	3	Real Silk H	400	26	25⅞	25⅞	25½
19¾	15⅛	..	Rem Rand	21400	17⅛	15⅛	15¼	17¾
95	90⅝	8	Rem Rd 2pf	60	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝	94⅞
10⅛	8¼	.40	Reo Motors	300	8½	8⅛	8⅛	8½
25⅝	12	..	Repub Stl	3900	22	21	21½	21½
54	20½	..	Repub Stl pf	400	45¼	44⅝	44⅝	45½
13	7⅞	..	Revere C&B	200	12½	12¼	12½	12½
20¼	11½	2	Rey Metal	1400	19⅝	18⅛	19⅝	19⅛
6⅜	2¾	..	Richfield Oil	400	4⅜	4⅛	4⅛	4⅝
10⅛	5⅝	..	Rio Grande O	1200	8	7⅞	7⅞	8
41⅝	27	2½	Ritter-D	100	38⅞	38⅞	38⅞	39
26	16¼	2.20	Rossia Ins	400	24⅝	23⅞	24	23½
42⅝	37⅜	1.87	Royal Dutch	400	39	38⅝	39	38¼
			—S—					
63	38⅝	5	Safeway S	2300	59	56	56⅛	57½
30⅝	24⅝	2¶	St Joseph	1300	28⅝	27	28	27½
62⅞	43	8	StL & SF	1500	46⅞	43½	43½	47½
20¼	13	2	Savage A	300	18¾	18	18	18½
1⅜	½	..	Seabd AL	2700	⅞	¾	⅞	⅞
2⅛	1	..	Seabd AL pf	100	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
11	6½	.60	Seagrave	200	9½	9½	9½	9¾
63¼	44⅞	2½	Sears Roe	9200	57½	55¾	56⅞	56⅞
6½	3⅛	..	Sec Nat Inv	100	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾
58⅛	40	..	Sec Nat pf	100	53½	53½	53½	55
1¾	1⅛	..	Seneca Cop	200	1⅜	1⅛	1⅛	1¾
8⅛	4⅛	..	Servel	2000	8⅛	7¾	8	7½
13⅞	10	..	Sharon	200	12⅞	12⅝	12⅝	..
19	12	..	Sharp Dohme	400	17⅝	17⅛	17⅝	17⅞
29½	22⅛	1¶	Shattuck	2300	27⅜	26¼	26⅜	27
10⅛	7⅜	..	Shell Union	2800	9⅛	8⅞	8⅞	9
8¼	4½	..	Shubert Th	400	7	6⅞	6⅞	7
15⅞	10⅛	1	Sinclair	8100	14	13⅝	13⅝	13¾
12⅞	8½	..	Skelly Oil	1300	9⅞	9¾	9¾	10
12	42½	6	Skelly pf ww	100	52½	52½	52½	52¼
39	29	7	Sloss Sh pf	10	36	36	36	..
4¾	2⅝	..	Snider	300	3⅛	3	3	..
94¼	90	5.50	Sol Am pf ww	100	90	90	90	90½
54½	45⅝	2	So Calif Ed	100	50⅝	50½	50½	50⅛
2⅝	2⅜	..	So Cal Ed Rts	1700	2½	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
109½	92¾	6	So Pacific	1300	104½	103¼	103⅝	104
17½	12	2¶	So PR Sug	2800	14	13⅛	13⅝	13⅞
65⅞	47⅞	8	So Railway	1400	54⅝	54⅛	54⅝	54¼
83	80	5	So Ry pf	100	80¼	80¼	80¼	80
36	34	2	Spalding	100	35	35	35	..
114	111	7	Spalding pf	100	114	114	114	114
77½	25	..	Spang Chal	20	26½	26½	26½	..
12⅝	8⅛	1	Sparks With	1300	11⅝	11¼	11⅝	11⅛
20½	16¼	1.20	Sta Brands	9300	19½	19⅛	19⅝	19½
122	118	7	Sta Brands pf	100	122	122	122	122
87¼	58	3.50	Sta Gas	14200	82¾	78⅝	80½	80½
63¾	57	4	Sta Gas pf	100	63¼	63¼	63¼	63¼
4¼	2	..	Sta Inv	100	4	4	4	4
104⅝	102¾	5	Sta Oil Ex	200	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	..
51¾	45⅛	2.50§	Sta Oil Cal	1500	48	47⅝	47⅝	48
52½	45¾	1¶	Sta Oil NJ	12000	49	48¼	48⅝	48½
26	22½	1.60	Sta Oil NY	3400	24⅞	24⅛	24⅝	24¾
34¼	21½	2¶	Starret Co	300	31⅛	30⅝	31⅛	31¼
5⅞	3	..	Sterling	600	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5½
9¾	6½	1.20	Sterling pf	400	9½	9⅛	9½	..
20⅝	14⅛	..	St-Warner	1300	19¼	18¾	18¾	18⅝
49⅞	37¾	3	Stone & Web	5800	45⅞	44⅝	45⅛	45⅜
25⅝	20¼	1.20	Studebaker	1400	23⅞	23¼	23½	23¼
118	115	7	Studebak pf	70	115	115	115	..
45¼	39½	1§	Sun Oil	100	43	43	43	43½
104½	100⅞	6	Sun Oil pf	50	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	..
1¾	¾	..	Super Oil	3100	1½	1½	1½	1½
40⅝	33½	2½	Superheater	100	36⅜	36⅜	36⅜	47⅞
6½	4¼	..	Symington A	200	6	6	6	6
			—T—					
20¼	17	1.40	Telautograph	100	20	20	20	20
9½	8⅛	.50	Tenn Cop	900	9	9	9	9
36¼	30⅛	3	Tex Corp	1500	33⅞	33⅛	33⅜	34
55¾	45⅝	4	Tex Gulf S	4400	51¾	51⅛	51⅝	51⅞
6½	3½	..	Tex & P Coal	100	5½	5½	5½	5½
17⅞	11⅛	..	Tex & P LT	4300	15⅞	15	15¼	15⅜
22	13¼	1.60	Thatcher	300	20¼	19¼	19⅞	19⅜
9	5	1	Thermoid	200	7¼	6¼	7¼	6½
9½	6⅛	..	Third Ave	200	9¼	9	9¼	9
27	18½	2¶	Third Ave Nat Inv.	200	25⅛	25	25	26
35	25	3.60	Thompson	200	34	32⅝	32⅝	34
7⅜	4	..	Thom Star	300	6½	6⅜	6½	6⅞
18	11¾	2.40	Thom Star Prod	100	15¼	15¼	15¼	17
83	69⅞	5	Tidewater pf	100	83	83	83	..
9	6½	.60	Tidewater As	1600	7⅞	7¾	7⅞	7¾
12	9⅞	.60¶	Timken-Det	100	11	11	11	11¼
59	43	3	Timken	800	53⅝	52½	53⅛	54⅝
18	11⅞	1	Transamer	6000	16½	15¾	16	15⅞

Closing Prices

1931 Range High	Low	Div. in $		Sales	High	Low	Last Mar. 3	Last Mar. 2
11⅝	6½	..	Tri-Cont	200	10⅞	10⅛	10½	10⅝
14⅞	7⅞	1	Trans & W	600	12⅞	12⅛	12⅝	12⅛
45⅝	29⅝	3.50	Trico	400	44	42	42¼	42
24	21	1.20§	Truscon S	200	22¾	22⅝	22¾	23
17⅞	9	4	Twin City	500	13½	12	12	13½
			—U—					
18	14½	1.60	Ulen & Co	200	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	16
75¾	51½	5	Underwood	1300	73	72¼	73	72
13⅝	9¼	..	Un Bag & P	200	12⅞	12½	12⅞	12⅝
73	55½	2.60	Un Carbide	900	67¾	65⅞	66⅞	66⅛
26⅞	22	2§	Un Oil Cal	1300	23	22⅝	23	23¼
205⅛	179¾	10	Un Pacific	2000	198	196	197½	195¾
25⅛	23	1.60	Un Tk Car	100	23	23	23	23
37¾	22½	..	Uni Air T	59000	35⅜	33¾	34¼	33⅞
57	48	3	Uni Air T pf	400	55½	55½	55½	55½
40⅞	33⅞	2	Uni Biscuit	200	39	39	39	39⅞
116	113¼	7	Uni Bisc pf	10	116	116	116	..
28¼	18¾	1.75	Unit Carbon	15000	25	19½	19½	25
28⅜	16⅛	.75	Unit Corp	81700	26⅜	25⅛	25⅝	25¾
50⅞	44¾	3	Unit Corp pf	700	51⅜	50¾	51	50⅞
12	3	..	Uni El Coal	2600	10½	9⅝	10⅜	9¾
67¾	51¼	4	Uni Fruit	200	64	64	64	64
35½	27⅝	1.20	Uni Gas Imp	13500	33¼	31½	31⅞	32
102¼	98½	5	Uni G Imp pf	500	100¼	99⅞	100	100
31¾	23⅛	2	Uni Piece Dye	800	30¼	29¾	29⅝	29⅞
1¾	1	..	US Express	600	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜	1
12½	7⅜	..	US & For Sec	100	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	11½
90	80	6	US & For S pf	100	88	88	88	88
45½	40¼	1.60¶	US Gypsum	400	43¼	42⅝	42⅝	43⅝
10	5⅞	..	US Hoffman	100	9	9	9	..
77⅜	54	6¶	US Ind Alco	300	72	68⅛	70½	68½
36	27⅞	2	US Pipe&Fd	3000	33⅜	33⅛	33⅛	33⅜
36⅜	26¼	3	US Realty	200	33½	33¼	33½	34
17⅞	11⅜	..	US Ruber	2900	16	15⅝	15¾	15½
33½	20¾	..	US Rub 1pf	300	28⅝	28	28	28¼
23⅝	18½	1	US Smelt	1200	20½	20	20	21½
46	42⅝	3.50	US Smelt pf	200	45	44⅝	45	..
152⅝	147⅞	7	US Steel	23200	146⅝	144⅝	145	145¼
4	2⅜	..	Univ Pipe	200	3½	3⅜	3⅜	3⅝
124⅞	100	8	Utah Cop	10	115	115	115	..
31	21½	2b	Util P&Lt A	3300	30¼	29	30	29½
			—V—					
2	¾	..	Vadsco	500	1¾	1¾	1¾	..
75¼	45⅛	3	Vanadium	38200	68⅝	63⅛	65⅝	64
71¾	67⅛	7	Va-C Ch 7%	100	70⅛	70⅛	70⅛	..
71⅝	41½	4	Vulcan	330	62⅝	60⅝	61⅝	62
			—W—					
26	17	..	Wabash	200	17¾	17¾	17¾	18
27⅞	22½	1.60	Waldorf	1200	25¾	25	25⅝	25¼
15	12	1	Walworth	200	13	12½	12¾	12⅝
27¼	13⅝	..	Ward Bk A	190	25	23¾	23¾	25
8⅝	3½	..	Ward Bk B	400	6½	6¼	6¼	7
57½	45	7	Ward Bk pf	100	56½	56½	56½	..
20⅜	13	..	Warner Br A	76500	16¼	14⅝	14⅝	16
40⅜	27⅛	3	Warren Br	3500	43⅛	42⅛	42⅛	43⅜
49⅞	41¼	3	Warren cv pf	70	48⅞	47⅞	48½	48¼
32	24	2	Warren F&P	200	29⅛	28½	28⅝	29
26⅛	21¼	2	Wesson O	600	25	24½	24½	25½
57⅛	54½	4	Wesson O pf	100	56½	56½	56½	56½
108	103	7	W Pen E 7%	70	106	104⅞	104⅞	106
110½	103½	6	W Penn P 6%	10	109	109	109	108¾
119¼	114	7	W Pen P 7%	30	115½	115½	115½	115⅛
44½	24½	4	Wn Dairy A	300	38½	35	38½	39⅛
10½	4⅜	..	Wn Dairy B	400	8⅝	8¼	8¼	8⅝
19⅝	13¼	..	Wn Md	2000	16⅞	16¼	16⅝	17
14⅞	10	..	Wn Pac	100	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	..
31⅝	26	..	Wn Pac pf	200	29½	28¼	29½	29½
150⅞	130	8	Wn Union	300	142	140	142	142½
36⅛	33	2	Westg A B	200	34½	34¼	34¼	34⅝
107⅞	82⅜	5	Westg Elec	37800	100	97⅝	98¼	98⅝
119½	103⅜	5	Westg El pf	110	110½	115	115	118
28	20½	1	Weston In	100	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	25¾
28½	19⅜	2	Westvaco	600	32	29	32	28½
2⅝	1	..	Wextark Rad	10800	2¼	1⅝	1¾	1⅝
90	85	..	Wheeling	60	90	85	85	..
26¼	22	2	White Mot	200	23⅛	23¼	23¼	24
46	39	4§	Whi Rock	100	45	45	45	45
4	2½	..	Whi Sew M	200	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	4
27⅞	20	2.50	Wilcox R A	100	26	26	26	26½
6	4⅞	..	Willys-Over	200	5⅞	5½	5¾	5⅞
3⅜	2½	..	Wilson	200	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	..
10⅜	6½	..	Wilson A	200	9½	9⅜	9⅜	..
51¾	40	3.50	Wilson pf	200	49¾	49	49	48
65	54⅝	2.40	Woolworth	5400	62	61⅜	61¾	62
106⅞	59⅝	..	Wor Pump	192000	95⅞	92¼	93	92½
82	70	6	Wor Pmp B	100	80	80	80	81¾
27	11½	..	Wright	60	25⅜	24½	25⅜	26
79¾	66¾	4	Wrigley	4300	78⅞	77⅝	78½	77⅞
			—Y—					
14½	9⅜	..	Yel Truck	9100	13½	12⅝	13	13⅛
29	22⅝	3	Young S&W	200	27	26⅛	27	26⅝
			—Z—					
5¼	2⅝	..	Zenith Radio	200	4¾	4⅝	4⅝	5

*Ex-dividend. †Ex-rights. ‡Ex-stock dividend. §Exclusive of stock dividend. ¶Exclusive of extras. aPayable in stock. bPayable in cash or stock. cPayable in script. dPaid in 1930. eLast payment.

DIVIDENDS

Bendix Aviation Corporation declared the regular quarterly dividend of 25 cents a share on the common stock, payable April 1 to stock of record March 10.

A. Stein & Co. declared the regular quarterly dividend of $1.62½ on the preferred stock, payable April 1, 1931, to stock of record March 16, 1931.

Celanese Corporation of America declared the regular quarterly dividend of $1.75 on the 7 per cent prior preferred, payable April 1 to stock of record March 14.

Remington Arms Corporation declared the regular quarterly dividend of $1.75 on the first preferred, payable April 1 to stock of record March 20.

Penmans, Ltd., declared the regular quarterly dividends of $1 on the common and $1.50 on the preferred. The common is payable May 15 to stock of record May 5, and the preferred is payable May 1 to stock of record April 21.

International Nickel Company of Canada declared the regular quarterly dividend of $1.75 on the preferred, payable May 1 to stock of record April 1.

Hygrade Lamp declared a dividend of 40 cents on the common, payable April 1 to stock of record March 10. Prior to this declaration the regular quarterly dividends of 25 cents had been paid since Jan. 2, 1929. On Jan. 1 of this year an extra of $1 was paid. The regular quarterly preferred dividend of $1.62½ was also declared, payable April 1 to stock of record March 10.

British Type Investors declared the regular bimonthly dividend of 9 cents a share on the class A stock, payable April 1 to stock of record March 2.

Newmont Mining Corporation declared the regular quarterly dividend of $1, payable April 15 to stock of record March 31.

Sparks Withington Co. declared the regular dividend of 25 cents on the common, payable March 31 to stock of record March 14.

*Taylor Milling Corporation declared the regular quarterly dividend of 62½ cents, payable April 1 to stock of record March 10.

Glidden Company declared the regular quarterly dividend of $1.75 on the preferred, payable April 1 to stock of record March 18.

Marconi International Marine Communications Company declared a final common dividend of 10 per cent less tax, making a total of 15 per cent paid for the year 1930, unchanged from the previous year.

International Shoe declared the regular quarterly dividend of 75 cents on the common, payable April 1 to stock of record March 14.

Standard Power & Light Corporation declared the regular quarterly dividends of 50 cents on the common and series B common, payable June 1 to stock of record May 11.

Standard Gas & Electric declared the regular quarterly dividend of 87½ cents on the common, payable April 25 to stock of record March 31.

Interstate Department Stores declared the regular quarterly dividend of 50 cents on the common, payable April 1 to stock of record March 20.

CHICAGO BOARD

(Reported by Clark Childs & Co., Boston)

Wheat	Open	High	Low	Close	NetChg
March	.79¼	.79⅜	.79⅛	.79⅜	unch
May	.81⅜	.81⅝	.81⅜	.81⅝	+ ¼
July	.63⅞	.64½	.63⅛	.64⅝	+1
Corn					
March	.59⅝	.60	.59⅝	.60	+ ⅜
May	.62½	.63⅜	.62½	.63½	+ ⅞
Oats					
March	.29¼	.29⅝	.29	.29⅝	
May	.31¾	.32⅛	.31½	.32⅛	
Lard					
March	8.65	8.67	8.65	8.67	
May	8.82	8.87	8.80	8.82	

Winnipeg Wheat

	High	Low	Last	Prev. Close
May	.59⅞	.57⅞	.59⅛	.58⅝
July	.61	.59½	.60⅝	.60⅛
October	.63	.61⅛	.62⅝	.62⅛

Kansas City Wheat

	High	Low	Last	Prev. Close
May	.73⅛	.73	.73⅛	.73
July	.58	.57	.58	.57¼

COMMODITY PRICES

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

NEW YORK, March 3—Following are commodity prices quoted on the floor of the New York Produce Exchange, and comparison with last week and a year ago:

	Today	Wk ago	Yr ago
Wheat 2 red	$ .89¼	$ .93¼	$1.34⅝
Corn 2 yellow	.77⅛	.79¾	1.01⅜
Oats 2 white	.42⅝	.43⅝	.63½
Flour	4.65	4.75	6.25
Beef family	17.75	17.75	29.00
Pork	28.50	26.50	30.00
Lard	.0945	.0885	.1100
Cotton mid-up	.1125	.1125	.1500
Zinc	.0405	.0395	.0615
Iron	17.76	17.76	22.28
Steel bil Pitt	30.00	30.00	34.00
Copper	.10½	.10¼	.18
Tin	.2700	.2620	.3700
Rubber	.0825	.0750	.1530
Sugar	.0450	.0450	.0493
Lead	.0480	.0460	.0600
Print cloth	.0450	.0437½	.0525

GASOLINE PRICE DROPS

NEW YORK, March 3 (AP)—The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey announced today that it had reduced the price of gasoline in tank car lots ½ cent to 7 cents a gallon along the Atlantic seaboard.

FARM PRICES AT NEW LOWS

Eggs Off 50 P. C., Wheat 42 P. C., Corn 24 P. C., and Cotton 38 P. C. in Year

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

WASHINGTON, March 3—The lowest level in the price of farm products during the 21 years the Department of Agriculture has measured it was reached on Feb. 15, when prices at the farm were 90 per cent of their pre-war level. Farm prices of eggs on Feb. 15 were less than half of the price a year ago, and lower than for any month on record since 1909.

Poultry and poultry products dropped 31 points between Jan. 15 and Feb. 15; meat and dairy products six points, grains two points, fruit and vegetables rose one point and cotton and cottonseed went up four points. Prices were all lower than a year ago.

The average farm price of corn, at 58.6 cents a bushel, was about 5 per cent lower than a month earlier and 24 per cent lower than in February, 1930. The 1930 crop was the smallest in many years, but stocks at primary markets were relatively large because of liberal receipts and a weak commercial demand. Feeding demand has been reduced also, because of a smaller livestock population, a mild winter and relatively large supplies of cheaper foods.

The average farm price of wheat declined less than 1 per cent from Jan. 15 to Feb. 15 in spite of extremely small exports, relatively large market receipts and an unseasonal accumulation of domestic market stocks. The mid-February farm price of 58.7 cents per bushel, was about 42 per cent lower than in February, 1930.

The average farm price of cotton advanced from 8.6 a pound in mid-January to 9.1c on Feb. 15. On Feb. 15, 1930, the price to producers was 14.8c a pound. The recent advance in cotton prices has been accompanied in increased activity in the domestic cotton textile industry.

Exceptionally heavy production and storage holding of eggs forced the average farm price of eggs for Feb. 15 to a level lower than that recorded for any month during the period that these prices have been collected by the department.

CORN AND OATS DOWN AT CHICAGO

CHICAGO, March 3 (AP)—Grains underwent early downturns today, with corn and oats outdoing season bottom price records. Weakness of Liverpool quotations and favorable weather for United States winter wheat were leading bearish factors.

Opening unchanged to ⅝ to ¾ cent off, wheat afterward held near to initial figures. Corn started at ⅛ decline to ⅛ advance and subsequently rallied.

Opening prices were: Corn—March (old) .59¼, May (old) .62½ to ⅝, (new) .63⅞, July .65⅛ to ¼, Sept. .65¼ to ⅛. Wheat—March (old) .79¼, May (old) .81⅝, (new) .82¼, July .63¾ to ⅝, Sept. .63⅛ to ¼. Oats—March (old) 29 to 29½, May (old) .31¾, (new) .32, July .31⅝ to ¾, Sept. .32

Wheat closed irregular, ¼ cent off to ⅞ up, corn ½ to 1 advance, oats showing ⅛ to ⅝ gain.

COTTON IRREGULAR

NEW YORK, March 3 (AP)—An early advance in Cotton today on firmness in Liverpool and the hope of an early lifting of the Indian boycott on cotton goods was followed by reactions under realizing which seemed to be combined with some southern and local selling. Trading was comparatively quiet on the declines of about 10 points from the high prices of the morning with the mid-afternoon market ruling within a point or two either way of yesterday's closing quotations.

BOSTON STOCKS

Closing Prices

Sales		High	Low	Last Mar. 3	Last Mar. 2
5	Allied Kid	70⅝	70⅛	70⅛	..
185	Am &Cont	15	14¾	14¾	14⅛
248	Am Pound	5	4⅞	5	5
20	Am & Brit 1pf	58	58	58	58
166	Am T&T	196¼	195⅞	196¼	196½
86	Arcadian	.25	.25	.25	..
70	Big Sanf	25	25	25	26
45	Bos El 1 pf	101	101	101	101
30	Bos El 2 pf	89	88½	89	89
12	Bos & Alb	180	180	180	..
250	B&M pr pf	107½	107½	107½	107½
120	Bos Prop	21½	20½	20½	..
78	Bos Prov	182¼	182¼	182¼	..
10	Brown pf	55	55	55	..
30	Cal & Hec	10⅝	10¼	10⅝	10½
5	Chi Junct	155	155	155	..
25	Cop Range	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7½
80	Cr C & Int	7½	7	7	..
10	Det Air	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3¾
210	East SS	26½	25½	26	26⅜
210	E G&Fuel	22½	21⅞	22	22
45	E G&P pf	94⅛	93⅞	94⅛	..
13	E G&P pr pf	80½	80⅛	80½	80½
10	E Mass B	6	6	6	..
73	Edison Elec	262	260	260	262
65	First Nat S	53⅝	53⅜	53⅝	52⅞
10	Galv H pf	3½	3½	3½	3
15	Gen Alloy	9	9	9	..
65	Gen Capital	36½	36	36¼	36
50	Hathaway B	13½	13½	13½	..
60	Hygrade	25	24½	24½	24
100	Isle Royale	5¾	5¾	5¾	6
320	Jenk Tel	4⅞	4	4¼	4¾
55	Me Cent	63	63	63	62
280	Mass Util	4¾	4⅝	4¾	4⅝
20	Mergenthal	86¾	86	86¾	..
55	Nash	35⅞	35⅛	35½	35½
135	Nat Ser	3⅛	3	3⅛	3
10	NE Equit pf	70⅛	70⅛	70⅛	..
35	N Tel	142	141½	142	..
1630	No Butte	2⅞	2⅝	2¾	2⅝
58	Old Colony	132	130½	132	130½
85	Pac Mills	22¾	22¼	22¾	..
110	Pocahontas	14	13½	13⅝	..
30	Prov Worc	180	180	180	..
70	Quincy Min	9⅝	9	9⅝	9½
70	St. Mary Ld	9	9	9	9¼
418	Shawmut	15	14½	14¾	15⅛
15	Spencer Trask	27	27	27	..
145	Stone Web	46	44⅞	46	46½
60	Sull Mach	21	21	21	..
7	Swift Inter	39	39	39	..
60	Torrington	45	45	45	47
5	Un Twist D	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	..
191	Uni Found	9¾	9¼	9¼	9⅝
130	Uni Shoe	56½	56¼	56½	56¼
200	Uni Shoe pf	31	31	31	..
380	Uni Gas	10⅝	10¼	10⅝	10⅞
500	Utah Met	.50	.50	.50	.50
25	Util Eq pf	73½	73½	73½	..
125	Venez H	4¼	4	4¼	..
50	Venez M	2	2	2	..
10	Walth'm ppf	90	90	90	..
833	War Bros	43⅝	42⅛	43⅝	43⅝
20	Westfield	22½	22½	22½	..
	BONDS				
$6000	Chi Pct 5s	103	102½	102½	..
2000	E Mass 5s	33	33	33	..
1000	PC Poc 7s	115	115	115	..

NEW YORK COTTON

(Reported by Clark, Childs & Co., Boston)

	Open	High	Low	1:00 p.m.	Prev. Close
March	11.10	11.15	11.08	11.09	11.10
May	11.30	11.39	11.29	11.33	11.31
July	11.58	11.64	11.53	11.58	11.55
October	11.81	11.90	11.79	11.86	11.81
December	12.00	12.08	11.98	12.06	11.09
January	12.08	12.16	12.08	12.13	12.07

Spots 11.20 unchanged. Tone at close quiet but steady.

New Orleans Cotton

	Open	High	Low	Last	Prev. Close
March	11.11	11.18	11.08	11.13	11.08
May	11.32	11.40	11.29	11.35	11.31
July	11.53	11.64	11.53	11.60	11.55
October	11.79	11.90	11.79	11.86	11.82
December	11.97	12.06	11.96	12.04	11.98
January	12.03	12.13	12.03	12.13	12.00

Tone at close quiet but steady.

Chicago Cotton

	Open	High	Low	Last	Prev. Close
March	11.12	11.22	11.12	11.22	11.25
May	11.40	11.47	11.38	11.45	11.41
July	11.62	11.71	11.62	11.69	11.64
October	11.88	11.98	11.88	11.96	11.90
December	12.04	12.13	12.04	12.13	12.08

Tone at close quiet but steady.

Liverpool Cotton

	Open	High	Low	Last	Prev. Close
March	5.99	6.02	5.97	6.01	5.90
May	6.08	6.11	6.04	6.08	6.03
July	6.18	6.20	6.13	6.17	6.17
October	6.28	6.30	6.24	6.27	6.28
December	6.34	6.34	6.34	6.34	6.35
January	6.39	6.40	6.35	6.37	6.39

Spots 6.15, unchanged. Tone at close quiet but steady. Sales 6000; (American) 4000.

LONDON MONEY MARKET

LONDON, March 3 (AP)—Consols for money today were 56, ex-interest. De Beers was 5⅝, Rand Mines 3¾. Bar silver was 12⅝d. an ounce. Money was 1⅝ per cent. Discount rates on short bills were 2⅝@2 11-16 per cent; three months 2 11-16 per cent.

HOBART MANUFACTURING CO.

CINCINNATI, March 3—Hobart Manufacturing Company reports for the year ended Dec. 31 net income of $771,466 after charges, federal taxes and after deducting $40,023 applicable to minority stockholders in subsidiaries, equal, after dividend requirements on the 7 per cent second preferred, to $3.80 a share on the 200,000 shares of common, compared with $1,115,455, or $5.40 a common share, in 1929.

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MARKETS AT A GLANCE

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

NEW YORK

Stocks: Irregular; short covering lists prices at close.

Bonds: Irregular; Latin Americans show strength.

Curb: Irregular; narrow fluctuations prevail.

Foreign Exchanges: Weak; sterling and franc sag.

Cotton: Steady; local covering.

Sugar: Steady; trade buying.

CHICAGO

Wheat: Firm; dry northwest and rally Winnipeg.

Corn: Firm; small contract deliveries.

Cattle: Steady to strong.

Hogs: Strong to higher.

MONEY MARKET

Current quotations follow:

	Boston	New York
Call loans—renewal rate	2½%	1½%
Commercial paper	2½@3	2½@2¾
Customers' loans	3½@4½	5
Collateral loans	5	5
Time loans—		
Sixty-ninety days	1½@1¾	1½@1¾
Four to six months	1¾@2½	1¾@2¼

	Today	Last Previous
Bar silver in New York	27c	27c
Bar silver in London	12⅝d	12⅝d
Bar gold in London	84s 11½d	84s 11½d

Acceptance Market

30 days	1⅜@1½
60 days	1⅜@1½
90 days	1⅜@1½
4 months	1¾@1⅝
5 months	1⅞@1¾
6 months	1⅞@1¾

Leading Central Bank Rates

The 12 Federal Reserve banks in the United States and banking centers in foreign countries quote the discount rates as follows:

Atlanta	3½	Bombay	7½
Boston	2½	Budapest	5½
Chicago	3	Calcutta	7
Cleveland	3	Copenhagen	3½
Dallas	3½	Helsingfors	6
Kansas City	3½	Lisbon	7½
Minneapolis	3½	London	3
New York	2	Madrid	5½
Philadelphia	3½	Oslo	4
Richmond	3½	Paris	2
San Francisco	3	Prague	4
St. Louis	3	Riga	6
Amsterdam	2½	Rome	5½
Athens	8	Sofia	9
Berlin	5	Stockholm	3
Berne	2	Tokyo	5.11
Bucharest	9	Vienna	5
Brussels	2½	Warsaw	7½

Foreign Exchange Rates

Current quotations of foreign exchanges compare with the last previous figures as follows:

Europe	Today	Last Prev.	Parity
Sterling:			
Demand	$4.85½	$4.85⅛	$4.8665
Cables	4.85⅝	4.85 25-32	4.8665
France—franc	.0391⅛	.0391⅛	.0392
Belgium—belga	.1394⅛	.1394⅛	.139
Italy—lira	.0523⅞	.0523½	.0526
Germany—mark	.2377	.2377⅛	.2382
Austria—schill'g	.1406⅛	.1406⅛	.1407
Cz'ch'via—crown	.0296⅛	.0296⅛	.0296
Denmark—krone	.2675	.2675½	.268
Finland—finm'rk	.0252	.0252	.0252
Greece—dr'chma	.0129⅛	.0129⅛	.013
Holland—florin	.4008⅛	.4011	.402
Hungary—pengo	.1745⅛	.1745⅛	.1749
Norway—krone	.2675½	.2676	.268
Poland—zloty	.1120⅛	.1121	.1122
Port'gal—escudo	.0450	.0450	1.0805
Rumania—leu	.0059⅞	.0059⅞	.193
Spain—peseta	.1065	.1047	.193
Sweden—krona	.2678⅛	.2678	.268
Switz'land—franc	.1925⅛	.1925¼	.193
Jugoslavia—dina	.0176	.0176¼	.193
Far East			
Hong Kong—dol	.2362½	.2318	*
Shanghai—tael	.2925	.2962½	*
India—rupee	.3597	.3600	.3650
Japan—yen	.4942	.4952	.4984
Phil Islnds—peso	.4962½	.4962½	.50
Sts Stlments—dol	.5625	.5625	.5678
South America			
Argentina—peso	.3331	.3325	.4245
Brazil—milreis	.0830	.0820	.1196
Chile—peso	.1205	.1205	.12125
Colombia—peso	.9682	.9682	.9737
Peru—pound	.2725	.2717	.40
Uruguay—peso	.7187½	.7200	1.0342
North America			
Canada—dollar	.99 63-64	.99 63-64	1.00

*Par unsettled.

COTTON CLOTH CONTINUES IN BRISK DEMAND

Prices Show Advancing Tendency—Premiums Paid for Spot Delivery

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., March 3—The marked activity of the last several weeks in the primary cotton cloth market was continued throughout last week. The growing scarcity of many wanted constructions, coupled with the continued rise in the price of raw cotton, appears to have convinced buyers that fabrics are cheap at ruling prices.

The movement is supported also by the continued response of the public in absorbing the goods in retail channels. Retailers are coming in frequently to the wholesalers and converters for additional supplies. They still cling largely to the idea of small orders frequently replenished, which was suggested at the recent convention of wholesalers and manufacturers and is designed to eliminate large accumulations of unsalable goods which can be sold only at greatly reduced prices.

The scarcity of goods in converters' and wholesalers' hands compels the retailers to pay premiums for prompt delivery. As these orders are passed on to the mills the wholesalers also are compelled to pay premiums for prompt delivery.

It is reported that total sales of all classes of goods in the primary market have aggregated about 900,000,000 yards since the first of the year and that in the last six weeks they have exceeded all previous records. In very few instances has vigorous buying been sustained for so long a period.

Usually after a period of large sales for two or three weeks there is a relatively quiet period of a few weeks, but this year the accumulated scarcity of goods all along the line, and the retail demand by the public, have produced a condition described by some as a boom in cotton goods.

Denims Higher

The leading denim manufacturers advanced the prices of denim to a basis indicated by 12c for 2.20s, which is ½c advance over the last previous price. The leading blanket makers also advanced their prices on cotton and wool blankets from the extremely low level established early in the year. These advances were well received and are called constructive.

The activity last week spread to the sheeting division, and the market broadened to include nearly all departments. Prices were advanced on some sheetings and some of the fine goods, notably lawns, voiles and broadcloths.

In the print cloth division the leading numbers were 38½-inch 60x48s 6.25-yard and the 64x60s 5.35-yard which sold at 4½ and 5⅜c, respectively, throughout the week. In the latter construction some sales were made at 5½c for spot or near-by delivery.

The 39-inch 68x72s 4.75-yard sold at 6⅛c for near-by and at 6⅜ and 6¾c for future delivery. The 72x76s 4.25-yard brought 7c for spot and 6¾c for future delivery, with some sales for March-April delivery at 7c. The 80 squares 4.00-yard ranged all the way from 7⅜c for spot to 7⅝c for late delivery. In all cases the lowest price was for the most distant delivery.

Pajama Checks Active

In the sheeting division, the 31-inch 48 squares 5.00-yard sold at 4¼c, and the 36-inch of the same count and weight advanced from 4⅛c for late delivery to 4⅝c, with the latter price ruling for prompt delivery. The 40-inch 48 squares 2.85-yard brought 6½c and the 44 squares 5.00-yard 4⅝c.

Pajama checks were extremely active. The 36½-inch 72x80s 4.70-yard advanced from 6⅛c to 6¼c. The 88 squares 4.00-yard was firm all week at 7½c. Second-quality osnaburgs moved in good volume at 7c for the 40-inch 7-ounce goods, and at 4⅞c for the 36-inch 3.90-yard. Drills, while still relatively quiet, nevertheless improved in activity last week. The 37-inch 3.95-yard sold at 5½c and the 2.00-yard at 9½c.

Broadcloths were active and strong. The 36½-inch 80x60s 5.00-yard sold at 6c for future delivery, but near-by deliveries commanded 6⅛c. The 90x60s 4.32- yard advanced from 7⅜ to 7½c. The 100x60s 4.10-yard sold at 8c for future delivery, but spot goods brought 8¼c and some future sales were made at 8⅛c. The 112x60s 3.85-yard advanced from 8¾c to 9c and 8⅞c for later delivery.

Combed Broadcloths Moving

Combed broadcloths shared in the activity, with prices ranging from 11¼ to 12½c for the 128x68s and from 13¼ to 14½c for the 144x76s singles. The 144x76s, 100s, two-ply, brought from 27½ to 29c, according to make and date of delivery.

In the fine-goods division a larger volume of business was handled last week than for several months. Prices were firm in all instances, and advanced in a few. Combed lawns 40-inch 84x80s 11.00-yard sold at 11¼ to 12c. The 72x76s 9.00-yard brought from 7⅜ to 8c for future, but 8c for near-by delivery. Combed voiles 40-inch 60x56s, extra hard twist, sold at 9¼c. The regular hard twist brought from 7⅜ to 7¾c. These goods are scarce and no spot goods are available.

Pongees 34-inch 72x100s 7.00-yard sold at 8c, and the 38-inch of the same count 6.25-yard carded at 8⅜. Organdies were in demand at 6⅜ to 7c for the 39-inch 68x56s 11.00-yard. Combed sateens brought 15c for the 39-inch 88x140s 5.10-yard. Single-end cantons 96x100s 22-26 sold at 12½c and single-end tussahs 80x52s at 13c. Two-end goods were not active.

ELECTRIC STORAGE BATTERY

Electric Storage Battery Company in 1930 earned $6.22 a share on the combined common and preferred stocks, compared with $8.77 a share in 1929.

THE securities advertised in this newspaper are not guaranteed as investments by The Christian Science Monitor.

The publishers aim to accept advertisements of sound securities only, but those making investments on account of such advertisements should make their own investigations before buying.

Purchases made will not involve responsibility on the part of the publishers.

New York Bond Market

(Quotations to 2:30 p. m.)

	High	Low
Adams Express 4s '48	87	87
Albany PWP 6s '48	75	75
Allegheny Corp 5s '44	85	84
Allegheny Corp 5s '49	83	83
Amer Ag Chem 7½s '41	104⅛	104⅛
Amer Chain deb 6s '33	101	101
Amer Foreign Power 5s	83¼	82⅜
Amer I G Chem 5½s ct '49	100¼	100⅛
Amer Ice Co 5s '53	84	83¼
Amer Smelting 5s '47	103⅞	103¼
Amer Sugar Refining 6s '37	103⅞	103¾
Amer T&T 4½s cv '39	132¾	132⅜
Amer T&T col 5s '46	107	106⅞
Amer T&T sf 5s '60	107	107
Amer T&T 5s '65	106⅞	106⅝
Amer T&T deb 5½s '43	109⅛	109⅛
Amer WW & Elec deb 6s '75	105⅛	105
Anglo-Chile 7s '45	85	85
Armour & Co 4½s '39	90⅛	89⅞
Armour & Co 5½s '43	75	74
Atch T&SF gen 4s '995	96⅞	96⅝
Atch T&SF 4½s	117	117
Atl Refining deb 5s '37	102½	101¾
Balt & Ohio 1st 4s '48	97⅛	97⅛
Balt & Ohio 4½s '33	101⅛	101⅛
Balt & Ohio rfg 6s '95	109⅝	109⅛
Bangor & Aroos 4s '51	86⅞	86⅞
Bangor & Aroos 5s	104	104
Bell Tel of Pa rfg 5s '48 B	108⅞	108⅞
Bell Tel of Pa 5s '60 C	112⅜	112⅜
Beth Steel pur mon 5s '36	103	102⅞
Beth Steel rfg 5s '42	104	103⅞
Boston & Maine 5s '55	102½	102
Boston & Maine 5s '67	102½	102⅛
Botany Cons Mills 6½s '34	29	29
Bklyn Ed gen 5s A '49	106⅞	106½
Bklyn-Man Tr sf 6s '68	101½	101½
Bklyn Un Gas 5s '50	104¼	104¼
Bklyn Un Gas 5s '45	108⅞	108⅞
Buff Gen Elec 4½s	101⅞	101⅞
Calif Fruit P 6s '38	99½	99½
Calif Petroleum 5½s '38	100½	100½
Can Nat Ry 4½s '57	99⅞	99⅞
Can Nat Ry 4½s '68	99⅞	99⅞
Can Nat Ry 4¾s '55	102	102
Can Nat Ry 5s Oct	105½	105½
Can Pacific deb 4s	87½	87⅜
Can Pacific 4½s '46	101¼	101¼
Can Pacific 4½s '60	99⅛	99⅛
Can Pacific 5s '44 ct	104½	104½
Cen of Ga rfg 5½s '59	99¼	99¼
Cen Pacific 5s '60	105¼	105
Cen Pacific Hud Gas 5s	105⅞	105⅝
Certainteed 5½s rcts '48	35½	35
Ches Corp 5s '47 rcts	100⅝	100⅜
Ches & O cv 4½s A	101½	101⅛
Ches & O 4½s B	101⅜	101⅛
Chicago & East Ill 5s '51	45½	45½
Chicago Gt West 4s '59	68⅞	68⅛
Chicago M StP&Pac adj 2000	29⅞	29¼
Chicago M StP&Pac 5s '75	71¼	70¾
Chicago & Nw gen 4s '87	89⅞	89⅞
Chicago & Nw 4¾s '87	91	90⅞
Chicago & Nw rfg 5s 2037	101⅛	101⅛
Chicago Railway 5s	68	67½
Chicago RI&P rfg 4s '34	99	99
Chicago RI&P 4½s A	93	93
Chicago RI&P 4½s cv	89	89
Chicago & W Indiana 4s '52	90¾	90½
Chicago & W Indiana 5½s '62	105	105
Chile Copper 5s '47	95	94¾
Cin Gas & Elec 4s '68 A	92⅞	92⅞
Cin Terminal 4½s 2020	104½	104½
Clev CC&StL rfg 5s D '63	104½	104
Colonial Oil 6s '38	65	65
Columbia Gas & E 5s '52 May	98¾	98⅝
Com Az Antilla 7½s '39	16¼	16¼
Com Credit Co 5½s '35	96	96
Com Inv Trust 5½s '49	97½	97½
Con Coal (Md) rfg 5s '50	34¼	34¼
Con Gas Co 5½s '45	106⅛	106⅛
Consum Pow unl 5s '52	105	105
Container Corp 5s ct '43	57	56½
Crown Cork & Seal 6s '42	98½	98½
Crown Wil Paper 6s '51	92⅝	92⅜
Crown Zelerbach 6s ww	75	75
Cuba Cane Sug Prod deb	8	8
Cuba Nor Ry 5½s '42 rcts	44½	44½
Cuban-Am Sug col 8s '31	100	99⅞
Del & Hudson rfg 4s '43	97¼	97
Den & Rio G con 4s '36	97¼	97⅛
Den & Rio G 4½s '36	99⅛	99⅛
Den & Rio G Wn rfg 5s '78	83	83
Detroit Ed 4½s wi	101⅛	101½
Detroit Ed col 5s '33	102½	102⅛
DetroitEd 5s '49	108⅝	108⅛
Detroit Un Ry 4½s '32	98½	98⅛
Dodge Bros sf 6s '40	89⅞	89
Duquesne P & L 4½s '67	103⅝	103⅝
Erie RR gen 4s '96	66⅞	66⅛
Erie RR 5s '67	81½	81⅜
Erie RR gen lien	75⅛	75⅛
Erie RR gen '75s	80	80
Fed Lt & Trac 1st 6s '42	101⅛	101⅛
Fed Lt & Trac 5s '42	96⅞	96⅝
Fla East Coast 5s '74	36	36
Fonda Johns & G 4½s '52	24	24
Gen Mot Acc Corp 6s '37	103¾	103⅝
Gen Pub Svc 5½s '39	94	94
Gen Theater Equip 6s	69⅛	68
Goodrich 6s '45	97⅞	97⅛
Goodrich 1st 6½s '47	99¾	99½
Goodyear Tire 5s '57	90¾	90⅛
Gotham S Hos 6s rcts	39	39
Grand Tk Ry Can 6s '36	107⅞	107⅞
Grand Tk Ry Can 7s '40	111⅞	111⅞
Great Northern 4½s '76 D	96⅞	96⅛
Great Northern 5s '73 C	105⅜	105⅜
Great Northern 5½s '52	109⅝	109⅝
Great Northern 7s '36 A	112	111⅞
Gulf States Steel 5½s '42	92	92
Humble Oil 5½s '32	102½	102⅛
Ill Central 4¾s '66	95⅞	95⅞
Ind Limestone 6s '41	60	60
Inland Steel 4½s A '78	96⅜	96⅛
Inland Steel 4½s B '81	96	96
Inter Match Corp 5s rcts '47	91½	91
Inter Rap Tran rfg 5s '66	73½	73½
Inter Rap Tran 5s sta '66	72½	72½
Inter Rap Trans 7s '32	91⅞	91⅞
Int & G Nor adj 6s '52	48	48
Int Paper rfg 5s A '47	76	75⅛
Int Paper 6s '55	84	83¾
Int Rys Cen Am 5s '72	71	71
Int Tel & Tel 4½s cv '39	88	88
Int Tel & Tel 5s	83	83
Kan City Ft S&Mem 4s '36	87⅞	87⅛
Kan City Pow & Lt 5s '52	106	105⅞
Kan City So rfg 5s '50	102½	102½
Keith Albee Orpheum 6s '46	76	76
Kentucky Cen 4s '87	92⅜	92⅜
L'Autare 6s '54	66	65
Loew's Inc 6s '41	108⅛	107¾
Long Island rfg 4s '49	94¾	94¾
Louis Arkansas 5s	66	66
L&N rfg 4½s C 2003	100¼	100¼
L&N rfg 5½s 2003	105½	105½
Manhat Ry con 4s '90	67⅛	67⅛
Manila Sol 4s '59	74½	74½
McCormick (Edith R) 6s '34	101⅛	101⅛
McKesson & Robbins 5½s	80	79½
Meade 6 ww	87¼	87¼
Midvale Steel col 5s '36	102½	102¼
Min StP & SSM 4s '38	68⅞	68⅞
Mo Pacific rfg 5s A '65	95⅝	95⅛
Mo Pacific 5s F '77	94⅞	94⅝
Mo Pacific 5s G '78	94½	94½
Mo Pacific 5s H '80	94½	94¼
Mobile & O 6s '47	80	79
Nassau Elec con 4s '51	59	58
Nat Dairy Prod 5¼s '48	101⅝	101½
New Eng T&T 5s '52	109⅝	109⅝
N O Pub Ser 5s A '52	89½	89¼
NYC&HR rfg & im 4½s 2013	100⅝	100⅝
NY Chi & StL 4½s '78	97⅝	97½
NY Chi & StL 5½s '74	105⅞	105⅞
NY NH&H deb 4s '57	77	77
NY NH&H 4½s '67	94½	94⅜
NY NH&H clt 6s '40	108⅝	108⅝
NY NH&H cv 6s '48	117¼	117¼
NY Railway inc 6s A '65	53	52
NY Tel deb 6s '49	111½	111½
NY Tel rfg 6s '41	106⅝	106⅝
NY Trap Rock 6s '46	98	97¾
NY W'chester & B 4½s '46	86½	86½
Niag Falls Pow 6s '32	102¼	102¼
Niag Lock & O P 5s '55	104⅞	104⅞
Nor Am Ed 5s C '69	99¼	99
Nor Am Ed 5s A '57	104	104
Nor Am Ed 5½s '63	102⅞	102¾
Nor Am Co 5s	97¼	97¼
Nor Ohio Tr & Lt 6s A '47	105¾	105⅝
Nor Pacific pr in 4s '97	94⅞	94⅝
Nor Pacific 6s B 2047	113⅛	113
Nor States Pow 5s A '41	103⅝	103½
Otis Steel 6s '41	98½	98⅛
Pac Gas & Elec 5s '42	103½	103½
Paramount Public 5½s '50	87¾	87¼
Pathe Ex inc 7s '37	70⅛	70
Penn Railroad con 4s '48	99⅛	99⅛
Penn Railroad 4½s D '70	97⅞	97⅜
Penn Railroad gen 4½s '65	102⅛	101⅞
PennRailroad 5s '64	105	105
Penn Railroad gold 6½s '36	110	109⅝
Pere Marquette 4½s '80	99⅜	99⅛
Philadelphia Co 5s '67	101⅜	101
Philadelphia Electric Co 4s	93¼	93¼
Pitts CC&StL 4½s '77	101⅝	101⅝
Pitts & West Va Ry 4½s '60	95¼	95¼
Port Gen Elec 4½s '35	88	87⅞
Postal Tel & Cable 5s '53	74½	74
Pure Oil 5½s '40	93	93
Purity Baking 5s '48	97	96⅞
Read rfg 4½s B '97	102	102
Read rfg 4½s A '97	101⅝	101⅝
Remington Rand 5½s '47 ww	88	88
Richfield Oil Co of Cal 6s '44	62⅞	62⅞
Republic I&S sf 5s '40	98½	98½
St Louis & SF 4s A '50	86	85½
St Louis & SF 4½s '78	80	79½
Seabd AL gold 4s st '50	43	42
Seabd AL con 6s '45	17	17
Shell Union 5s ct ww '49	86½	86
Sinclair Cn O col 7s '37	98½	98⅛
Sinclair Cru O 5½s '38	102	101⅞
Sinclair Pipe L sf 5s '42	90½	90½
Skelly Oil Co 5½s '39	77⅞	77⅞
Southern Bell Tel & Tel 5s '41	105⅝	105⅝
Southern Pac col 4s '49	97	96⅞
Southern Pacific rfg 4s '55	97	97
Southern Pacific 4½s '68	98	98
Southern Pacific 4½s '69 ww	98½	98⅛
Southern Pacific 5s	103½	103½
Southern Pacific 6s	112⅛	112⅛
Southern Ry gen 4s '56	87⅛	87⅛
Southern Ry 6s '56	113⅜	112⅝
Southern Ry 4s M&O div '38	93½	93½
Stand Oil N J 5s '46	103⅞	103⅞
Stand Oil NY 4½s '51	100⅛	100⅛
Stevens Hotel 6s '45	62	62
Tenn Elec Power 6s '47	107¼	107¼
Texarkana 1st 5½s '50	105⅞	105⅞
Texas Corp 5s '44	101	100⅞
Tex & Pac 5s C '79	98⅞	98⅞
Tex & Pac 5s B '77	99⅛	98⅞
Tex & Pac 5s D '80 wi	98⅜	98⅜
Truax Traer Coal 6½s '43	82	82
Union El L & P rfg 5s '33	102	102
Union El L & P 5½s '54	103⅞	103⅞
Union Pacific 1st 4s '47	98⅛	98⅛
United Biscuit 6s '42	104	104
US Rubber Co 5s '47	71½	71¼
Utah Pow & Lt 5s '44	101⅝	101½
Utica Gas & Elec 5s '57	106⅝	106⅝
Util Pow & Lt 5s '59 ww	77⅞	77½
Util Pow & Lt 5½s '47	81	81
Wabash RR 5s '76	91	91
Warner Bros Pict 6s '39	66	66
West Pa Pow 5s A '46	105	105
West Shore 4s 2361	92½	92¼
Western Maryland 4s '52	82	82
Western Union 5s '51	104¼	104¼
Western Union col 5s '38	104	104
Western Union 6½s '36	110	109⅞
Western Union 5s '60	104	103⅞
Wheeling Steel 4½s B '53	90	90
White Sew Mach 6s '40	43	43
Wickwire Spen 7s cv '35	11	11
Youngstown Steel 5s '78	101⅝	101½

LIBERTY BONDS

	High	Low	Last Mar 3	Last Mar 2
3½s '47	101.24	101.20	101.24	101.12
1st 4¼s '47	103.20	103.20	103.20	..
4th 4¼s '38	103.22	103.18	103.22	103.20
US 3¾s '43	100.26	100.26	100.26	100.26
US 3⅜s '47	100.30	100.30	100.30	..
US 3⅜s '56	103	102.30	103	..
US 4s '54	106.26	106.21	106.21	107
US 4½s '52	111	111	111	111

Quoted in thirty-seconds of a point. For example, read 103.8 as 103 8-32.

FOREIGN BONDS

	High	Low
Abitibi P&P 5s '53	77¼	77½
Akershus 5s '63	96	96
Antioquia 7s A '45	83½	83½
Antioquia 7s B '45	86⅞	86⅞
Antwerp 5s '58	100⅝	100⅝
Argentine Gov 6s June '59	93	92⅞
Argentine Gov 6s May '60	93	93
Argentine Gov 6s Sept '60	93¼	92⅞
Argentine Gov 6s Oct '60	93⅛	92⅞
Argentine Gov 6s Feb '61	93¼	92⅞
Argentine Gov 6s May '61	93	92⅞
Argentine Gov 6s '57 A	93⅛	93⅛
Australia 4½s '56	62	61½
Australia 5s '55	68	67½
Australia 5s '57	67	67
Austria (Gov) 7s ct '57	97¼	97
Austria (Gov) 7s '43	106	106
Austria (Upper) 6½s '57	90½	90½
Batavian Pet 4½s '42	96⅞	96⅞
Belgium (King) 6s '55	103⅛	103¼
Belgium (King) 6½s '49	110⅛	110
Belgium (King) 7s '55	114	114
Belgium (King) 7s '56	110⅝	110⅝
Bergen (City) 5s '49	96⅛	96
Bergen Co Gas 5s	105⅛	105⅛
Berlin Elec 6½s '51	79¾	78½
Berlin Elec 6½s '59	79	79
Berlin Elec 6s '55	73⅞	72½
Bolivia (Rep) 7s '69	27½	27½
Brazil 6½s '26-'57	67	66½
Brazil 6½s '27-'57	67	66½
Brazil (US) 8s '41	87½	87½
Brazil 7s	66	66
Breda (Ernesto) 7s '54 ww	69½	67½
Budapest (City) 6s '62	76	75
Buenos Aires 6s '61 (Prov)	72	72
Buenos Aires (Prov) 6½s '61	71¾	71¾
Caldas (Rep) 7½s '46	63¼	63¼
Canada (Dom) 5s '31	100⅛	100¼
Chile (Bank) 6½s '57	84½	84½
Chile (Bank) 6¾s '61	78¼	78¼
Chile (Bank) 6s '62	79½	79½
Chile (Rep) 6s '60	79¼	79¼
Chile (Rep) 6s '61	80	78
Chile (Rep) 6s '61 Sept	80	79¾
Chile (Rep) 6s '63	79½	79½
Chilean Loan 7s '60	81¾	81¾
Colombia Mtg Bk 6½s '47	82	82
Colombia Mtg Bk 7s '46	67¼	67¼
Colombia (Rep) 6s '61 Jan	67	67
Colombia (Rep) 6s '61 Oct	67	67
Copenhagen (City) 5s '52	100⅝	100¼
Cordoba (City) 7s '37	85½	85½
Cundi (Rep) 6½s '59	59	58½
Denmark (King) 4½s '62	96¾	96½
Denmark (King) 6s '42	106	106
Dutch El sf 6s '62	102	102
Fiat 7s '46 ex-war	90	89
Finland (Rep) 6s '45	89	89
Framerican Dev 7½s '42	108	108
French (Rep) 7s '49	120½	120½
French (Rep) 7½s '41	126½	126⅛
Gelsenkirchen Min 6s '34	94	93¾
German 7s '49	104½	104½
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s '38	88⅞	88¼
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s July '60	80⅞	80¼
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s Oct '60	80⅞	79½
Germ Cen Agr 6½s '58 rcts	80	79⅞
Germ El Pow 6½s '50	83	83
Germ Gen Elec 6s '48	87½	87½
Germ Gov Int 5½s '65	79¼	79
Irish Free State 5s '60	103	103
Italian Credit Con 7s A '37	99½	99½
Italian Pub Util 7s '52	94½	94
Italy (King) 7s '51	99⅛	98⅞
Jap (Con Pwr) 6½s '50	94½	94½
Jap (Con Pwr) 7s '44	100	100
Jap (Im Gov) 5½s '65	95½	95
Jap (Im Gov) 6½s '54	105½	105
Karstadt 6s '43	68	68
Kreuger & Toll 5s '59	92½	92⅛
Marseilles (City) 6s '34	104⅛	104⅛
Mag Mill Mch 7s '56 xw	70½	70
Milan (City) 6½s '52	88	88
New South Wales 5s '57	60⅛	60⅛
New South Wales 5s '58	60	59½
Nord Rys 6½s '50	106⅝	106⅝
Norway (King) 5s '63	101	101
Norway (King) 6s '43	103⅝	103⅝
Norway (King) 6s '44	100⅞	100⅞
Norwegian El 5½s '57	100¼	100
Nrembrg 6s '52	77½	77½
Oriental Dev 5½s '58	93½	93
Oslo (City) 5½s '46	100¼	100¼
Paris-Lyons-Med 6s '58	104⅝	104⅝
Paris-Lyons-Med int ctf 7s '58	107	107
Peru (Gov) 6s '60	31½	31
Peru (Gov) 6s '61	31½	30½
Poland (Gov) 7s '47	81	81
Poland (Gov) 8s '50	89⅞	89½
Porto Ale (City) 7½s '66	53	53
Prussia 5½s '51	78½	78
Prussia 6s '52	75	75
Queensland (State) 6s '47	79	79
Rhine Westphalia 6s '53 ww	83½	83½
Rhine Westphalia 6s '55 ww	80	80
Rhinelbe 7s '46	86	85½
Rima Steel Corp 7s '55	59	59
Rio de Janeiro (City) 6½s '53	76½	76
Rio de Janeiro (City) 8s '46	76½	76½
Rome (City) 6½s '52	88½	88½
Royal Dutch 4s '45 ww	93½	93
Rumania 7s '59	80	80
Ruhr 6s	73½	73½
Saarebrucken (City) 6s '53	90	90
Sante Fe (Prov) 7s '42	84	84
San Paulo (City) 6½s '57	55½	55½
San Paulo (State) 6s '68	48	48
Sao Paulo (State) 7s '56	67	67
Sao Paulo (State) 7s '40	83½	83
Sao Paulo (State) 8s '50	72½	72½
Saxon Pub Wks 7s '45	88	88
Saxon State 5½s '46	84	84
Seine (Dept) 7s '42	107¼	107¼
Serbs Cro & Slov 7s '62	81	81
Serbs Cro & Slov 8s '62	91¼	91
Siemens 7s '35	101	101
Silesia (Prov) 7s '58	63	63
Sydney 5½s '55	70	69½
Toho Elec Pow 6s '32	99⅞	99½
Toho Elec Pow 7s '55	99⅛	98⅞
Tokyo (City) 5½s '61	93¾	93½
Tokyo Elec Lt 6s '53	90¾	90½
Tolima (Dept) 7s '47	67	66
Tyrol 7s '52	93	93
Ujigawa El Pow 1st 7s '45	100⅞	100⅞
U K Gt Br & I 5½s '37	106¼	106⅛
Uni Stl W 6½s '47	76½	76½
Uni Stl W 6½s A '51	77⅞	77⅞
Uruguay (Rep) 6s '64	81	81
Uruguay (Rep) 6s '60	81⅞	81⅞
Vienna 6s '52	88⅞	88⅞
Warsaw 7s '58	66⅞	64⅞
Westphalia El 6s '53	75	74½
Yokohama (City) 6s '61	98⅞	98⅞

New York Bank Stocks

	Bid	Asked		Bid	Asked
America	70	73	Lebanon	30	35
Am Union	55	60	Liberty	61	71
Bk of U S	2½	4½	Manhattan	90	93
Bk Yorktown	..	95	Melrose	118	128
Bryant Pk	20	30	Merchants	85	95
Chase	102	108	Midtown	10	15
Chat Phnx	83½	86½	People's	300	350
City	100	103	Penn Ex	58	68
Columbus	185	195	Port Morris	8	13
Commercial	335	345	Public	59	62
Fifth Av	2400	2600	Queensboro	..	170
First N Y	4050	4250	Seward	63	68
Flatbush	90	125	Straus	135	140
Grace	400	500	Textile	48	53
Harriman	1300	1600	Trade Bank	150	160
Industrial	150	170	Yorkville	65	75
Lafayette	23	27			

TRUST COMPANIES

	Bid	Asked		Bid	Asked
Am Ex	195	225	Irving	39½	41½
Banca C I	239	249	Kings Co	2550	2750
Banco di S	37½	39½	Law Tie & G	243	253
Bk Eur T	47	57	M'facturers	51	53
Bk N Y & T	610	630	Midwood	99	109
Bronx	45	50	Mut Tr W	400	425
Brooklyn	540	550	New York	184	189
Cen Hanover	364	369	Times Sq	6	8
County	30	32	Title Guar	135	140
Empire	57	60	Unit States	3050	3250
Fulton	415	450	West T & T	105	120
Guaranty	545	550	Westchester	1000	1100

CHICAGO NATIONAL BANKS

	Bid	Asked		Bid	Asked
Cont Ill Bk	382	387	Nat Bk Rep	73	75
First Nat	495	499	Straus Nat	310	320
Foreman	400	405			

CHICAGO STATE BANKS

	Bid	Asked		Bid	Asked
Central	228	238	Peoples Tr	347	352
Harris T&S	515	525	Un Chi B n	150	155
Northern	478	483			

ASSOCIATED GAS & ELECTRIC

Associated Gas & Electric System reports for the year ended Dec. 31 net income of $17,301,066 after taxes, preferred dividends of subsidiary and affiliated companies, interest and appreciation, compared with actual net income in 1929 of $16,183,946 shown in the company's pamphlet report. Preliminary net reported for 1929 was $16,045,904.

BUCYRUS-ERIE INCOME

Bucyrus-Erie Co. reports for the year ended Dec. 31 net income of $2,439,401 after depreciation and federal taxes, equal, after preferred dividends, to $1.03 a share, par $10 on the 500,000 shares of common, compared with $5,301,000 in 1929, equal to $3.70 a share on the 400,000 common shares, excluding 30,000 shares issued on Dec. 31, 1929, and to $3.17 a share on 500,000 shares outstanding at the end of that year.

Central Illinois Electric & Gas Co.

First & Refunding Mortgage Bonds

5% Series due 1951

This Company renders public utility service in 57 communities in Illinois, including Rockford, the second most important industrial city in the State.

Net earnings from properties to be owned by the Company, as officially reported for the 12 months ended November 30, 1930, were $2,498,737, or 2.8 times annual interest on the entire funded debt of the Company to be presently outstanding.

Price 94½ and interest, yielding over 5.45%

Harris, Forbes & Co

Incorporated

Harris Forbes Building

24 Federal St., Boston

New York Curb Market

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

INDUSTRIALS

Sales (in hundreds)	High	Low	12:30
10 Aero Underwrit	10	9	10
1 Affiliated Prod	18½	18½	18½
1 Agfa Ansco	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛
1 Allegheny Gas	2¾	2¾	2¾
1 Allied Aviation	⅝	⅝	⅝
1 Alum Co Am pf	109	109	109
2 Alum Ltd pf	92½	92½	92½
1 Am Austin Car	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
2 Am Cit P & L A	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝
5 Am Cities P & L B	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝
9 Am Com Pow A	16½	16	16
31 Am Cyan B	11⅛	11	11
2 Am Dept St	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
20 Am & Fgn Pow war	24¾	23¾	24½
6 Am Gas & El	79	78¼	79
3 Am Invest B	7½	7½	7½
5 Am Light & Trac	51⅞	51⅝	51⅝
20 Am Maracaibo	1	⅞	1
2 Am Nat Gas	4⅞	4⅝	4¾
213 Am Sup Power	16⅝	15⅞	16⅛
1 Am Ut & Gen B vtc	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
4 Am Yvette	2	2	2
7 Appalach Gas	7½	7¼	7¼
5 Ark Nat Fas	6⅛	6	6
18 Ark Nat Gas A	6	5⅞	5⅞
1 Asso El Ind Ltd	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
16 Asso Gas & El A	22½	21⅞	22
5 Asso G & E war	1¾	1¾	1¾
11 Asso Ray pf	57⅛	56½	57
1 Atl Lobos	¼	¼	¼
1 Atlas Ply	12	12	12
1 Atlas Util	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
1 Autom ot Mach	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
3 Aut V M cv pr pt	15⅝	15½	15½
B			
25 †Bell Tel Can	148	148	148
9 Blue Ridge	5⅞	5⅜	5⅜
5 Blue Ridge cvt pf	37½	37⅜	37½
2 Braz Tr & Lt	25½	25½	25½
1 Bulova Watch pf	28⅞	28⅝	28⅝
C			
2 Cable R Tube vtc	1¾	1¾	1¾
8 Can Marc Wireless	4	3⅞	3⅞
19 Carib Syn	2	1⅞	2
1 Carrier Corp	24	24	24
1 Cen Hud G & E vtc	21½	21½	21½
4 Cent Pub Serv A	17¾	17¾	17¾
14 Cent tSates El	11⅜	11¼	11¼
2 Cnetrif Pipe	7⅞	7⅛	7¼
3 Chain Str St	11	11	11
7 Chath Ph Al nv	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛
64 Cities Service	18⅞	18¼	18¼
1 Claude Neon Lts	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞
1 Colomb Syn	⅞	⅞	⅞
3 Colon Oil	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
1 Colum Pict vtc	20	20	20
10 Comwith & So war	3⅛	3	3⅛
10 Commun Wat Serv	11⅞	11¼	11⅞
6 Comstock Tun	⅜	⅜	⅜
2 Cons Dairy	4½	4	4¼
1 Cons Laundries	14¼	14¼	14¼
†50 Cont Shares cvt pf	43	43	43
†25 Cont Shares pf B	43	43	43
60 Cord Corp	10⅝	9⅞	9⅞
1 Corroon & Rey	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
2 Creole Pet	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
2 Cresson Gold	⅜	⅜	⅜
2 Crocker & Wheel	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝
4 Crown Cent Pet	½	½	½
1 Curtiss Wright war	⅝	⅝	⅝
D			
10 Dayton Airpl	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝
12 Deere & Co	38⅛	36⅞	37½
1 De Forest	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
1 Detroit Aircraft	3⅞	3½	3⅞
3 Doehler Die-Cast	7½	7½	7½
1 Douglas Airc	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛
3 Dresser Mfg B	25⅞	25½	25⅝
136 Durant Mot	3	2⅞	2⅞
E			
7 East States Pow B	18⅞	18½	18⅞
3 Eisler Elec	4	4	4
237 El Bond & Sh	54⅞	53⅞	54⅛
2 El Bond & Sh pf	106⅞	106⅞	106⅞
1 El Pow Assoc	19½	19½	19½
1 El Pow Assoc A	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
3 El P&L opt war	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞
1 Electric Shareh	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝
1 Europe El deb rts	2	2	2
3 Evans Wallo Lead	2½	2⅜	2½
F			
1 Fairchild Avia A	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
1 Falcon Lead	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
6 Ford Mot Cana A	27	27	27
16 Ford Mot France	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞
31 Ford Mot Ltd	17⅞	16⅞	16⅞
1 Founda Foreign A	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
G			
14 Gen Alloys	8⅛	8	8⅛
5 Gen Aviation Corp	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞
1 Gen Bak	⅜	⅜	⅜
1 Gen Bak COD	⅜	⅜	⅜
35 Gen Elec Ltd rct	11	11	11
†350 Gen Gas&El cv pf B	70	70	70
3 Gen Thea Eq cv pf	38⅞	38⅝	38⅝
3 Globe Underwrit	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
3 Gold Seal Elec	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
17 Goldman Sach	9⅞	8⅞	8⅞
1 Guardian Inves	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
1 Gulf Oil Corp Pa	66⅛	65⅛	65⅛
H			
1 Hudson Bay M & S	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
*3 Humble Oil	62½	61½	61½
I			
11 Imp Oil Can	16⅞	16⅝	16⅞
1 Insull Util	45	45	45
3 Intercon Petrol	½	½	½
5 Internat Pet	14½	14	14
1 Inter Super Pow	26½	26½	26½
2 Inter Util B	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞
2 Inter Util war	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
4 Interstate Equit	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
1 Inters Eq cv pf	32½	32½	32½
3 Ital Superpow A	4⅛	3⅞	3⅞
J			
10 Jonas Naumburg	1½	1⅞	1½
L			
2 Lehigh C & N	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞
1 Leonard Oil	⅞	⅞	⅞
24 Loew's war	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
2 Loew's deb rts	18¾	18¾	18¾
1 Lone Star Gas	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞
M			
1 Mass Util Asso	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
18 Mavis Bott	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
6 Mead Johnson	102	101	102
2 Memphis Nat Gas	11½	11¼	11¼
1 Metal & Min	⅞	⅞	⅞
1 Mid St Pet B vtc	1½	1½	1½
1 Mid West St Util	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞
8 Mid West Util	24⅞	23⅞	23⅞
2 Mid West Ut pf xw	101	100⅛	101
1 Midld Nat Gas A	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
14 Mo Kans Pipe L	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞
1 Mo Kans P L B vtc	½	½	½
1 Moore Corp Ltd	18½	18½	18½
1 Mountain Prod	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
N			
1 Nat Avia	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
1 Nat Fam Stores	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
3 Nat Fuel & Gas	22⅞	22⅞	⅞
9 Nat Investors	7⅛	6⅞	7
1 Nat Pub Serv A	20	20	20
340 †Nat Rub Mach	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
3 Nat Short T Sec A	17	17	17
3 Nat Sug Ref NJ	34	34	34
100 †Neisner pf	78	72	72
36 Niag Hud Pow	13⅞	13½	13⅞
2 Niag Hud P A war	2⅝	2¾	2¾
1 Niag Hud P B war	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
1 Nipissing Mines	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
6 Noranda Mines	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞
6 Nor Am Avia A war	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
5 Nordon Corp Ltd	7-16	7-16	7-16
1 Nor Am Util Sec	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
1 Novadel Agene	48	48	48
O			
1 Outboard Mot A	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
1 Outboard Mot B	3	3	3
1 Overseas Sec	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
P			
3 Pacific West Oil	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞
10 Pandem Oil	⅝	⅝	⅝
3 Pennroad Corp	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
†25 Pa P&L 6% pf	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞
3 Peo Lt Pow A	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞
3 Phoenix Sec Corp	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
2 Pie Bak of Am A	37	35⅞	37
8 Pilot Radio A	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
17 Pitney Bowes	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
†150 Pitts Lake Er Ry	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛
1 Premier Gold	⅜	⅜	⅜
2 Prod Roy	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
2 Prudential Invest	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛
1 Pub Ut Hold war	1	1	1
1 Pub Ut Hold xw	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
Q			
25 Quebec Pow	42⅛	42⅛	42⅛
R			
1 Rainbow L Prod B	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
2 Reliance Manage	6⅞	6	6
1 Reybarn Inc	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
S			
1 St Anthony Gold	⅛	⅛	⅛
†7 St Regis Paper	19	18⅞	18⅞
2 Sanit Cu	6	6⅞	6⅞
2 Seaboard Util	5	5	5
2 Sec Corp Gen	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛
1 Segal Lock	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
10 Selected Indust	4½	4¼	4½
4 Select Ind pr pf	66	66	66
7 Sentry Sal Control	2	1⅞	1⅞
5 Shenandoah	7	6⅞	6⅞
6 Shenandoah pf	35	34½	34½
10 Singer Ltd	3	3	3
3 Southern Corp	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
1 South Penn Oil	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞
1 South Nat Gas	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
1 Southwest Gas Ut	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
50 Stand Inv cum pf	55	55	55
17 Stand Oil Ind	33⅞	33⅝	33⅝
2 St Pow & Lt	45	44	45
2 Starrett Corp	9⅞	9⅛	9⅛
6 Starrett pf	23¼	21⅞	21⅞
3 Straus (Nathan)	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
2 Strauss Roth	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
2 Stram Carlson	17	17	17
8 Stutz Mot Am	24⅛	24	24
3 Sunray Oil	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
4 Swift & Co	29⅞	29⅝	29⅝
3 Syrac Wash Mch B	7⅛	7	7⅛
T			
1 Todd Shipyards	40⅞	40⅞	40⅞
6 Transcont Air Tr	6⅛	6	6
51 Trans Lux D Pic A	9⅞	9⅛	9⅛
1 Tri Cont Corp war	4	4	4
U			
6 Ungerleider Fin	29½	29¼	29½
1 Union Oil Asso	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛
1 United Corp war	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
1 Unit El Serv rt	½	½	½
52 Unit Founders	9⅞	9⅛	9⅛
70 United Gas	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛
6 United Gas war	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
1 United Gas pf	92⅞	92⅞	92⅞
30 Un Lt & Powers A	31⅞	31	31⅞
1 U S & Int Sec	29	29	29
4 U S & Int Sec pf	81	81	81
20 U S Elec Pow	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞
1 U S Elec Pow war	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
7 United Verde Ext (2)	11⅛	11	11
1 Utility Equities	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
2 Util P&L (1.02[illegible])	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛
V			
2 Vacuum Oil (4)	63½	63½	63½
W			
1 Wayne Pump	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
1 Wayn Pmp cv pf (3½)	25	25	25
†30 West Md pf	81	80	80
3 Wil-low Cafet pf	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛
1 Wilson Jones (1½)	22	22	22

DOMESTIC BONDS (Sales in $1000)

Sales	High	Low	12:30
11 Ala Pow 4½s '67	99	98¾	99
11 Alumin Co 5s '52	104½	104½	104½
2 Am Com Pw 6s '40	77⅜	77⅜	77⅜
18 Am G&E 5s 2028	98⅞	98⅛	98⅝
3 Am G&Pw 6s '39	87½	86	87½
3 Appalach Gas 6s '45	86⅞	86⅞	86⅞
8 Ap Gas 6s '45 B	71⅞	71½	71½
1 Appalach Pw 5s '56	101½	101½	101½
10 Asso Dye&Pr 6s '38 ww	20½	20	20
1 Ark P&L 5s '56	97¼	97¼	97¼
3 Asso Elec 4½s '53	90	89⅞	90
6 AssoG&E5½s'38 inv ctf	73⅞	73½	73½
7 Asso G&E 5s '50	79⅞	79⅞	79⅞
1 Asso G&E 5½s '77	91⅞	91⅞	91⅞
11 Asso G&E 5s '68	79½	79⅛	79⅜
25 Asso Rayon 5s '50	57½	57⅛	57⅛
5 Asso G&E 4½s '49 C	69½	69½	69½
3 Asso Hardware 6½s '33	45	45	45
19 CanNatRyEq 4½s'56	99⅛	99	99⅛
1 Caro P&L 5s '56	102¾	102¾	102¾
5 Caterp Trac 5s '35	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
3 Cent St El 5s '48	66½	66	66
2 CentStP&L 5½s'53	80⅛	80⅛	80⅛
4 Chi Dist El 4½s '70 A	92¼	92¼	92¼
1 Chi Ry cod 5s '27	67	67	67
52 Cities Ser 5s '50	78⅞	78⅛	78½
1 CitSerGas 5½s '42	79⅞	79⅞	79⅞
1 CitSerGPipe 6s '43	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞
2 CitSerPow 5½s '52	83	83	83
6 Col Gas & El 5s '61	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝
8 Comwlth Ed 4½s '60 E	101¼	101¼	101¼
1 Cons G U 6½ A '43ww	74¼	74¼	74¼
1 Cons Gas U 6s A '43	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞
13 Cont G & E 5s '58 A	84½	84½	84½
5 Det Int Bdg 6½s '53	19½	19½	19½
16 East Ut I 5s '54 A	62⅞	62½	62½
5 Ed Elec Ill 4s '32	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
1 El P N G 6½ '43 ww	108	108	108
1 Emp O & R 5½s '42	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞
3 Fla Pow & Lt 5s '54	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞
1 Gat Pow 5s '56	94	94	94
5 Geo Pow 5s '67	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
43 Gillette 5s '40	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛
5 Glidden Co 5½s '35	90	90	90
2 Gulf Oil Pa 5s '37	102½	102½	102½
2 Gulf St Ut 5s '56 A	100⅛	100¼	100¼
2 Guar Inv 5s A '48 ww	56	56	56
8 Hygrade Fds 6s '49 A	41	41	41
1 Ill Pow & L 5½ '54 B	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛
4 Indnapls P&L 5s '57 A	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
8 Insull Ut Inv 6s '40	91⅞	90⅞	91⅞
8 Int Salt 5s '51	81½	81½	81½
18 Iowa-Neb Lt&P 5s '57	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞
5 Kan Pow 5s A '47	94½	94½	94½
2 Kop Gas & C 5s '47	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
1 Lehigh C&N 4½s '54 C	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
1 Lehigh PS 2026 A	103	103	103
6 Louis P&L 5s '57 new	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞
1 Mid West Util 5s '32	98	98	98
5 Milw El Ry&L 5s '71	101	101	101
3 Milw Gas & El 4½s '67	103	102⅞	102⅞
10 Miss R Fuel 6s '44 ww	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛
1 Nat Pub Serv 5s '78	73½	73½	73½
5 Neisner Bros 6s '48	73½	73½	73½
6 N Eng G&E 5s '50	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞
2 N Eng G&E 5s '48	90⅞	90⅞	90⅞
1 N Eng G&E 5s '47	90½	90½	90½
22 N Y P & Lt 4½s '67	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞
20 Niag Falls Pow 6s '50	106½	105⅞	106⅛
1 Nor Ind Pub S 4½'70 E	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞
1 Nor Oh P&Lt 5½s '51	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞
5 Nor State Pow 6½s '33	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞
1 Nor State Pow 5½s '40	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
5 Ohio Edison 5s '60	101½	101½	101½
20 Ohio Pow 4½s '56 D	98	97⅞	98
1 Oklahoma G&E 5s '50	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
3 Pac Gas&El 4½s '57 E	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛
5 Pac G&E 4½s '60 F	98	97⅞	97⅞
1 Pac P&L 5s '55	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞
10 Penn Cen P&L 4½s '77	94⅞	94	94⅛
2 Penn Oh Ed 5½s '59 B	99	99	99
2 Penn P&Lt 5s '52 B	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞
1 Penn P & L 5s '53 D	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞
4 Penn Tel Corp 5s '60 C	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
12 Peop Lt & P 5s '79 ww	70⅛	69⅞	69⅞
1 Phila El 5½s '47	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛
1 Piedmont N Ry 5sA'54	91⅞	91⅞	91⅞
2 Pub Ser Ill 4½s '80 E	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞
1 Pub Ser Okla 5s '57 D	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞
1 Pug So P&L 5s '50 C	97	97	97
10 Roch Cent Pow 5s '53	73⅞	73⅞	73⅞
2 San Ant P S 5s '58B	98	98	98
2 Saxet Corp 6s '45 A	81	80⅞	80⅞
2 Scripps 5½s '43	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞
4 Shawing W&P4½s'67A	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞
2 Shawing W&P4½s'70D	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞
20 SEP&L 6s 2025 A xw	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞
1 South Cal Ed 5s '51	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛
2 So Cal Ed 5s '52	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛
5 So Carolina Pw 5s '57	92	92	92
2 So Cal Gas 5s '57	102	102	102
3 So Cal Gas 5s '37	94	94	94
2 So Cal Gas 5½sB'52	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞
5 So Nat Gas 6s '44	82⅞	81⅞	81⅞
3 S'west Nat Gas 6s '45	71	71	71
5 Stand G&E 6s '35	101	101	101
4 Stand G&E 6s '51	99⅛	99	99⅛
1 Stand G&E 6s '66	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞
1 Stand P&Lt 6s '57	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞
5 Sun Oil 5½s '39	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
1 Tex El Serv 5s '60	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞
1 Tex Gas Util 6s '45	78⅛	78⅛	78⅛
1 Tex P&Lt 5s '56	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
8 Union Gulf Corp5s'50	104⅛	102	102
2 Ut Lt&P 6s '75	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞
1 Un Lt&Ry 5½s '52	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞
6 Un Lt&P 5½s '59	97	97	97
2 Unit Pub S 6s A '42	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛
1 Waldorf Ast 7s '34	71	71	71
2 West News Del 6s '44	80⅛	80⅛	80⅛
(CURB FOREIGN BONDS)			
21 Canada 4s '60	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞
1 Cauca Val 7s '48	56⅞	56⅞	56⅞
Chile Mtg Bk 6s '31	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛
6 Com Priv Bk 5½s '37	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞
2 Ger Cons Mun 7s '47	85⅞	85	85⅞
2 Ger Cons Mun 6s '47	78⅛	78⅛	78⅛
3 Hamburg El 5½s '38	84⅛	84	84⅛
11 Hung R B 7½ '63 AC	85	84	85
1 Isarco Hdy El 7s '52	85⅛	85⅛	85⅛
2 Nippon El Pw6½s '53	91⅞	91⅞	91⅞
25 Saxon Pub Wks 5s '32	94⅞	94⅛	94⅛
6 Stinnes 7s '36 xw	84	83	83
16 Terni Elec 6½s '53	83	82	83

†Actual sales. *Ex-dividend.

MONTGOMERY WARD SALES

February and two months' sales of Montgomery Ward & Co. compare:

	1931	1930	Dec. %
Feb.	$12,264,976	$13,465,000	17.1
Two months	21,866,222	24,736,966	13.2

"Which Stock Shall I Buy?

The utilities . . . Consolidated Gas . . . American Telephone . . . the industrials . . . United States Steel . . . du Pont . . . National Biscuit . . . the rails . . . Atchison . . . New York Central . . . Pennsylvania . . . the oils . . . Standard of New Jersey . . . Texas Corp.?"

Moody's Composite Portfolio Rating "A"

CORPORATE TRUST SHARES

represents an ownership interest in deposited common stocks of these 28 Companies—

New York Central
Illinois Central
Union Pacific
Southern Pacific
Louisville & Nashville
Pennsylvania
Atchison
Stand. Oil (New Jersey)
Stand. Oil of New York
Stand. Oil of Ind.
Stand. Oil of Cal.
Texas Corporation
American Tel. & Tel.
Western Union
Con. Gas of New York
General Electric
Westinghouse Elec.
United States Steel
American Tobacco
International Harvester
Otis Elevator
Ingersoll-Rand
du Pont
United Fruit
American Radiator
Woolworth
Eastman Kodak
National Biscuit

The market is always puzzling, particularly when an individual stock is considered. Some recover more rapidly from depressed conditions than others. The same is true of industries.

Skilled investors such as insurance companies spread their investment. Why should any individual attempt to pick the one best stock? The soundest plan is one of placing available funds in a cross-section of companies representing the best of American enterprises.

This may be done in twenty-eight of our most important corporations through a single investment in—

CORPORATE TRUST SHARES

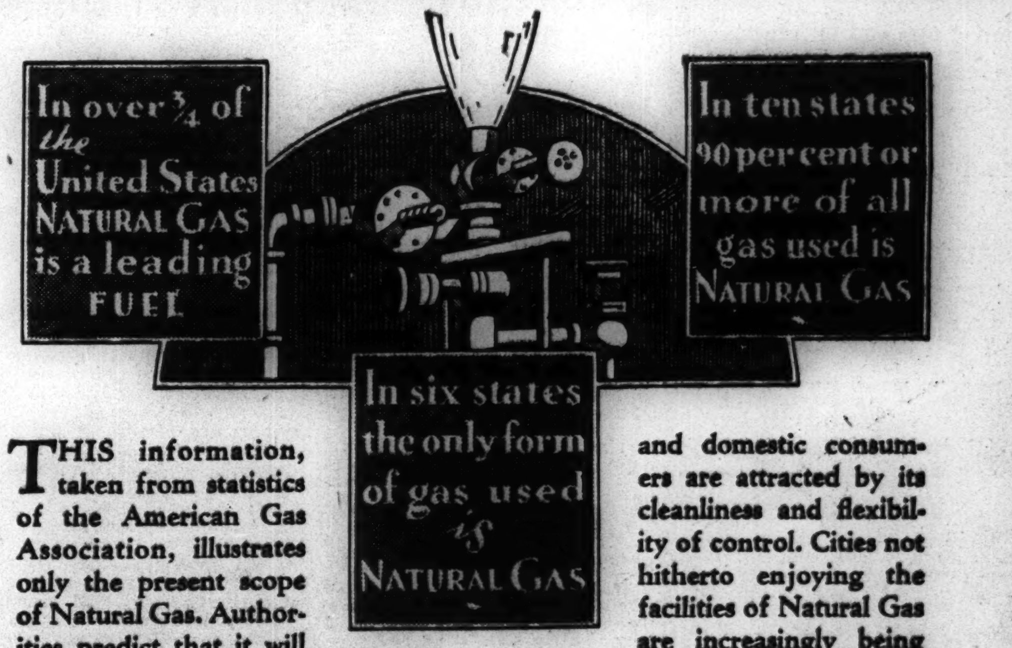
Price at Market, about 6⅝ per share

Descriptive circular on request

GRAHAM, PARSONS & CO.

10 POST OFFICE SQUARE
BOSTON

PHILADELPHIA — NEW YORK



THIS information, taken from statistics of the American Gas Association, illustrates only the present scope of Natural Gas. Authorities predict that it will become a "common fuel" of the future for both industrial and household uses throughout the entire country.

Indicative of the constantly broadening demand for this fuel and of its economic superiority is the fact that large public utilities, recognizing its advantages, are demanding greater quantities for use in the production of electric power and other utility services. Manufacturers are also becoming more aware of its value where superior heat energy is required. Both industrial and domestic consumers are attracted by its cleanliness and flexibility of control. Cities not hitherto enjoying the facilities of Natural Gas are increasingly being brought into its service area through means of long distance pipe lines; many others are making plans to obtain it.

The Appalachian Gas Corporation group of companies in West Virginia, Kentucky, Ohio, Tennessee, Arkansas, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas is sharing in this remarkable progress of Natural Gas production and distribution. Each of the nine companies now constituting this group has a well defined and enlarging market and is strategically situated as to supply and demand.

Our publication "Appalachians" contains timely information on the natural gas industry and the properties of this system. Your name will be placed on the regular mailing list upon request.

Appalachian Gas Corporation

46 Cedar Street — New York

GENERAL ELECTRIC HEAD VISITS LYNN

LYNN, Mass., March 3—Gerard Swope, president of the General Electric Company, visited the company's plant here Monday. When asked about business conditions, he said:

"There is no question in my mind that we will work out of the present situation nicely. The situation, in my opinion, will be no worse. I am hopeful of a better stability. I do not think we should be too buoyant.

"It may be that too much has been said. Most certainly conditions will be no worse. I am not bringing a prophecy."

ELECTRIC STORAGE BATTERY

Electric Storage Battery Co. and Willard Storage Battery Co. report for the year ended Dec. 31, 1930, net income after all charges, including taxes, of $4,667,260, equivalent to $5.10 a share on the 911,530 combined common and preferred shares.

Both classes share equally in earnings after 25 cents a share has been paid on each class. In 1929 net income was $7,910,905, equivalent to $8.77 a share on the 901,707 combined shares.

HOLLAND FURNACE CO.

NEW YORK, March 3 (AP)—The Holland Furnace Company today reported that 1930 was the second best year in the company's history, both in the volume of business and net profits. Net for 1930 was $1,686,689, equal to $3.60 a share on the common, compared with $2,322,378, or $4.96 a common share, in 1929, and $1,245,188, or $2.65 a share, in 1928.

KELVINATOR CORP.

Kelvinator Corporation reported that shipments for February showed an increase of 11 per cent over unit shipments for the like month of 1930. H. W. Burritt, vice-president in charge of sales, said the increase came from all parts of the country.

DIAMOND SHOE CO.

Diamond Shoe Company and subsidiaries for 1930 had net profit of $682,344, equal to $2.21 a common share, compared with $1,166,624, or $4.32 a common share, in the previous year.

CITY ICE & FUEL SHOWS FURTHER GAIN

NEW YORK, March 3—For the thirteenth consecutive year substantial growth is reflected in the annual report of City Ice & Fuel Company. Sales in 1930 were $30,631,943, an increase of 10.9 per cent over previous year. Net profits after all charges were $6,611,905, an increase of $555,232 or 9.1 per cent over 1929.

A stock dividend of 3 per cent was paid during the year which increased the shares outstanding by 34,310. Therefore, net per share on the 1,143,690 shares outstanding prior to application of the stock dividend and comparable to 1929, was equal to $4.79, compared with $4.69 a share in 1929 and $4.07 in 1928. On present stock outstanding earnings on the common are $4.65 a share.

Intercollegiate, Club and Professional Athletic News of the World

OUT-OF-TOWNER IS DEFAULTED

Harrison of Cincinnati Arrives a Day Late for U. S. Squash Tennis

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

NEW YORK, March 3—The elimination of two members of the seeded players, and an impromptu decision of the president of the National Squash Tennis Association, Rowland B. Haines, a competitor in the tournament, which eliminated by default the out-of-town representative in the championship, C. L. Harrison Jr., of Cincinnati, after his victory in his initial match, so as to insure two days' rest between the quarterfinal round and the semifinals, which has not been the practice in preceding tourneys, featured the play yesterday in the United States amateur squash tennis championship at the New York Athletic Club.

R. Mason Kirkland, of the New York Athletic Club, scored the initial upset of the day, when he defeated Edward G. McLaughlin, of the Columbia University Club, in straight games, after the latter had been seeded fourth in the draw, while Kirkland was left outside the seeded list. The score was 17—15, 15—9, 15—13.

Frank Barry Ryan of Short Hills, who was almost left out of the tourney, but broke in by the withdrawal of Lambert Prettyman of the Yale Club, furnished the other surprise result by defeating Barnwell Elliott of the home club, in a well-fought five-game match, 15—11, 7—15, 17—14, 12—15, 15—12.

Harrison was a day late in appearing for the tourney, but arriving on Sunday afternoon, asked that his delay be condoned. This was done by the local committee of the New York Athletic Club, and it was agreed that he should play his first match this noon. Encountering E. J. Gleason of the home club, the Cincinnati player, who just had conducted with success the western championship, scored a victory, 15—6, 10—15, 15—8, 15—7. He was next scheduled to encounter Harold R. Mixsell, United States veteran champion, in which a victory might have placed him well up in the Class A ranks. But the executive committee, at the time of the draw, had vehemently insisted that there must be only eight left in the tourney after yesterday's play, so that there would be a day between the quarterfinal and the semifinal, and to have allowed Mixsell and Harrison to play their match, with the consequent postponement of the match between the winner and Burdett H. O'Connor of the Crescent Athletic Club, until Tuesday, would have changed this schedule, though O'Connor was perfectly willing and would have violated the ukase.

So Haines and Norman F. Torrance, the secretary, ordered that Harrison be defaulted, and O'Connor, called from out of town, scored a victory over Mixsell to preserve the proprieties. The summary:

UNITED STATES SQUASH TENNIS AMATEUR CHAMPIONSHIP—First Round

C. L. Harrison Jr., Cincinnati, defeated E. J. Gleason, New York A. C., 15—6, 10—15, 15—8, 15—7.

Second Round

Harold R. Mixsell, Princeton Club, won from Harrison by default.

Third Round

H. F. Wolf, N. Y. A. C., defeated F. M. Loughman, N. Y. A C, 15—10, 15—4, 15—7.
E. R. Larigan, Crescent A. C., defeated H. L. Mayer, City A. C., 15—7, 15—12, 15—4.
R. M. Kirkland, N. Y. A. C., defeated E. G. McLaughlin, Columbia U. C., 17—15, 15—9, 15—13.
B. H. O'Connor, Crescent A. C., defeated H. R. Mixsell, Princeton Club, 15—3, 11—15, 14—17, 15—6, 15—9.
R. B. Haines, Columbia U. C., defeated C. J. Mason Jr., Harvard Club, 15—12, 15—5, 15—10.
Frank B. Ryan, Short Hills Club, defeated Barnwell Elliott, New York A. C., 15—11, 7—15, 17—14, 12—15, 15—12.
Philip T. Moore, Columbia U. C., defeated Milton Baron, Fraternity S. T. C., 15—10, 8—15, 18—15, 18—15.
Gavin Brackenridge, Princeton Club, defeated Frank C. Hart, Crescent A. C., 15—7, 15—8, 15—9.

ENTRY BLANKS FOR B.A.A. MARATHON OUT

William F. Garcelon, chairman of the athletic committee of the Boston Athletic Association has sent out entry blanks for the thirty-fifth annual American Marathon run which will be held April 20, under the auspices of the Unicorn Club. The start of the race will be at Hopkinton, Mass., and the finish at the B. A. A. clubhouse, Exeter Street, Boston. The distance is 26 miles 385 yards.

Prizes will be given to the first eight men and a souvenir to the next 25 men who finish after the prize winners. A special trophy will be awarded to the club whose first three athletes to finish score the least number of points. The system of scoring will be the same as that used in cross-country running—first place counts one; second place, two; third place, three, etc.

The race is sanctioned by the Amateur Athletic Union and the New England A. A. A. U. and all competitors must be registered athletes, in accordance with Amateur Athletic Union rules. No athlete under 18 years of age will be allowed to compete. The right to reject any entry is reserved. The entry fee will be $1.00 and entries will close on April 13, 1931, with William F. Garcelon, chairman athletic committee.

MISS HICKS AND PERKINS WIN

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

ST. AUGUSTINE, Fla., March 3—Miss Helen L. Hicks of Hewlett, L. I., and T. Phillip Perkins, 1928 British amateur champion, yesterday won the preliminary event on St. Augustine links, playing in the mixed foursome handicap competition which annually precedes the women's Florida East Coast championship, with a best ball of 32, 34—66. Miss Kathleen Garnham of England, finalist for the South Atlantic championship last week, and William Duckwall, University of Florida star, were one stroke behind Miss Hicks and Perkins. The winners were the only scratch players.

Wales Scores 35-to-3 Victory in Rugby

INTERNATIONAL RUGBY FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT STANDING

	W	D	L	Points For	Points Agst
Wales	2	1	0	50	22
Ireland	2	0	1	14	13
Scotland	1	0	2	19	26
France	1	0	2	10	41
England	0	1	1	16	17

BY RADIO TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

SWANSEA, Wales, March 2—Wales' overwhelming victory against France here on Saturday by the score of 35 points to 3 means that, provided the Welshmen avoid a defeat in their concluding match against Ireland at Belfast, March 14, they will win the annual international Rugby football tournament for the first time since 1922. England still has to play Scotland at Edinburgh, March 21, and France in Paris, April 6, but none of the three nations concerned in these two games can reach first place in the final standing, however the results pan out.

BY RADIO TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

DUBLIN, Ireland, March 2—Irishmen were jubilant today because of the good showing of their national team while defeating Scotland 8 points to 5 here Saturday, which has raised hopes high for the all-important match with Wales, which will decide the destination of championship honors for 1931. In the game played under trying weather conditions of wind, snow and rain, and dominated to a great extent by forwards, the Irishmen made thrilling recovery after having an early lead snatched away from them and in the second half established a marked and impressive superiority, battling strenuously for long spells within striking distance of the Scottish line.

NEW YORK RANGERS VS. BOSTON BRUINS

New York Rangers get their last opportunity in a regular scheduled National Hockey League game to break through the success of the Boston Bruins at the Boston Garden tonight. The locals have not been defeated by the Rangers in the last 17 successive games, including playoff contests. The best the Rangers have done during that series is tie on three occasions. In games played this year the Rangers were defeated three times and tied twice.

Despite the evident supremacy of the Bruins these two clubs have developed keen rivalry and on many occasions it was not so much the supremacy of the locals that kept their record intact as good fortune; for the Bruins are hardly as much better than Rangers as the records would indicate. Two keen strategists are at the helm when these clubs meet, Art Ross handling his Bruins and Lester Patrick his Rangers. They were equally as great rivals when playing the game.

The New Yorkers have been pressed this season to keep third place, for the Detroit Falcons have made a battle of it all the way and are now only three points behind; but with six games to be played the Rangers are expected to win out. The highest scoring line in either division of the N. H. L. comes with the visitors in the Cook brothers, Bill and "Bun," on the wings with Frank Boucher in center, but the Bruins will present their scoring line of Weiland, Clapper and Gainor backed by better replacements.

PACIFIC COAST HOCKEY LEAGUE

	Won	Tied	Lost	Goals For	Goals Agst	Pts
Seattle	12	9	8	52	44	33
Vancouver	12	8	9	51	48	32
Portland	10	8	12	51	50	28

RESULT MARCH 2

Portland 4, Vancouver 3.

PORTLAND OUTSCORES VANCOUVER

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

VANCOUVER, March 3—In one of the most exciting scoring games of the season, Portland's Buckaroos set back the Vancouver Lions in a Pacific Coast Hockey League contest here last night, 4 to 3. Portland took the lead in the first period when Roulston snapped a pass from Maher into the net. Vancouver came back with a rush in the second session, Jimmy Arnott breaking through unassisted. Redpath put the Lions in the lead on a pretty combination play with Pettinger. The Buckaroos came back in the third period with a burst of speed. McGoldrick skated down and passed to Evans who scored after five minutes play. Seven minutes later Coupez broke through and passed to Downie who foxed the Vancouver goalie. "Red" Conn scored the winning goal on a pass from McGoldrick. Vancouver made a final effort as Ossmundson converted Brennan's pass just a minute before the whistle.

TWO CRIMSON CAPTAINS CHOSEN

The Harvard varsity basketball team has elected George H. Pattison Jr. '32 of Winnetka, Ill., as captain for next year. Pattison prepared at New Trier High School in Winnetka, and last year won minor H's in both basketball and lacrosse at Harvard. Another election was also announced by the Harvard Athletic Association, that of Arthur W. Patterson '32 as leader of next year's varsity squash team. Patterson prepared at St. Paul's School, and was captain of his freshman squash racquets team. He has been playing No. 3 regularly during the season.

COLLEGE BASKETBALL RESULTS

Carleton 36, Lawrence 22.
Carroll 46, Ripon 35.
Central 44, Western Union 31.
Illinois 36, Chicago 30.
Kentucky 56, Florida 36.
Northwestern 41, Iowa 16.
Ohio State 31, Indiana 15.
Oklahoma A. & M. 30, Drake 19.
Purdue 24, Wisconsin 17.
St. Ambrose 38, Columbia 30.
Syracuse 28, Notre Dame 23.
Upper Iowa 31, Penn 26.

DE ORO WINS EASTERN OPEN

NEW YORK, March 3 (AP)—Alfredo de Oro of Cuba ended the eastern open three-cushion billiard tournament last night by scoring his ninth straight victory, defeating Harry Schuler of Brooklyn, 40 to 33 in 54 innings. De Oro's high run was 4; Schuler's 3. De Oro easily won the tournament with nine wins and no defeats. Schuler and Frank Copeland of Cleveland were tied for second place with six victories and three defeats.

KEIO AWARDED TROPHY

MONTREAL, March 3—Canadian manufacturers and members of the Chamber of Commerce who visited Japan last fall will give a trophy to the Japanese English Rugby Union. It will go first to Keio University, which won all six big games last season, and will then be handed for a year's custody to the best Rugby team each season.

COLLEGE HOCKEY RESULT

Brown 5, M. I. T. 2.

Facts About Professional Hockey Players—No. 130

EBENEZER ROBERTSON GOODFELLOW

Detroit, National Hockey League

First played professional hockey with Detroit in the Canadian Professional Hockey League in the 1928-29 season. He was born April 9, 1907, at Ottawa, Ont., Can. He is a left-hand shot, is about 5ft. 11in. in height, weighs around 175 pounds, and plays center. His record:

1924-26—Bells Corners, Nepean Hockey League
1926-28—Montagnards, Ottawa City League
1928-29—Detroit, Canadian Professional Hockey League
1929-31—Detroit, National Hockey League

PURDUE FIVE WINS, 24 TO 17

Defeats Wisconsin in 'Big Ten' Game—Ohio State Triumphs

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

MADISON, Wis., March 3—Purdue University defeated University of Wisconsin in the Badgers' final "Big Ten" Conference game of the season here last night, 24 to 17.

Superior height enabled the Boilermakers to control the ball, though the Cardinal played an aggressive defensive game which prevented heavy scoring and Wisconsin outscored Coach W. L. Lambert's team in the second half after trailing, 16 to 6, at the end of the first.

C. L. Stewart '33, Purdue's tall center, led in floor goals with four, though his team mate, J. R. Eddy '32, equaled him in scoring with two goals from the floor and four from fouls. D. A. Nelson '32 led the Badgers with three floor goals. The summary:

PURDUE — WISCONSIN
Eddy, lf..........rg, Nelson
Keller, rf..........lg, Poser
Stewart, c..........c, Griswold, Wichman
Parmenter, lg..........rf, Wichman, Inman
Wooden, rg..........lf, Steen, Tornowske

Score—Purdue University 24, University of Wisconsin 17. Goals from floor—Stewart 4, Eddy 2, Wooden 2, Keller for Purdue; Nelson 3, Steen 2, Wichman for Wisconsin. Goals from foul—Eddy 4, Wooden 2 for Purdue; Poser 2, Griswold, Wichman, Steen for Wisconsin. Referee—J. J. Schommer (Chicago). Umpire—Frank Lane (Cincinnati).

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

COLUMBUS, O., March 3—Ohio State University easily defeated the University of Indiana basketball team here yesterday, 31 to 15. The Buckeyes were by far superior in every department, with their short passes and clever defense.

The individual star of the game, from an offensive point, was Indiana's captain, J. T. Zeller '32, who caged four of his team's five baskets and four out of the five fouls for a total of 12 points. H. W. Mattison '33 and H. A. Ervin '31 both made nine points to lead the Buckeye scorers.

The game was the last at home for the Buckeyes and also the last appearance of Wesley E. Fesler '31, Ervin and C. R. Larkins '31 here. Fesler still has baseball to play before graduating.

So far outplayed were the Indianans that at the half the score stood 13 to 5 in favor of the Buckeyes. Ohio's standing in the "Big Ten" now is three victories out of 10 played, while Indiana's is five victories out of 11. Ohio State plays the University of Chicago team at Chicago for its next game, March 7. The summary:

OHIO STATE — INDIANA
Fesler, Lively, lf..........rg, Campbell, Veller
Ervin, rf..........lg, Blagrave, Campbell, Massey
Mattison, Russell, c..........c, Dickey, Jasper
Larkins, lg..........rf, Miller, Dauer
Hoffer, Fesler, rg..........lf, Zeller

Score—Ohio State University 31, University of Indiana 15. Goals from floor—Ervin 4, Mattison 3, Larkins 2, Hoffer 2, Lively, Fesler for Ohio State; Zeller 4, Campbell for Indiana. Goals from foul—Mattison 3, Fesler, Ervin for Ohio State; Zeller 4, Blagrave for Indiana. Referee—Calvin Bolster (Pittsburgh). Umpire—J. J. Maloney (Notre Dame).

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

EVANSTON, Ill., March 3—Northwestern University completed its basketball championship campaign in the "Big Ten" by defeating University of Iowa, 41 to 16, at Patten Gymnasium here last night. The Wildcats thereby recorded 11 victories and one defeat for the season, while all rivals lost four or more. Between halves Capt. B. F. Riel '31, left forward, accepted the Allerton Trophy, established by W. F. Dwyer as an emblem of the Conference title.

Iowa started the game in a lively manner with two field goals before Northwestern got started. The game was close until the last five minutes of the half, when two baskets by R. R. McCarnes '32, center, and one each by Captain Riel and W. B. Smith '31, left guard, put the Wildcats out in front, 20 to 10. As in most of their other games, the second half proved a walk-away for the champions. Joseph Reiff '33, leading "Big Ten" scorer, added 10 points to his total, making it 122 for the season.

NORTHWESTERN — IOWA
Riel, Seghi, Whelan, lf..........rg, Reigert, Willett
Reiff, Cummins, rf..........lg, Reinhart
McCarnes, Johnson, c..........c, Rogers, Lauer
Smith, Farber, Bauman, lg..........rf, Mowery, Schwartz
Marshall, Pendleton, Moonshower, rg..........lf, Williamson, Kotlo

Score—Northwestern University 41, University of Iowa 16. Goals from floor—Reiff 4, Riel 3, Smith 3, Marshall 3, McCarnes 2, Farber 2 for Northwestern; Williamson 2, Mowery, Rogers, Reigert, Schwartz for Iowa. Goals from foul—McCarnes 3, Reiff 2, Smith 2 for Northwestern; Reinhart 2, Willett, Williamson for Iowa. Referee—N. E. Kearns. Umpire—John Cleary.

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

CHICAGO, March 3—University of Illinois won its seventh straight "Big Ten" basketball game, 36 to 30, at the expense of University of Chicago at Bartlett Gymnasium here last night. The Maroons rallied near the end with a fast-scoring drive, but it fell short. The visitors led most of the evening and held the advantage, 24 to 16, at the half.

C. K. Bennett '33, who played pivot except at the center jump, set the scoring pace with four baskets in each period. B. W. Owen '33 was a big factor in the victory, getting the jump at center nine times out of 10, and then retiring to back guard.

As usual, C. M. Fish '31, right guard, was the only consistent Chicago player on defense and offense. He sank four goals from the floor and two from the free throw line. Ten free throws kept Chicago in the running. Sidney Yates '31, left forward, warmed up to supply Chicago's late but incomplete rally. The summary:

ILLINOIS — CHICAGO
E. Kamp, lf..........rg, Fish
Harper, Hagerman, Fencl, rf..........lg, Porter
Owen, c..........c, Parsons
Bennett, lg..........rf, Stephenson
R. Kamp, rg..........lf, Yates

Score—University of Illinois 36, University of Chicago 30. Goals from floor—Bennett 8, E. Kamp 4, Harper 2, R. Kamp, Owen, Hagerman for Illinois; Fish 4, Yates 2, Stephenson 2, Parsons 2 for Chicago. Goals from foul—Owen 3 for Illinois; Yates 4, Stephenson 2, Fish 2, Parsons, Porter for Chicago. Referee—S. J. Feezle. Umpire—Ray Allison.

YALE WINS—TWO NEW SWIMMING RECORDS

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., March 3 (AP)—The Yale University mermen last night defeated Wesleyan University, 58 to 26, in a meet here in which an intercollegiate record in the American collegiate record in the 400-meter swim were broken.

L. B. Osborne '32, Yale, in the 220-yard swim, time 2m. 16s., broke an intercollegiate record held by John Howland Jr. '30, Yale, 2m. 16 2-5s. established last year at Wesleyan.

John M. Harte '32, Yale, in the 400-meter swim, time 5m. 1 2-5s., broke an American collegiate record held by W. F. Sanford '28, Yale, 5m. 17 2-5s.

RUGBY BOARD SENDS FRANCE ULTIMATUM

BY RADIO FROM MONITOR BUREAU

LONDON, March 3—The International Rugby Football Board, consisting of representatives of England, Scotland, Ireland and Wales, yesterday threw a bombshell into French Rugby by announcing that after this season there will be no contact between French and British teams unless and until the differences between the French Rugby Federation and the 16 prominent clubs seceded from it are satisfactorily settled and a general "cleanup" of the game in France is effected.

An official statement, issued by the secretary of the English Rugby Union, reads:

A committee of representatives of each of the four home unions met in London yesterday to consider matters concerning Rugby football in France, and passed the following resolution: "After an examination of documentary evidence furnished by the French federation and dissentient clubs, we are compelled to state that owing to the unsatisfactory condition of the game of Rugby football as managed and played in France, neither our union, nor clubs, nor unions under its jurisdiction will be able to arrange or fulfill fixtures with France or French clubs, at home or away, after the end of this season unless and until we are satisfied that control and conduct of the game has been placed on a satisfactory basis in all essentials." This resolution, submitted by representatives of committees of their respective unions, was confirmed by each union and has now been communicated to the Fédération Française de Rugby.

This threatened boycott, if it takes place, will debar France from participating in the annual international tournament wherein its progress has been marked and will put a finish to the tours of British clubs in France, and French clubs in Britain—classic annual between Blackheath and Racing Club de France for example—and involve the scratching of fixtures already arranged for next season and even further ahead than that.

The "unsatisfactory condition" to which the international board's resolution refers arises from brutal play in the French national interclub championship and the departure from the rigid enforcement of amateurism.

McCASLIN'S SON TO BE AWARDED LETTER

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

COLUMBIA, Mo.—When letters are awarded to University of Missouri track and field men this spring one will go to a son of a letter winner at the university for the first time in athletic history here.

Colin McCaslin '33 of Kansas City, qualified for an "M" last week by placing first in the 60-yard dash and the broad jump in a dual meet between the University of Missouri and Kansas State Agricultural College. His father, Frank J. McCaslin, starred in the same events while a student here some 40 years ago.

F. J. McCaslin also won the distinction of being the only graduate at University of Missouri to win 12 letters, four each in football, track, and baseball, but this was when freshmen were permitted to compete on varsity teams.

YOUNG SWIMMER WON AT PERTH

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

PERTH, Western Australia—The eighteenth annual swim through Perth, held recently, resulted in a victory for W. De Lacy, a young swimmer from Maylands. The course was three miles long, commencing at Crawley and ending at the A. N. A. boat shed. There was a strong east wind blowing, consequently the waters of the Swan River were rather against the swimmers. There were 45 entries but three of these did not start. The first three finishers were: W. De Lacy, Maylands (handicap 4.30), time—1h. 24m. 16 3-5s.; G. J. Stiles, South Perth (handicap 7.30), time—1h. 28m. 5s.; J. Davenport (handicap 7.30), time—1h. 28m. 56s.

NAVY FIVE HAS 16 GAMES

ANNAPOLIS, Md., March 3 (AP)—United States Naval Academy's 1932 basketball schedule has appeared and shows the addition of Ohio State University, University of Pittsburgh, and Swarthmore College, and the elimination of the College of William and Mary, George Washington University, Rutgers University, Georgetown University and West Virginia University. The schedule, embracing 16 games, opens with Lafayette College at Annapolis, Dec. 12, and closes with Harvard University, Feb. 20, also at Annapolis. Harvard replaces the University of Maryland for the concluding game of the season. The Maryland college has been given a date in the middle of the season.

OXFORD CREW IN FIRST PADDLE

LONDON, March 3 (AP)—The Oxford University boat race crew took their first paddle at Putney yesterday in preparation for the race with Cambridge March 21 and impressed critics with their form. Several of the critical observers said the Dark Blue had boated the best crew in years. While Oxford was training on the championship course, Cambridge got in another long row at Goring. They did only light work in the morning but did some hard work in the afternoon. They did a half-mile sprint in 2m. 44s., taking just 98 strokes.

LANGMAID WINS BROOKS MEDAL

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., March 3 (AP)—The Belvidere Brooks medal, awarded annually to the Williams College football player whose playing during the season has been of the greatest credit to the college, has been awarded to Benjamin Langmaid '30 of Swampscott. Langmaid is rated the outstanding athlete at Williams, and captained last season's football eleven. The medal is given in memory of Captain Belvidere Brooks, Williams '10, lost in wartime in France in 1918.

CRICKET GAME POSTPONED

BY RADIO TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

SYDNEY, Australia—Owing to rain there was no play today, the fourth day of the last test match of the present series between the cricketers of the West Indies and Australia here. The West Indies are unexpectedly well placed with scores of 350 for 6 wickets declared and 124 for 5 wickets against Australia's 224 for its first innings.

HIGH SCORING IS EXPECTED

Fiber Sideboards Are Being Used in the A. B. C. Bowling Tourney Alleys

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 3—Local "booster" teams continue to monopolize the 32 new alleys in the thirty-first annual American Bowling Congress tourney in session here. While mediocre scores are still in swing, it is evident that the scoring in the Buffalo tourney will be high after the "regulars" swing into action.

For the first time in the history of the national event, fiber kick-backs are being used. The real "life" of a bowling alley is at the rear end and it is acknowledged by veteran bowlers that fiber sideboards add to the "action." During the last five years scores in league and tournament play have been higher than ever before, the cause being attributed to the fiber. Tournament officials and A. B. C. veterans are predicting that the general scoring will be the highest in A. B. C. history, with the advent of the livelier sideboards.

A total of 576 of Buffalo's 1508 local teams have already performed, but the tourney will really start with the schedule of the first out-of-town delegations Saturday and Sunday. The week-end will also inaugurate the opening of the doubles and singles program. Teams from Syracuse, Cleveland, Indianapolis, Schenectady, Altoona, Detroit, Akron, Lorain and Sandusky are booked on the week-end card.

Several totals over the 2600 mark have been registered by the local "boosters," but the scores will not qualify for slices of the $95,000 prize melon. The locals will, however, share in a special prize list for their efforts.

PICK-UPS

GEORGE E. "DUFFY" LEWIS, former star outfielder in the American League and a member of that famous Boston Red Sox outfield of some years ago—Hooper, Speaker and Lewis—has signed as coach with the Boston Braves during the coming season. Lewis has always been a favorite with Boston fans, and his appointment, which was given out by Emil E. Fuchs, president of the Braves, no doubt has pleased local baseball followers. The appointment of Lewis does not mean that Hank Gowdy will not remain as coach, for he will, but he plans to spend most of his time helping to develop the young pitchers.

Babe Ruth, still the most popular man in baseball and the greatest home-run hitter of all time, enjoyed his first workout of the training season Monday. It was sort of an informal drill, as the weather was not perfect and it was not supposed that Manager Joe McCarthy of the Yankees would call out his men. At the last minute, however, Ruth and several others donned their uniforms and threw the ball around. Because of the fact that Ruth's first practice was not heralded, the usual crowd of autograph seekers and photographers was not present.

According to reports, Manager Wilbert Robinson of the Brooklyn club is very much pleased with Jack Quinn, the veteran spitballer who was with the Athletics last year. Quinn spent some time in Hot Springs, Ark., before reporting to the Brooklyn camp and therefore is several days ahead of the rest of the squad. He is in perfect condition and should be a vast help to the club in its quest for the National League pennant. Incidentally, Quinn believes that the Robins are a strong, well-balanced team and expects them to cause plenty of upsets before the coming season has been concluded.

Speaking of Brooklyn, that club has three of the oldest players, in point of service, in the game. They are Jack Quinn, Adolfo Luque and Rube Bressler. Quinn and Luque are members of the pitching staff, while Bressler will spend most of his time this season relieving in the outfield. Although Bressler isn't usually listed with the old-timers of the game, he started playing with the Athletics back in 1914 as a pitcher and has been connected with the game for 16 seasons and is now starting his seventeenth. Because of his batting ability, he shifted from the pitcher's box to the outfield.

Manager John McGraw is conducting his training of the Giants without the services of three of his veterans, Bill Terry, Frank Hogan and Fred Fitzsimmons. It will be remembered that Terry, generally spoken of as the best first baseman in baseball, won the National League batting championship last year and is not satisfied with the contract offered him by the Giant management. In other words he is a holdout. The same applies to Hogan and Fitzsimmons, the former a catcher and the latter a pitcher, both of whom had good records last season.

Bill McKechnie, manager of the Boston Braves, is very much pleased with the showing being made by Bill Walters, a young recruit infielder who plays third base. Walters makes his home in Philadelphia and played last season with the Providence club of the Eastern League. He is of the tall, rangy type of player, is a fine fielder and can throw accurately from any position. If his batting comes up to standard when the pitchers begin to "curve them," he may be selected to start the season at the "hot corner."

McKechnie plans, at present, to play Walters and another recruit, Charles Wilson, who comes from the Rochester club of the International League, at third base, and move Buster Chatham over to shortstop to relieve Captain Maranville. Chatham was originally a shortstop before coming to the Braves and will be groomed to take the "Rabbit's" place when necessary.

LOTT WINS IN TENNIS FINAL

MIAMI BEACH, Fla., March 3 (AP)—George M. Lott Jr., Philadelphia, outfought the elements and John W. Van Ryn, Rosemont, Pa., yesterday to win the singles title in the Pan-American tennis championships, 6—2, 1—6, 6—2, 6—4. It was the second successive year Lott carried off the singles crown in a Miami Beach event. He defeated Johnny Doeg in the finals last year of the South Florida championships, which became the Pan-American championships this season.

TILDEN WINS LAST OF SERIES

OMAHA, Neb., March 3 (AP)—"Big Bill" Tilden, America's ace of the tennis courts, put on a fast finish here last night to defeat Karel Kozeluh, Prague professional star, 4—6, 2—6, 6—2, 6—4, 8—6, in the last of their traveling matches. Tilden leaves here for Hollywood, Calif., to enter the movies.

RUDDY LEAVES COLUMBIA

NEW YORK, March 3 (AP)—Ray M. Ruddy, a member of the last Olympic swimming team and one of the outstanding intercollegiate swimmers, has left Columbia University because of scholastic difficulties.

BY-PLAYS

HATS OFF TO BUFFALO

BUFFALO deserves some kind of trophy or crown for rounding up 2639 teams of five men each from all parts of the United States for the thirty-first annual tournament of the American Bowling Congress. This total includes 1131 teams from out of town.

For many years the A. B. C. tournament has been known as the greatest tournament in any kind of sport, from the viewpoint of participants therein. Chicago, by reason of its large tenpin forces and its central location, usually brings out the biggest entry when the tourney is held in that city.

This Buffalo entry, however, is better than Chicago's best, the meeting of 1929, by 116 teams. Those who know say that Buffalo's showing is largely due to the campaign put on by H. W. Pollack, who happens to be president of the Buffalo Bowling Association and the A. B C. as well.

To beat Chicago for tournament entries, and in a year when business and employment conditions must affect bowlers as much as others, is a real accomplishment. It also reveals the strong hold which bowling exerts upon its followers.

GREENLEAF GIVES AN EXHIBITION

It may be all right for E. Ralph Greenleaf, former world's professional champion at pocket billiards, to go barnstorming and "meeting all comers" in the various big cities; but he might show more consideration to his opponents than he did to Lester Zugg in Des Moines. Zugg won the bank and broke the balls to start a game of 125 points, and that was the last of Zugg as an opponent for Greenleaf. The former champion stepped to the table, and with the tip of his cue cleaned it off nine times for a run of 125 and out. That isn't "meeting all comers." It's merely giving an exhibition.

ABANDONING ATHLETIC RELATIONS

It is sad to see a sporting organization like the Chicago Athletic Association, with glorious traditions, showcases full of trophies, and unnumbered champions and records in the archives, abandon the competitive enterprises that made it world famous. Disbanding the last of its amateur athletic teams, the waterpolo and hockey squads, the new president announces the club will devote more energy to promoting the activity of its members. It will be interesting to make a check a year from now to see if the members actually increase their use of the gymnasium and swimming pool, by reason of kicking out the young stars. Also interesting will be a check on the deep lounging chairs in the library.

LARNED CUP TENNIS STARTS ON MARCH 6

ITHACA, N. Y., March 3 (AP)—Team entries from 12 colleges and universities in the fifth annual intercollegiate indoor tennis tournament for the Larned Cup here on March 6 and 7 were announced today by Cornell University.

The individual entries to date: Amherst, Samuel P. Hayes Jr. and Lewis R. Whitehead; Colgate, C. Roger S. Woodruff and Donald J. Kent; Lehigh, Jean A. Montenescourt and Sid R. Snitkin; M. I. T., Frank E. Doyle and Wilfrid V. Jones; Syracuse, Marvin Brown, with Ed V. Stafford and S. L. Dritz in the doubles; Princeton, W. F. Thomas and W. W. Irwin; Williams, Daniel Deny and Fred E. Groehl; and Yale, Robert W. Ryan and William R. Bascom.

Julius Seligson of Lehigh, who won the cup during the last three competitions, will not be among the competitors this year. Largely through his efforts Lehigh won the team prize in the past two tournaments. The team prize as well as the Larned Cup will be awarded again this year.

BOWMAN AND SARAH PALFREY WIN

HAMILTON, Ber., March 3 (AP)—Herbert L. Bowman of New York and Sarah H. Palfrey of Brookline, Mass., won the mixed doubles final of the Bermuda tennis championships yesterday, defeating R. Berkeley Bell of Dallas, Tex., and Virginia B. Rice of Boston, 6—3, 3—6, 7—5. Play in this division of the championships was started and finished yesterday, seven teams entering.

GILPIN WINS INDOOR TITLE

PHILADELPHIA, March 3—Sam B. Gilpin of Merion yesterday won the middle states indoor singles tennis championship, defeating Charles B. Hammell of the Penn A. C. at the latter club, 6—2, 6—0, 6—2, in the final round. Hammell is the former Swarthmore College tennis captain.

DIXON DECLINES CAPTAINCY

PHILADELPHIA, March 3 (AP)—Fitz-Eugene Dixon, Philadelphia banker, announced that he had declined reappointment as captain of the United States Davis Cup team. He had been nonplaying captain for the last two years.

Peruvian Officers Released From Jail

LIMA, Peru, March 3 (AP)—Twenty-two army officers, made prisoner after an unsuccessful uprising at Lima and Callao on Feb. 20 against the Sanchez Cerro Administration, have been released by the new Provisional Government.

Those freed include Gen. Pedro P. Martinez, chief of the mutineers, who tried to hold the Customs House at Callao against Government troops, and his aide, Capt. Jose M. Arena, head of the Callao police force. After their surrender they were held at the San Lorenzo prison.

The new Government, headed by Dr. Ricardo L. Elias, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, yesterday awaited word from negotiators sent to Arequipa to seek the collaboration of the insurgent leaders there with the new Junta.

The deposed Provisional President, Lieut.-Col. Luis M. Sanchez Cerro, remains in his quarters at the Bolivar Hotel. Despite instructions not to admit any visitors he has received a constant stream of admirers and friends.

COLLEGE SWIMMING RESULT

Yale 58, Wesleyan 26.

FOREIGN TRIUMPHS ENDED BY NORWAY

BY RADIO TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

OSLO, Norw., March 2—Norway ended a three-year sequence of foreign triumphs by winning the 50-kilometer race yesterday, the concluding day of the famous international meeting which marks the climax of the Norwegian skiing season. Ole Stenen, Norway, was the first man home in this exacting distance event in 3h. 45m. 5s., followed by two compatriots, Kolbjoern Sevre in 3h. 47m. 20s. and Oscar Haugen in 3h. 48m. 20s. The fourth man was John Lindgren of Sweden in 3h. 56m. Fifty of the 127 starters finished within 4h. 17m.

In combined 17 kilometers and jumping, the best competitor was John Groettumsbraaten, who won the King's prize for the fifth time with 289.5 points. Stenen was second with 287.50; Hans Vinjarengen, third, with 285.07; Arne Rustadstuen, fourth, with 285.04.

The ladies' prize for the best style in jumping went to Hand Kleppen. Stenen and Vinjarengen won the Norwegian Ski Association's highest distinction, the "Holmenkollen Medal." There was a Norwegian-American among the competitors while the 60,000 spectators were headed by the King, Queen and Crown Prince of Norway and the Crown Prince of Belgium.

ZABALA BETTERS RECORD

BUENOS AIRES, March 3 (By U. P.)—Juan Carlos Zabala, Argentine runner, established an unofficial South American long distance record Sunday when he covered 3000 meters in 8m. 48 3-5s. while making a practice run for the coming Latin-American championship games. The official record of 8m. 51s. for the distance was made by Bellsario Alarcon, a Chilean, at Lima, Peru, in 1929.

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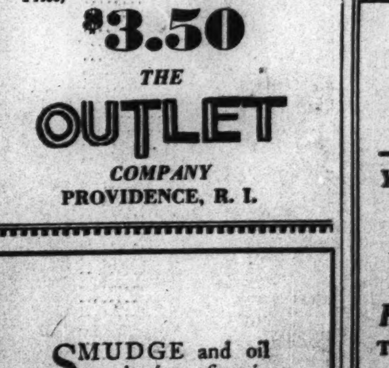
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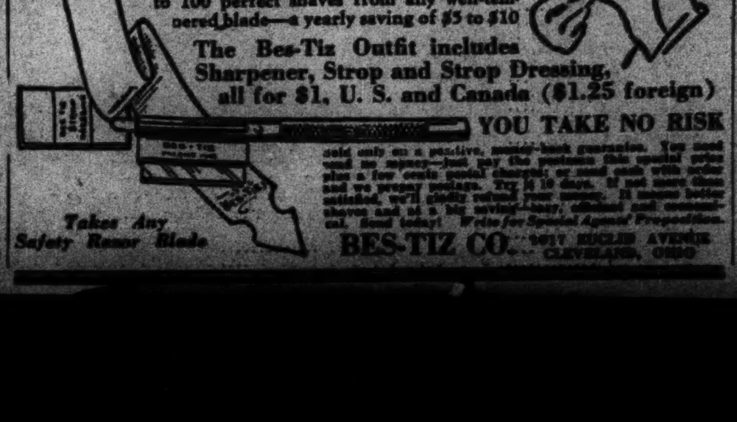
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CHINA DECLARES FOREIGN LOANS NOT REQUIRED

Political Differences Cause Resignation of Head of Legislative Board

By Cable to The Christian Science Monitor

SHANGHAI, March 3—While preparations were progressing to hold a national people's convention in Nanking during May a great political sensation was caused by a disagreement in high government circles resulting in the resignation of Hu Han-min, State Councillor and president of the Legislative Yuan, one of the five supreme bodies.

The disagreement arose over the proposal for a provisional constitution pending promulgation of a permanent constitution, but Mr. Hu Han-min expressed profound disagreement resulting in his resignation and the appointment of Vice-President Lin Sen to fill the vacancy.

Speaking publicly today, Chiang Kai-shek, President of the Nanking Government, strongly disapproved Hu Han-min's attitude, declaring that the proposed action accords with Sun Yat Sen's views and accusing Mr. Hu Han-min of ignoring the wishes of the public and the best interests of the people.

Up to the present there has been no line-up of different groups resulting from this split, indicating that the defection is possibly isolated, but it is known there has been considerable difference between Chiang Kai-shek and Hu Han-min for some time and the disagreement is expected to have tremendous repercussions.

Indications of the impending breach revealed the attitude toward the American silver loan proposals which Mr. Hu Han-min strongly approved. Contrary to the published announcements, T. V. Soong, Finance Minister, privately supported Chiang Kai-shek, disapproving of the proposal and definitely declaring that China at present does not desire foreign loans.

Theaters

"Heritage"

Copley Theater, Boston—The Copley Players Inc. present Earle Larimore (by permission of the Theater Guild) in "Heritage," a new play by Adelaide Chatfield Whitman. Directed by F. Cowles Strickland. Week beginning March 2, 1931. The cast:

Alice Wharton	Jessie Busley
Joan Ripley	Edith Parker
Richard Wadsworth	Jack Storey
Trent	Mark Kent
Lydia Ripley	Margaret Douglass
Philip Strawbridge	George Coulouris
Fulton Ripley	Earle Larimore
Nora	Anne Seymour
Freddy Ripley	Earle Larimore
Gladys Blaine	Rachel Hartzell
Louise Blaine	Richard Whorf

Theatrical fauna of many varieties had been ushered into this dramatic Noah's Ark. To the aerial observer, the excursion was proportionately entertaining, though not always perhaps in the way the skipper intended. The craft eventually came to rest, more through elapsed time than through seamanship. If, before subsequent sailings, some of the superfluous cargo can be left on the dock, and the engines speeded up, port may be reached more directly and speedily.

Fulton Ripley, scion of an ancient and honorable New England family, finds himself unable to sustain the mantle of the "Ripley tradition." A heavy drinker, he loses his job as an editorial writer, and the affection of his wife. So he ends his life, leaving to Trent—the type of old family retainer that all newspaper men have in the home—the task of handing on the toga to his young son, Freddy. After school, college, and travel, Freddy comes home, gets a newspaper job, accepts an opportunity to go into politics; in short, seems in a fair way to follow in the steps of his grandfather, the Governor. But his mother, a thoroughly selfish woman, and his slangy fiancée dislike the house and politics, and want to take him away to a career of perpetual play. Trent fights to carry out the trust imposed by the former master, whose presence he still feels in the house, but is apparently defeated by the mother, now Mrs. Strawbridge, who brings about his dismissal. About to depart, the servant reenacts the scene of the father's self-destruction and the young man's eyes are opened.

Obviously, here is some good, if somewhat old-fashioned "theater," which, as we have intimated, is cluttered with irrelevant material, and which was handicapped further on the opening night by a slow-paced and groping performance. No doubt both these difficulties can be mitigated. Mr. Larimore carried off with a deal of virtuosity the double rôle of Ripley, father and son. Apparently he had not enjoyed our advantage of reading in the program that 10 years had elapsed between Acts I and II, for his young man of 24 behaved like a boy of 18. But when problems pressed this youth, the actor took on authority, and his acting in the scene of the dismissal of Trent was well conceived and expertly executed.

Mark Kent as the servant made himself a co-star. Marred at the beginning by slow tempo, his characterization became powerful in the later scenes. Miss Douglass succeeded in making Mrs. Ripley-Strawbridge a thoroughly unpleasant person. The others did what they could with none too grateful parts. L. A. S.

Boston Stage Notes

"Nina Rosa," in its sixth week at the Shubert, remains the single musical piece now on view in the town.

Two openings of importance are scheduled for next Monday. The Theater Guild will then present at the Colonial Maxwell Anderson's play, "Elizabeth the Queen," the most considerable of the novelties in the Guild's New York season. To the Wilbur on the same evening will come Helen Hayes, in the English comedy, "Petticoat Influence."

Mary Wigman, German dancer, will give a second Boston recital in Symphony Hall Saturday evening.

Current films include "Trader Horn" at the Majestic, Charlie Chaplin in "City Lights" at the Tremont and "Zwei Herzen in ¾ Takt" at the Fine Arts.

UNION OFFICE PADLOCKED

LAWRENCE, Mass., March 2 (AP)—Local police today raided the headquarters of the National Textile Workers' Union, removed posters, pictures and communistic literature to the police station and padlocked the place. Two men and a woman found on the premises, were taken to police headquarters for questioning. They were Abe H. Harfield of Boston, who claimed to be an organizer of the Trade Union Unity League; Bedros Donagion, of Lawrence, and Miss Johanna Reed, of Lawrence. Miss Reed told police she was employed as a clerk at the place.

INSULL MEDAL AWARDED

SHELBURNE FALLS, N. H., March 3 (AP)—Victor J. Albec of Shelburne Falls yesterday received the Insull medal from his employers, the New England Power Association, for rescuing a fellow worker. Albec promptly applied the prone method of resuscitation to William Fowler of Bellows Falls, Vt., who received a shock of 40,000 volts when he came in contact with a ground wire at North Walpole, N. H., Oct. 3, 1929.

Old Washing Machine Motor and Bulbs of Christmas Tree Put 'Pep' Into Robot

Eric Robot II, chief attraction at the recent Boy Scout exposition held in the State Armory at West Newton, owes his entire construction to Robert Kenngott, Edward Swainson, and Henry Perry, all of Troop 1. These three 18-year-old boys designed and built the mechanical man in connection with the electrical merit badge work in scouting and with the idea of constructing something out of the ordinary for the troop's booth at the exposition. During the two days' show many people gathered to watch Eric perform.

For a youngster of two months the automaton is fairly accomplished along certain lines. An enjoyable feature about Eric is that, contrary to modern conceptions of youth, he obeys to the letter, and never speaks unless spoken to.

He—nobody calls the mechanical man "it"—stands up, sits down, weighs light objects, and blinks his eyes in red, green or blue. He is original in the matter of the machinery which runs him. A discarded washing machine motor is the power which causes him to stand and sit. Colored Christmas tree bulbs, each with separate wiring, furnish his varicolored eyes.

When he is told to "stand up," or "sit down," the message is transmitted through a microphone in his chest, to a telephone in the next room; the operator at the receiving end of the wire then works the proper switch by which Eric obeys the commands. The automaton's "voice" is, in fact, the operator talking into a telephone mouthpiece connected with a loud-speaker concealed in the "innards" of the robot. Eric is not run by radio, but in a sense, is "remotely controlled." Most of the machinery which operates him is beneath the platform on which he is seated.

Asked what they intended to do with the automaton now that the exhibition is over, Kenngott, the chief engineer, replied, "We want to perfect Eric, so that he will be controlled by radio sound waves, like other robots. We got the idea of building him by reading about similar mechanical men. One of the difficulties in working on him is his height; including the platform on which he stands, he is something over eight feet tall, and the dining room is the only place in the house high enough to accommodate him."

Eric is dressed in cardboard from head to foot, except for his hands, which are adorned in canvas gloves. His frame is of woodwork, and hinges act as joints. For muscles, he has galvanized iron cables. To complete his almost human appearance, the boys have tacked a small coronet to his head.

The Dialer's Guide

Features followed by sponsor and network in parentheses. "CBS," "CBS Chicago" and "CBS Pacific" are general networks of Columbia Broadcasting System. "WEAF Chain," "WJZ Chain," "NBC Chicago" and "NBC Pacific" are networks of National Broadcasting Company. These are followed by "—T" when coast-to-coast hookup is employed. When only single station is used its call letters will be given. All time is eastern standard except "Chicago" and "Pacific," which are given in respective times. All time p. m. unless otherwise stated.

FOR WEDNESDAY, MARCH 4

Evelyn Herbert, soprano; concert orchestra, Nathaniel Shilkret, conductor (WEAF Chain). Light opera program. 8:30.

Vocal soloists; women's trio; male quartet; orchestra (WJZ Chain). Strauss's "Tales From the Vienna Woods" Waltz, as a zither solo, opens the relocated "Musical Crusaders" period. 8:30.

Olive Palmer, soprano; Paul Oliver, tenor; Elizabeth Lennox, contralto; Revelers Quartet; orchestra (WEAF—T). Popular ballad and classic review including a "Gay Nineties" medley and "Hits of Today" medley. 9:30.

Mary McCoy, soprano; Tandy MacKenzie, tenor; Reinald Werrenrath, baritone; Billy Hughes, baritone; male quartet; orchestra (WJZ Chain). Closing medley review of the "Student Prince" is feature. 9:30.

Savino Tone Pictures (CBS—T). Theo Karle, tenor; mixed chorus; Domenico Savino, conductor. 9:30.

RHYTHMIC MUSIC

Smith Ballew and his orchestra (NBC Blue—T). Fifteen minutes. 6.

Welcome Lewis, contralto; Harold Van Emburgh, tenor; orchestra (WEAF—T). Two from Jerome Kern's "Sally." 8:15.

Leonard Joy's string dance orchestra; Grantland Rice (WEAF—T). "Message of the Violets" and "Neapolitan Serenade" from light operas of Gustav Luders and Victor Herbert. 10:30.

Guy Lombardo and his Royal Canadians (CBS—T). 11.

ORCHESTRAL

Black and Gold Room Orchestra (WEAF—T). The lighties of Grainger, Chaminade, Friml, Strauss and Friedeman. 6:15.

Ludwig Laurier's Slumber Music Ensemble (WJZ Chain). Overture, "Orpheus in Hades" from Offenbach's opera, "Menuet" from Massenet's "Manon," characteristic "Hejre Kati," "In a Persian Market," the Italian "Serenade" of Tarenghi, the "Pavane" of Maurice Ravel. 11.

RECITALS

Ivy Scott, soprano (NBC Blue—T). Fifteen minutes. 5:15.

Joe White, tenor, instrumental trio (NBC—KWK, WCKY, WREN). 7:15.

Phil Cook (WJZ—T). A one-man show. 7:30.

Mme. Frances Alda, soprano; Frank La Forge, pianist (WEAF Chain). 7:30.

TALKS

Lowell Thomas (WJZ Chain, CBS). News interpretations, 6:45, 8.

"Back of the News in Washington" (WEAF—T). William Hard. 7:45.

"Bobby" Jones (WEAF—T). Tells of his first experience in a national open and first play with Harry Vardon, the English golfer. From Los Angeles. 8.

"Income Tax Statements"; Chicago Little Symphony Orchestra (WEAF—T). "Old Counsellor" period. 9.

DRAMATIC SKETCHES AND MUSIC

Uncle Abe and David (WEAF Chain). 6:45.

Amos 'n' Andy (WJZ Chain). 7. NBC Chicago and Pacific, 10:30, 8:30.

SERVICE BAND

United States Marine Band (CBS). Half hour. 8.

VOCAL

"Wayside Inn" (WJZ Chain). The Choristers, a male octet, and Mabel Zoeckler, soprano soloist, in an Old English program. 9.

DAYTIME PROGRAMS

United States Army Band (WJZ Chain). 9 a. m.

Parnassus String Trio (WEAF Chain). 9 a. m.

Organ Melodies (WJZ Chain). 11:30 a. m.

"On Wings of Song" (WEAF Chain). String trio. 12 noon.

National Farm and Home Hour (WJZ Chain). Ernest Kelly of the Federal Farm Bureau of Dairy Industry; F. J. Hosking, economist; J. B. Kincer, meterologist. 12:30.

"Piano Boods" (WJZ Chain). Lee Sims, pianist. 1:30.

Little Jack Little (WJZ Chain). Songs at the piano. 1:45.

Marion McAfee, soprano; Evan Evans, baritone (CBS—T). Columbia Artist Recital, 2.

"Ben Hur" (CBS—T). Gen. Lew Wallaces' story in the American School of the Air. 2:30.

Sisters of the Skillet (WJZ—T). Specialty songs and dialogue. 2:45.

Columbia Salon Orchestra (CBS—T). 3.

"Evening Stars" (WJZ—T). Program dedicated to WLW, Cincinnati. 3:30.

Radio Play Bill (WEAF Chain). 3:30.

Morgan Trio (WEAF Chain). Piano, violin and harp. 4.

Eastman School Symphony Orchestra (WJZ—T). Student group playing from Rochester. 4.

"Musical Album" (CBS—T). Classical review by soloists and orchestra. 4.

"The Book Reporter" (WJZ—T.) Reviews by Clifton Fadiman. 5.

Radio Tonight

EASTERN STANDARD TIME

WEEI, Boston (590kc-508m)

5:00 p. m.—Talk.
5:15 NBC, Mrs. John Wanamaker 3d, guest speaker; Leo Reisman's Orchestra.
5:30 NBC, Dramatic sketch.
5:45 Limerick program.
5:50 WEEI String Ensemble.
5:55 "The Old Painter."
6:00 WEEI String Ensemble.
6:30 Time; barometer; thermometer; news.
6:45 Current Events.
7:00 O'Leary's Irish Minstrels.
7:20 Elva Boyden, contralto.
7:30 NBC, Soconyland Sketch: "Antiques."
8:00 NBC, Julia Sanderson and Frank Crumit; Jack Shilkret's Orchestra.
8:30 Slayton-Learoyd Orchestra; Helen Barr, soprano; investment sketch.
9:00 NBC, "Musical Magazine"; soloists; orchestra.
9:30 NBC, Sigmund Spaeth, musical lecture; male trio; violin quartet; Frank Black's Orchestra.
10:00 NBC, Dance program.
11:00 E. B. Rideout, weather and roads.
11:05 News; time announcement.

WBZA and WBZ, Boston and Springfield (990kc-303m)

5:00 p. m.—Junior Aviation League.
5:15 Safety Crusaders.
5:30 Stocks; Agricultural markets.
5:55 "National Affairs," David Lawrence.
6:00 Time; weather; World Bookman.
6:08 Sport Review.
6:15 "Current Legislative Problems," Gov. John G. Winant of New Hampshire.
6:30 NBC, Dana Merriman's Orchestra.
6:45 NBC, Lowell Thomas, news.
7:00 Time; NBC, Amos 'n' Andy.
7:15 Sentinels Orchestra.
7:30 NBC, Phil Cook.
7:45 Male trio.
8:00 NBC, Paul Whiteman's Orchestra.
8:30 Popular orchestra.
8:45 Sketch and orchestra.
9:00 NBC, Lillian Knowles, soprano; Gordon String Quartet.
9:30 NBC, Death Valley Days.
10:00 NBC, Westinghouse Orchestra; Ruth Etting, guest soloist.
10:30 NBC, "Clara, Lu and Em."
10:45 Temperature; Sterling Four.
11:00 Time; weather; Sport Review.
11:13 Tom Clines's Statler Orchestra; time.

WNAC, Boston (1230kc-244m)

5:00 p. m.—Children's playlets.
5:05 Ted and his Greater Gang.
5:30 Uncle Ben and his Merry Friends.
5:45 Dandies Orchestra; time.
6:00 Melodists Orchestra.
6:15 Shepard Stores Modernists.
6:30 Merrymakers Orchestra.
6:45 CBS, Mystery story.
7:00 CBS, Frederic William Wile.
7:15 Recorded popular program.
7:30 Oscar Elgart's Orchestra; Chester Gaylord, soloist.
8:00 CBS, Round Towners Quartet.
8:15 CBS, Lorna Fantin.
8:30 CBS, "Kaltenborn Edits the News."
8:45 CBS, Browne and Llewelyn, vocal duo; Freddie Rich's Orchestra.
9:00 CBS, Minute Dramas; orchestra.
9:30 CBS, Symphony Orchestra, Howard Barlow, conductor.
10:00 CBS, "Mr. and Mrs." sketch.
10:15 CBS, Richy Craig Jr., monologist.
10:30 CBS, Morton Downey, tenor; Jesse Crawford, organist; Jerry Madison, screen gossip; soloists; orchestra.
11:00 "East Lynne."
11:15 Time; news; weather.
11:30 "Mickie" Alpert and his orchestra.
12:00 CBS, Noble Sissle's Orchestra.
12:30 a. m.—CBS, Ann Leaf, organist.

WHDH, Boston (830kc-361m)

5:15 p. m.—"Piano Melodies."
5:30 Fisermen's Program.
5:45 Organ recital; weather.
6:30 "The Monitor iews the News."
6:45 Time announcement.

Tomorrow's Features

WEEI

8:00 a. m.—NBC, The Early Birds.
8:30 a. m.—NBC, "Cherrio."
9:00 a. m.—Caroline Cabot Concert.
10:00 a. m.—NBC programs.
12:00 noon—Studio period.
2:10 p. m.—Studio and musical.

WBZA

7:30 a. m.—NBC programs.
9:15 a. m.—NBC, United States Army Band.
10:00 a. m.—NBC, Mary Hale Martin.
11:00 a. m.—NBC, School of Cookery.
12:35 p. m.—NBC, Farm and Home.
2:00 p. m.—Radio Repertory Theater.
3:00 p. m.—NBC, Edna Wallace Hopper.
4:00 p. m.—NBC, Eastman School Symphony Orchestra.

WNAC

6:30 a. m.—Studio and musical.
8:15 a. m.—CBS programs.
9:00 a. m.—Studio and musical.
10:15 a. m.—CBS programs.
12:00 noon—Studio period.
12:15 p. m.—CBS programs.
1:00 p. m.—Studio and musical.
2:00 p. m.—CBS programs.
3:30 p. m.—Women's Federation.
4:00 p. m.—CBS, "Musical Album"; soloists; orchestra.

BOSTON SYMPHONY TRUSTEE ELECTED

William Phillips, of North Beverly, former member of the United States Diplomatic Service, has been chosen a member of the board of trustees of the Boston Symphony Orchestra for an indefinite term.

Mr. Phillips is a Harvard graduate. His diplomatic services include those at the London and Peking embassies. He was also envoy and minister to the Netherlands, Belgium, and Canada. He was Assistant Secretary of State from 1914-1917 and from Jan. 25, 1917, to March, 1920. He was chairman of the executive committee of the Second Pan-American Scientific Congress in 1914-15.

300 ALIEN VETERANS ARE MADE CITIZENS

Full American citizenship was conferred on 300 alien World War veterans by Judge James M. Morton yesterday under an act of Congress which enables veterans to become American citizens without going through many of the formalities.

Many men came from distant points to avail themselves of their last chance under this act which closes March 4, the date set by law. The Federal District Court was the only court in New England granting citizenship to veterans at this time.

SEVEN MAINE CITIES ELECT THEIR MAYORS

PORTLAND, Me., March 3 (AP)—Three Maine cities elected new mayors and four others retained their chief executives in elections held in seven municipalities yesterday. Two were Democrats, one an Independent and the others Republicans.

The new mayors will be Josiah E. Cobb, Independent, South Portland; John D. Fernald, Democrat, Saco, and Charles E. Alexander, Republican, Ellsworth. Those reelected were: Harold N. Skelton, Republican, Lewiston; Harold P. Small, Republican, Bath; F. Harold Dubord, Democrat, Waterville, and Roscoe C. Emery, Republican, Eastport.

Chicago Investors Helped by Bureau

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO—Increasing use is being made by the public of its services, the Chicago Better Business Bureau states. The report for 1930 shows 14,335 complaints and inquiries handled during the year, and 6195 merchandising investigations completed.

"Cautious citizens," says the bureau report, "who found out the reputation of a concern before intrusting their money increased 40 per cent, while those who brought complaints after their money was gone and wanted some way of getting it back decreased 30 per cent.

"This care before investing reacts to the benefit of reputable business because the legitimate house profits through investigation and the fly-by-night concern cannot stand the light of inspection."

Greater accuracy in advertising was reported. Nearly 1000 items were brought to the bureau's laboratory for tests to determine the accuracy of claims made for them. In more than 70 per cent of these tests and other shopping investigations the advertisements were found to be entirely accurate.

The bureau believes that in the four years of its operation it has produced greater reliance on advertising and improved business practices, and sees in the growing demand for its services an increase in the public knowledge of and confidence in its activities.

BELL ANNIVERSARY OBSERVED

The eighty-fourth anniversary of Alexander Graham Bell, inventor of the telephone, was quietly observed today throughout Boston University's 10 schools and colleges. No formal observance was made, but the students remembered that Mr. Bell was professor of speech at Boston University's college of liberal arts while he was conducting experiments which later resulted in the modern telephone.

TOOL COMPANIES MERGE

GREENFIELD, Mass., March 3 (AP)—Merger of the Goodell-Pratt Company and the Millers Falls Company, manufacturers of small tools and electric drills, was completed yesterday. The West Haven Manufacturing Company plant at Savinrock, Conn., owned by the Millers Falls Company, will be removed here.

NIAGARA HUDSON POWER

Niagara Hudson Power Corporation reports for the year ended Dec. 31 net of $15,558,345 after depreciation, taxes, interest, amortization, preferred dividends on subsidiaries, etc., equivalent to 60 cents a share (par $10) on 26,001,929 shares, compared with $15,588,539, or 61 cents a share on 25,595,132 shares, in 1929.

Amusements

BOSTON

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State Theatre Bldg.
Continuous from 1:00 P. M.
Stupendous German Triumph
"Zwei Herzen im ¾ Takt"
(Two Hearts in Waltz Time)
MATS. 50c—EVES. 75c

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All Nights $1 to $3.
NEXT MONDAY 2 Weeks Only Wed. Mat. $2
SEATS NOW SELLING
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ELIZABETH THE QUEEN
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Charlie Chaplin IN "CITY LIGHTS"
CONTINUOUS FROM 9 A. M.
TREMONT THEATRE
50c 9 A. M. to 12 NOON 75c NOON to 5 P. M. $1 5 P. M. to close
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Sats., 50c 9 A. M. to Noon—$1 Noon to Close

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Billy BURKE and Ivor NOVELLO
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SHUBERT THEA. 44TH STREET W. OF B'WAY
Evs. 8:30 Matinees Wed. and Sat. 2:30
A New Charming Musical Play
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LAST WEEK

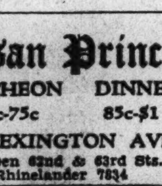
Laurence Rivers presents
"PHILIP GOES FORTH"
by GEORGE KELLY
BILTMORE, W. 47 St. Mts. Wed., Sat. Eve. 8:50

THE Green Pastures
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday, 2:30
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Real Southern Cooking
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NOW at 1 East 48 St.
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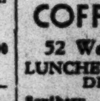




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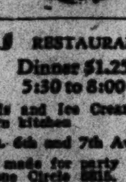


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18 East 37th Street
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Olde English Steak and Kidney Pie
Closed Sunday



Near Tenth Church
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DINNER $1.50 and $1.00
Dancing 6:30 to 2
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WARE COFFEE SHOP
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LUNCHEON 60c and 90c
DINNER 90c
Southern Fried Chicken served every evening. Private Room for Special Parties.
CLOSED SUNDAYS.



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Luncheon 75c 11:30 to 2:00
Dinner $1.25 5:30 to 8:00
Pies, Cakes, Hot Breads and Ice Cream made in our own kitchen
143 West 55th Street, Bet. 6th and 7th Aves.
Arrangements can be made for party reservations. Telephone Circle 5815.



La Nouvelle Orleans, Inc.
Luncheon—Afternoon Tea
Dinner 5:30 to 8:30
Specializing in Southern and Creole Cooking
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Telephone WIC 7-7838

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●Tubes are the vocal cords of your radio set. Fresh, improved, certified 1931 DeForest Audions have the necessary output, uniformity and non-microphonic performance to insure the sweetest tone. When you hear sour notes coming from your loudspeaker, it's time to re-tube with a fresh set of
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BOARD FOR CHILDREN

THE HOMESTEAD offers cultured home life combined with progressive educational methods. Camp activities conducted under same high standards. Applications now being received. MRS. MARY M. STARR, M.A., Madison, Conn.

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SALARIED POSITIONS $2500 to $25,000—The undersigned provides a thoroughly organized service of 21 years' recognized standing through which preliminaries are negotiated for position of the calibre indicated, the procedure is individualized to each client's personal requirements, your identity covered and present position protected; not a registration bureau; send only name and address for details. R. W. BIXBY INC., 120 Downtown Building, Buffalo, New York.

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BE Mary Rose representative; interesting position showing dresses; can earn $35 upward weekly; no experience; short hours. RODASI CO. 90 Rodasi Bldg., Cincinnati, O.

FRENCH FASHION MANUFACTURING CO., 9 N. Franklin, Chicago, require women representatives to sell lingerie; commission basis; full or part time; experience unnecessary; please write.

WOMEN, BE FINANCIALLY INDEPENDENT
Take orders children's, ladies' dresses and lingerie; experience unnecessary; start spare time; commission basis; pleasant, dignified, profitable work. JANALENE, Inc., Dept. 33-6, Indianapolis, Ind.

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SHADOW LAWN
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FOR SALE—Modern high class 3-family apartment building; near Principia school; good investment; reasonable terms. Box D-5, 1775 Railway Exchange Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

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SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.—Man with 20 years' experience in engineering, construction, office and field, mining, metallurgical, hydraulic, also in accounting and supervision, technical education, desires position; go anywhere. Box S-24, Suite 1103, 625 Market Street.

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270 Madison Ave.	Tel. Caledonia 2706
LONDON	
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3 Avenue de l'Opera	Gutenberg 43.71
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11, Via Magenta	Tel. 23.406
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APARTMENTS TO LET

NEW YORK CITY, 1 West 67th—Unfurnished, beautiful duplex studio apartment; fireplace; view of park; dining room, paneled English carved oak; three balcony bedrooms; two baths; large kitchen; sublet. MAJOR WHITE. VAnderbilt 3-[illegible]

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Local Classified

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COMPETENT SERVICE FOR HOME DRESSMAKERS
Bring your material, cut, make dress, three afternoons for $5.00. Also cutting and fitting done only; perfect taste and style. "REQUISITUS," the only right and true Individualist Foundation Pattern, fitted in muslin, at reduced rates for the present.
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DRESSMAKER, experienced, also remodeling, alterations and underwear; very reasonable. 33 East 81st St., New York City. Rhi. 4-4146.

GOWNS REMODELED OR ALTERED
We re-create your old gowns to conform to the newest FASHION.
Tel. Endicott 0629 for appointment (N. Y. C.)

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ATLAS EMPLOYMENT AGENCY
Efficient Scandinavian and Finnish domestic help. 808 Lexington Ave. (62nd St.), New York. Regent 2234.

COMMERCE EMPLOYMENT BUREAU
LEONIE L. WILLIAMS
505 5th Ave., New York City Vanderbilt 3991

LOUISE C. HAHN—Opportunities for men and women seeking office positions. 280 Broadway, New York City. Telephone Worth 2-2080.

MISS ARNSON AGENCY—Governesses, infant's nurses, attendants, housekeepers. 431 Riverside Drive, Cathedral 8-3351, New York City.

MRS. KEMP'S AGENCY
High grade colored maids; references.
Also neatly furnished rooms.
2382 7th Avenue, New York Audubon 2896

VOCATIONAL BUREAU, Inc.
105 W. 40th St., New York City. PENna. 5389. Trained office personnel. Personal interviews only. 9-1 daily, except Saturday.

HARVARD SQUARE SERVICE BUREAU
18 Brattle Street, Cambridge, Mass.
High-grade domestic help. Univ. 5638

HELP WANTED—MEN

EXPERIENCED man for kitchen helper, near Boston; Christian Scientist preferred. Box S-22, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

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Tenacre Inc.
Tel. Princeton 755 PRINCETON, N. J.
Rest Home of refinement; highest standards; experienced care if needed; New Jersey State License. Descriptive Booklet. Under management of MRS. KATHRYN BARMORE.

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LONG distance moving, house to house moving, packing, shipping, storage; work guaranteed; 30 years' experience. N. E. AUTO VAN CO., N. Stacey, Mgr., 423 Brookline Ave., Boston. Asp. 2007, Uni. 3795-W.

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Lake Ronkonkoma, Long Island, N. Y.
Artistic and cultured environment for study and recreation. Excellent cuisine and moderate prices. Ronkonkoma 18.

The Addington
A quiet home; large, airy rooms, some with private bath; large room suitable for studio; all conveniences; garage space; good meals and service. Regent 3139, 124 Winthrop Road, Brookline, Mass.

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GUARANTEED AND EXPERT PIANO TUNING
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NEW YORK CITY, 519 West 123rd—Newly decorated large, small rooms, $11 to $18 including excellent home cooked meals; pleasant social surroundings; children taken.

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Bruce and Wellesley Ave., Yonkers, N. Y.
A refined place to live; spacious grounds, sun parlor, porches; unexcelled cuisine; 3 minutes to all transportation; $30 weekly including board. Tel. Yonkers 3344.

ROOMS TO LET

A CLUB RESIDENCE FOR MEN AND WOMEN
$10 to $20 weekly
Transients $2 per day upward.
New 550-room hotel, private baths, comfortably and well furnished, all light and airy; swimming pool, gymnasium, social rooms, library, roof solarium; garage; restaurant; beautiful view New York Harbor; five minutes Wall St.; breakfast, 25c up; lunch, 50c; dinner, $1.
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Rooms in select homes $7.00 up
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EXPERIENCED cook, chef, age 39, single, desires position anywhere; references. Box M-15, Room 1804, 270 Madison Avenue, New York City.

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REFINED American wishes position as companion or attendant, experienced; will travel. MRS. LIVINGSTON, 590 W. 190th St., New York City.

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YOUNG woman desires position as child's nurse, Christian Scientists preferred; references. MISS LORENA BARRUS, c/o Mrs. Clark, Riverside Ave., Riverside, Conn. Sound Beach 7-1065.

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ALMA OBLENDER
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ONTARIO

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THE FLORIST
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Provisions, Cakes, Fruits & Vegetables
No order too large or too small
We Deliver.
Courtesy and Promptness Our Motto
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"Canada's Largest Leather Goods Store"
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Ottawa, Ont.—[illegible]
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LONDON (Continued)



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REALTOR
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ASK FOR
TOASTY—POM—SILVER CUP
HARRISON BROTHERS
LIMITED
St. Catherine St. W., at the Glen

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Advertisements under this heading appear in this edition only. Rate 1/2 a line. Minimum space three lines, minimum order four lines. (An advertisement measuring three lines, must call for at least two insertions.) An application blank and two letters of reference are required from those who advertise under a Rooms To Let or a Post Wanted heading.

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DAILY FEATURES

All Nature



The Sugar Maple

TRADITIONS of sugar making have come down to us from the early settlers of eastern North America. Early in spring the trees are "tapped," that is, the bark is punctured and a tap or drain attached, so the upward flow of crude sap can be diverted into wooden pails or buckets.

With horses hitched to sleds people in early days drove from grove to grove gathering the sap and taking it to houses or camps where it was "boiled down" into sirup, or refined and made into cakes and molds of sugar. Of late years, since forests have been cut, this work has been done chiefly by commercial industries in Quebec, Vermont and other places within the sugar belt.

Although some other maples yield sweet sap, the sugar, hard, or rock, maple has always been the chief source of maple sugar supply.

In late spring dangling yellow-green flowers appear in axillary clusters, when the simple alternate leaves begin to unfold with the upper surface dark, glossy green and the under side lighter and somewhat downy. Many years ago this leaf form was adopted as the floral emblem of Canada in honor of the great service the sugar maple had been when the Dominion was in the making.

In favorable soil the tree may approach 100 feet in height, but it averages about 60. Because of the heavy, close-grain quality of the wood, it is valuable in furniture making, flooring, and general finish in house building. It takes a high polish and is durable. Shoe lasts and pegs are also made from it, and even when used for fuel the ashes are serviceable, as they contain potash.

In autumn the foliage turns brilliant orange and scarlet, giving a truly majestic effect to the landscape. As it changes color earlier than some trees one may frequently see a single tree, like a flaming torch, illuminating a hillside that is still green.

In Lighter Vein



Jinks: "You know that these player in the apartment next to mine? Well, he moved yesterday."

Binks: "Is that so? How long has this game been going on?"

No Doubt

Visitor: "Do you know the number in this street of Mr. Jones's house?"

Small Boy: "No, sir; but it will be on the door."—*Children's Newspaper.*

A New Handbook

"Guide to Parents" is the title of a new book. So many seem to err in their choice of parents.

It Depends

"How did Richleigh make all his money?"

"By judicious speculation and investment."

"And how did Poorman lose all his money?"

"Gambling on the stock market."—*Pathfinder.*

A Word a Day

Pandora Box

Pandora is from the Greek πανδώρα (Pandora), "the all-gifted"—a combination of πάν (pan), "all," and δῶρον (doron), "gift."

According to Greek mythology, Prometheus made an image and stole fire from heaven to endow it with life; this theft by a mortal angered Zeus, and he ordered Hephæstus to fabricate a beautiful woman (Pandora), who would be the channel for punishment to the human race.

As a present to Pandora when she married the brother of Prometheus, Zeus gave a box which contained all human ills. When she opened the box, the evils and woes which flesh is seemingly heir to escaped. Hope was also in the box, but its escape was prevented.

Pan-do'-ra is accented on the second syllable; sound first *a* as in hat, *o* as in old, second *a* as in sofa.

"A gift which seems valuable, but which is in reality a liability, is often referred to as a Pandora box."

Note: First choice in Webster's New International Dictionary is accepted as authority for pronunciation.—Editor

Brevities

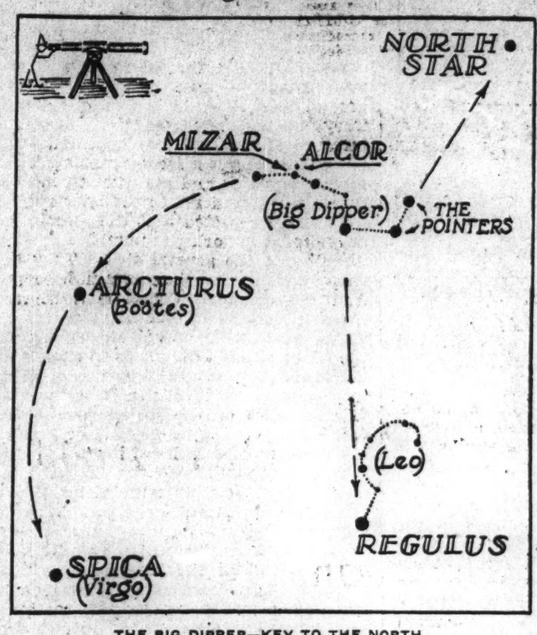
Kansas City Star: As certain garments rise in price and respectability, they take on new and grander titles. Braces, which are quite the thing, used to be more or less notorious when they were suspenders, and 'way back when they were galluses were numbered among the quite unmentionables.

Detroit News: With a view to reducing night noises in Paris, milk cans must be wrapped in felt, radios turned off at 11, and taxi horns silenced at 10 p. m. Cabbists will not be allowed to fall after midnight.

A Quotation for Today

WHAT is it to be a gentleman? The first to thank and the last to complain.—SERBIAN SAYING.

Pointing to the Stars



THE BIG DIPPER—KEY TO THE NORTH

The Arrows on the Chart Show How Straight Lines or Sweeping Curves, Drawn Through the Sky From the Stars of the Big Dipper, Enable the Observer to Name Some of the Brightest Stars. Names of the Constellations Are Given in Parentheses.

A FRIENDLY bear races perpetually through the sky, carrying upon his back two gigantic signposts. To those who can read their message, they say: "This way is north!"

For the Great Bear is the constellation which includes the seven stars of the Big Dipper, and the two stars in the edge of the Dipper's bowl are the pointers. Their message was known to the earliest astronomers—a line drawn through them touches the North Star, which makes an almost exact "true" north for those who dwell upon the earth.

The Bear has a host of names. In Latin he is Ursa Major (Ehr'-sah Ma'-jor), which means Great Bear. At times he is called the Plow, or the Dipper is referred to as the Cleaver, because it so closely resembles a butcher's ax.

And at other times, it isn't referred to as a bear at all, but as Charles's Wain, or wagon. Of course, the wagon needs some horses, and there they are—the stars in the end of the Dipper handle.

There's a rider, too, if one's eyes look sharply on a very clear night. It's a tiny star named Alcor that "rides" above one of the horses. It is so close to Mizar, the second star in the Dipper, that many take them to be only one.

But the Big Dipper can do more than merely point to the North Star. If the curve in its handles is extended in a wide sweep it will pass through Arcturus (Ark-tu'-rus) the brightest star in the constellation of Boötes (Bo-oh'-tees) the Herdsman. If the curve is extended still farther, it strikes Spica (Spee'-kah) in the constellation of Virgo, the Virgin.

In the same way a straight line drawn through the two stars on the inside of the bowl of the Dipper would pass Regulus, which is in the end of the handle of the group of stars known as the Sickle in the constellation of Leo, the Lion.

[This is the second of a series of sky charts being published by The Christian Science Monitor on the first Tuesday of each month.]

"I Record only the Sunny Hours"



Influence

Madison, Wis.

A NUMBER of years ago, a 10-year-old girl was acting as page at a convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, in a small Wisconsin city. Her family was going through a severe financial experience, and the little girl had just one pretty white dress, and had been urged to be very careful.

On the first day of the convention she was invited by the other little girl acting as page to go to the corner drug store for an ice cream soda. Somehow, after a few moments, it was in her lap! And it was chocolate!

The little one cried bitterly, and the young lady at the fountain took her to the back room to comfort her. When she heard the pitiful story, she spoke to the manager, and, although trade was brisk in the store, she tenderly took off the little dress and washed it. She hung it in the hot sun in the back yard for a few minutes, and then ironed it with one of the electric irons they carried for sale. All this was done with comforting words to the little one whose heart had been so heavy.

When the child left the store, she shook the young lady's hand and promised, "If I ever get a chance to be lovely to a little girl as long as I live—I'll do it, and think of you."

The little girl is now a teacher, and this tender expression of unselfed love has tempered her whole contact with children.

The Children's Corner

Anthony Ant Changes His House

"IT IS very annoying," said Anthony Ant to his wife, Annabel, "but we must move, and move quickly."

"Just as we are so comfortable, too," sighed his busy little wife, but she said no more.

The fact was that the family had for some time rented a small pile of old stones from Mr. Beetle. They were grouped so as to form a complete fortress, and beneath them Mrs. Ant had her store cupboards, and her nurseries for the children. But lately Anthony Ant, wise fellow that he was, had seen disturbing signs in the garden. The gardener was busy at work, uphooting weeds, and tossing away all the loose stones that lay in his path.



"Push With Your Front Legs Like This," Said Mrs. Ant.

Anthony did not like it at all and told his wife so.

Mrs. Ant called her children to her, and very soon they came running from all directions wondering why their father looked so solemn.

"Move?" they cried when they heard the news. "How lovely!" not realizing at all what moving really meant.

Annabel was already busy. She ran to her larder where the neat little piles of food were stored. Rightly proud of her stock, she refused to move without taking everything with her. Anthony laid his plans carefully, running out again and again to see how far the gardener had progressed. Then he called his eldest son, and sent him out house-hunting.

"In a part of the garden that has already been dug, mind," warned Anthony. "And I want a large house, not a flat," he added as an afterthought.

When Jimmy the son had departed, Mrs. Ant gathered her children round her and gave them their first lesson in moving food.

"Push with your front legs like this," she said, and with a little practice they soon became quite clever at it.

In a short time numbers of other ants came hurrying to the scene, for moving in ant land is always something of an event.

The old gardener would have been surprised to know what was going on barely a few yards from his feet, but like so many people he did not think much of the clever ants, nor did he credit them with much intelligence.

Soon Jimmy came hurrying back as fast as his short legs would carry him.

"I've found the very place," he gasped, "but you must be quick. It is sure not to stay vacant long."

Hearing this, three ants, who earned their living as policemen of the garden path, offered to go and mount guard.

Jimmy and the policeman went on ahead, and then the procession began. Anthony Ant led the way, followed by his children, each pushing a wee parcel of food. How proud they were to be allowed to help, but what a long way it seemed, and how heavy the parcels grew after a time.

"Mind the gardener's foot!" whispered Anthony. Very quietly they crept past in single file, and arrived safely at the new house at last.

Jimmy and the policeman showed Anthony over the place, while Mrs. Ant and a few neighbors brought up the rear with the rest of the parcels. But there was still a great deal to be done, and it was not until the sun had set that the larder was complete and the bedrooms ready.

"How the gardener missed this I don't know," said Anthony as the last of their helpers said good-by.

That night there was great rejoicing in the ant colony, and two days later Mrs. Annabel Ant sent out invitations to all her friends to come to the house-warming party.

The Adventures of Waddles



Nonsense Rhyme Puzzle

How many plums will make a _____
How many sums will make a _____
How many days will make a _____
How many lays will make one _____
How many rats will make a _____
How many cats will make some _____

Fill in the blanks with words which start with the same sound of the preceding word, but which will rhyme with the word in the next blank. Example: How many wags will make a wagon.

Key to Puzzle

Answer to Furniture Puzzle:

Bed, chest, chair, dresser, table, wardrobe, vanity, buffet, stool, desk, bookcase, couch, davenport, sofa.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BOSTON, TUESDAY, MARCH 3, 1931

"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear"

PUBLISHED BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

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EDITORIALS

China and the League

SIGNIFICANT for several reasons is the recent request from the Chinese Government to the League of Nations for the loan of three of its leading officials to advise on China's program of reconstruction. Its main importance lies in the fact that it seems to betoken the end of that coolness between China and the League which, beginning with the failure of China to secure a permanent seat on the Council, has thriven on the League's inability to assist in altering the "unequal treaty" position of the Oriental Republic. Perhaps it would not be too much to see the Chinese request as a definite sign of recovery from the antiforeignism which marked the revolutionary stages of Chinese nationalism.

The quality of the League delegation is impressive. Three of the ten sectional chiefs of the League Secretariat are invited—Sir Arthur Salter (financial and economic), Robert Haas (transit and communications) and Ludwig Rajchman (health). Each in his own sphere has an immense field to survey, but to none will more attention be paid than to Sir Arthur Salter, whose work in national rehabilitation after the war has given him a peculiar fitness for his new post.

An important form of coöperation lies in finance. After the exhausting experience of continued civil war, China is without the means to promote the productive agencies that would absorb the floating population of soldiery and bandits who prey on the countryside. Foreign assistance has hitherto been withheld because of the low rating of China's credit. Probably it could not be obtained without the grant by China of some degree of control over the disposition of funds. So far the Chinese, with a touchiness about foreign "interference" deriving from sad experience of financial depredations, have resisted all suggestions based on such collaboration.

If, however, help were proffered through a new medium, such as the League of Nations or the World Bank, is it not possible that the Chinese would welcome collaboration? There is ample authority in the writings of Dr. Sun Yat-sen for receiving help on such lines. In his book, "The International Development of China," the father of the Chinese Republic outlined as follows "three necessary steps" in undertaking reconstruction:

> First, that the various governments of the capital supplying powers must agree to joint action and a unified policy to form an international organization with their war-work organizers, administrators, and experts of various lines to formulate plans and to standardize materials in order to prevent waste and to facilitate work. Second, the confidence of the Chinese people must be secured in order to gain their coöperation and enthusiastic support. If the above two steps are accomplished, then the third step is to open formal negotiations for the final contract of the project with the Chinese Government.

It would seem that the invitation to the League experts marks a definite advance toward fulfilling these desiderata.

A Second "Red" Trial Begins

SOVIET Russia is being treated to another trial. This time it is not of engineers attempting to sabotage industry, but of financial experts and economists. The charge is substantially the same, the setting similar. The courtroom is equipped with the usual loudspeaker which will carry the evidence, and particularly the "confession," not to the distant villages of the Urals and the remote steppes this time, but to the corridors. A prosecutor, priming witnesses to divulge methods by which they sought to wreck the Five-Year Plan on which Joseph Stalin has virtually staked his future, completes the cast as the drama opens.

To what purpose the staging of these trials? Are they being employed to convey a lesson to opponents of the present régime? Are they being used to enlighten the masses on the fairness of Soviet courts? No word has come from official sources by which the true object in exploiting the trials can be determined. But it will be difficult to convince close observers that this trial, taken in conjunction with its predecessor, is other than an effort by the present régime to excuse the partial failure of the ambitious project on which the Soviet Government embarked when it sought to raise to a certain degree the general level of industry, of agriculture, of transportation within a period of five years.

With the assistance of the rest of the world, Russia might have carried out its Five-Year Plan. Its chief requirement was capital, money to buy machinery with which to put its house in order. Financial assistance, however, was denied mainly because of the Soviet failure to respect engagements. The result was that Russia found itself in difficulties not only in the financial field but also in its food supplies. It was obliged to sell wheat which it needed for its own people, in order to buy machinery. Thus there are signs that the plan is not working smoothly. Agricultural production has increased, but the heavy industries have lagged. And transportation has fallen so far behind that the severest penalties are threatened for those who do not respond immediately to a call for service.

The trial, then, is a symptom. It is an indication that all is not well beneath the surface in Russia. And while its progress will be watched with great interest, particularly in view of the dramatic incidents which are likely to arise, the details disclosed will not obscure from the eyes of the careful observer the significance a case of this kind has in the abnormal, and undisguisedly ruthless, effort which is being made to bring the Five-Year Plan to full fruition.

British Liberals Swing to Right

AMAZEMENT has been caused in British political circles by the action of the Liberal Party in moving and carrying against the Labor Government an amendment to the Trade Disputes Bill more conservative in character than any the Conservatives themselves have dreamed of. It is the more remarkable because the attitude which the Liberals have unexpectedly adopted seems to be at variance with the whole of their policy during the present session of Parliament.

When the Government introduced the bill it was strongly opposed by Conservatives on the ground that it would legalize a general strike. They severely criticized the Liberals for the measure of approval they appeared to give this bill by allowing it a second reading. The Liberal reply was: Wait and see what we will do when details are considered in the later stages.

Everyone expected that they would frame an amendment declaring in unmistakable terms the illegality of the general strike. They have certainly done so. But they have not stopped there. And the delighted Conservatives have joined them in forcing on the Government a clause which would make illegal any strike "of which the effect at any time . . . is to expose the community or any substantial portion of the community to danger in health or safety by interfering with supplies or the distribution of essential food, water, fuel, light, medical or sanitary services or other necessaries of life."

That goes far beyond the Conservative legislation which this bill was intended to reverse. It not merely illegalizes a general strike or a sympathetic strike with a political object, but probably also any big coal or railway strike. It is pointed out that the Liberals have put themselves in the position of being the first party in Britain to deny bodies of workers their "inalienable" right to withdraw their labor in defense of their own industrial conditions.

The explanation of the new Liberal attitude is that the party is extremely uneasy about the amount of support it has been required to give the Government. Differences of opinion on this subject led to a hastily drafted amendment, which the Liberals have since expressed themselves as willing to modify, provided the underlying intention, namely, maintenance of the rights of the community in essential public utility services, is preserved. This is a reasonable attitude and may yet save the bill, for which trade unionists have no use in its present shape. It may also enable the Liberal Party to maintain a position whose strength lies in moderation and wisdom in holding the balance between extreme views on either side.

Removing Literary Boundaries

TWO women were chatting as they waited at the desk of a large city's public library. One confided that she had decided to discontinue her membership in a book club because "they send so many translations of works by foreign authors." The other answered that she was keeping her membership just to get such books. Their discussion causes one to think of several comparatively recent changes which have tended to remove the world's literary boundaries.

Book clubs, syndication, improved reviews and more ingenious advertising by publishers account partly for the fact that writers may gain world-wide attention within a few months. Whatever objections may be raised to the book clubs' methods, they have reached thousands of readers in the United States for authors who were hardly known except by critics, college professors and a few literary students.

Weekly and monthly reviews have called attention to publications which acquaint readers with contemporary literature abroad. Several critical journals in the United States devote columns regularly to books published in other countries. The broad appeal of these journals is illustrated by comments on such subjects as literary London, anthologies of Australian, Italian and Swiss literature, new novels in Soviet Russia, book news from Buenos Aires, French and German views of America, and modern Italian humor.

Meanwhile, publishers are alert to new possibilities, and the serial publication of novels and memoirs in newspapers reaches millions of readers who rarely buy books. From these developments a distinct benefit may be expected. Even those who may not travel widely have a better opportunity to learn about other countries by reading their contemporary literature in translation.

Another Turn in Peru's Revolution

THE first day of March saw three Latin-American countries changing governments peacefully. Uruguay inaugurated President Terra, legislator and financier, while Salvador was installing President Araujo, engineer and farmer, both being regularly elected for terms of four years. Peru deposed Provisional President Sanchez Cerro and put the country in charge of a temporary junta headed by Chief Justice Elias.

While Peru's transfer of power is called a revolution, it was accomplished without resort to warfare. Indeed, it presents the somewhat unusual spectacle of an armed force stepping in to prevent armed strife. The navy ousted the Provisional Government on the ground that, while the "principles" of last August's revolution should be sustained, civil war with the latest rebels must be avoided and differences reconciled.

One of the chief obstacles to reconciliation, and a factor in the whole revolutionary movement which has not so far been adequately evaluated, is 300 years of accumulated regional rivalry. Arequipa, metropolis of Peru's southern agricultural districts, has been the center of the latest uprising, as it was of that in August.

Not satisfied with developments that have followed the ousting of former President Leguia, Arequipa established a junta of its own. Aloof and cool on its high seat beside El Misti, with Pichu-Pichu and Chachanti guarding it, the city is showing Peru and the rest of the world that when it started the August revolution it meant business.

Pizarro founded Arequipa far up in the cool Andes not long before he blocked out Lima in the stuffy Rimac Valley. But from the beginning Lima has been the city that governed, and it has attempted to dominate its southern rival.

Arequipa claims that Lima collects revenue at Mollendo but fails to improve that port, an important gateway to southern Peru and Bolivia. Arequipa is in the center of the country's largest agricultural region and believes more attention should be given to its shipping outlet. But Arequipa is economically backward, perhaps by choice. It is sedate, aristocratic, has its own university and is inclined to forget Lima's culture. Limeños, on the other hand, have a different outlook. Foreigners abound in the capital, making the city one of the most cosmopolitan and progressive in the world.

Individually, many Arequipeños preach autonomy, even complete separation from the Government at Lima. When, periodically, a leader arises in Arequipa he marches on Lima. If successful, half his time is thenceforth occupied in keeping an eye on his former supporters who, even with an Arequipeño in power at the capital, are convinced that Lima continues unregenerate.

In any agreement to end present difficulties the political, cultural and economic claims of Arequipa will have to receive consideration. It is unfortunate that its differences with Lima cannot be adjusted at the ballot box. Government by naval ultimatum, even though it be an ultimatum against fighting, can hardly satisfy Peruvians who wish their country to stand before the world as a modern democratic republic.

Armchair Gardening

IT IS a warm day in late winter. Snow melts on the roofs, and the water dripping over the eaves freezes into long slivers of ice that gleam and sparkle like tridents of diamonds. Little rivers of melted snow run gayly in the gutters, and people walk about with overcoats unbuttoned. At night the sun goes down behind a purple sky shot with streamers of crimson and gold. Starlings spiral and twitter to roost and a silver moon pushes its way above the misty horizon.

Dad hurries through the evening meal. There is joy in his heart. All day long the windows at the office have been open to soft breezes laden with the earthy fragrance of fields sodden with snow water steaming in the sun. For once Willie has no difficulty in getting the sports section of the evening paper, when Dad arises and makes his way to the closet in the back hall. There is a light on his face, a gleam in his eye, a spring in his step.

Impatiently he shoves aside an umbrella stand and a collection of rubbers and overshoes, a pair of snowshoes and a hockey stick to get at the door of the closet that has not been opened since last fall.

Inside it is dim and indistinct, but Dad knows just where he is going. On a shelf there are fishing rods and creels and a tackle box, a pair of waders hang on a nail and, on another, rubber boots. But he gives them only a glance. Their time will come. In a corner his gaze rests for a moment on a battered golf bag, but that, also, will come later.

He opens a drawer and emerges with a fat, paper-covered book; with it under his arm he makes his way out, forgetting to close the door, and settles himself happily under the library lamp. Tom, the old family cat, jumps up in his lap, and Dad with a sparkle in his eye gazes enrapt at the outside cover of the book in his hand whereon is depicted a tomato—rich, red, plump, luscious, delectable—and proceeds to an evening of dreaming of the seeds he will plant and the vegetables he will grow this spring in his little patch back of the garage.

More and Better Can Openers?

WHEN the various items of the canned dinner arrive on the pantry table, the housewife is faced with the necessity of obtaining entry. The cans—or tins, as the English call them—do not voluntarily raise their lids.

The ancient and honorable can opener that is jerked around the edge of the lid in an irregular and jagged course cannot properly meet with the requirements which a modern canned dinner places upon the implement to be used in removing it from its jackets of tin to the utensils that are to take it to the table. And so the cry of the canners for more and better can openers. They assert that the majority of American homes are without openers worthy of the name. The instrument to transform a tableful of tin cans into a six-course dinner must operate to such advantage as to make its use a joy.

The canners, therefore, are making a study of the can-opening situation. It is their proposal that a can, bearing, perhaps, a beautiful picture of a handsome peach, shall be opened with the same artistic effort that is expressed in its covering. Can openers of the past and the present, extinct and extant, of humble or aristocratic lineage, are eligible for consideration, but the canners make it clear that the types that later will receive their indorsement must make can opening so pleasurable and easy that housewives will be almost tempted to buy a few extra cans now and then just for the fun of opening them.

Editorial Notes

In this day of equality among men and women in the business world it seemed unusual that the Bar Association of New York City should vote against the admission of women lawyers to membership. The reason, it seemed, was not professional differences but a question of remodeling a heretofore masculine environment to cater to feminine taste.

It is to be supposed that the half of the United States homes equipped with radio is wondering how the other half manages to get along. Very likely the other half depends on the newspapers to supply it with advertisements.

Saskatchewan, saving 6,000,000 acres of land for forests, knows that the forests will in turn save 6,000,000 acres of land for Saskatchewan.

As a sign of spring women's straw hats always seem to beat the belated robin.

The Man With the White Cravat

By SISLEY HUDDLESTON

YEARS ago, when I lived in the Latin Quarter of Paris, among the students, a young lawyer often came into these circles; not a particularly distinguished lawyer, either by his appearance, his conversation, or his practice. But somehow my companions spoke of him as of one who was bound to succeed. They could hardly have explained the ground of their confidence. It was just that when once you saw the young lawyer you could not forget him.

Pierre Laval (for that was his name) spoke with the slightly disagreeable accent of Auvergne. He had rather a heavy flattened face. But—and this is the point of the story—he wore a large white cravat, always a large white cravat. Nobody else since the beginning of the century had worn a large white cravat. At least not in the Latin Quarter. But it would have been impossible to imagine Pierre Laval without his cravat.

One might have supposed that he slept in it—were it not that the large white cravat was always beautifully creased. Nobody knew why he wore it. It might have been a wager. If it was to set a fashion he signally failed; for we others stuck to our big black bows. The chances are that he would have been vexed if anybody had followed his example. Perhaps he wore it to be distinctive. At any rate he always wore it, and it is difficult to imagine Pierre Laval without his white cravat.

* * *

When he became Prime Minister of France and all the newspapers began to describe his large white cravat I began to discern the reason of his idiosyncrasy. I also began to develop a certain respect for the Man With the White Cravat. Was it not possible that, many years ago, Pierre Laval had perceived the importance of individuality expressed in attire? Had he not foreseen his rise to political eminence and calculated in advance the effect of the white cravat on his Parliamentary fortunes?

We are told by a thousand writers that this is the age of standardization; and personally I am all for standardization in purely material things. I do not want a handmade telephone which shall be different from that of my neighbor. I do not want a motorcar for which spare parts are not readily available. But perhaps the standardization of clothes has been carried a little too far, so that when men are dressed and shaved they are made to resemble each other—or at least to resemble the type to which they belong.

In France this standardization is still resisted. There are men who have the courage to defy Mr. Gillette, and who have curling mustaches and a Louis Napoléon beard. There are men like Maurice de Waleffe who distinguish themselves by wearing knee-breeches, which have nothing in common with plus-fours. And, if you go into the Latin Quarter, you will still find velvet bérets and eccentric ties.

* * *

Velvet bérets and eccentric ties would mark out a man too conspicuously in the Chamber of Deputies. The distinguishing feature, if one is to have a distinguishing feature, must be more modest; it must depart from the ordinary ever so slightly. Pierre Laval—if I reconstruct his thought aright—decided on the white cravat because the white cravat is unusual, but not startling.

When you see the white cravat it impresses you by its discreetness, and not by its flamboyancy. You notice it sufficiently to remember it, but it does not conceal the individuality of its wearer. It is not magnified into an immense curtain that hides the man behind it. It is a little touch that lingers almost unconsciously in the memory.

You cannot accuse Pierre Laval of trying to attract your attention. His clothes in general are sober, and what can be soberer than a white cravat? Yet somehow it helps you to recall the face above the cravat, and even to recall a name that you might otherwise have forgotten. There is something suggestive in a white cravat. You cannot quite place it, but ministers (not of the Parliamentary kind) used to wear white cravats, and probably do so still; and lawyers, when they are pleading, wear two white wings; and the studious lad used to have a white tie. . . .

* * *

Perhaps it is the studious lad that Pierre Laval dimly suggests. Yes, that must be it. He was of humble origin, and served as an errand boy in his village. Yet, having passed through the little communal school, he contrived to continue his instruction in a secondary school. Not with the aid of a bourse—a scholarship. By his own unaided efforts. Then he went farther. He pursued the higher study of law while gaining a livelihood by acting as a répétiteur in a school.

Then he began his political career, and was elected Deputy of Aubervilliers (of which he is still Mayor), a working-class suburb of Paris. At that time he was a Socialist. Indeed, when the Communist Party emerged from the Socialist Party he had a moment of hesitation as to whether he should turn to the Right or to the Left. He concluded by separating himself from all the French parties, as did Aristide Briand at an earlier date.

In 1919 he was defeated. In 1924 he was reëlected. In 1925 he was invited to be Minister of Public Works in the Painlevé Cabinet; and in the same year M. Briand called him to be Minister of Justice. In 1929 André Tardieu gave him the portfolio of Labor. And now, having exchanged his seat of Deputy for a seat of Senator, he is Prime Minister.

Throughout this extraordinary career, in which he has made friends in all parties and enemies in none, he has consistently worn the white cravat of the industrious and studious life. He has done nothing of exceptional merit—he has won, as it were, no scholarships—but he has always quietly passed from one stage to another, leaving an impression of competence, as he passed from the communal school to the secondary school and to the Faculty of Law.

* * *

His evolution has been dexterous and never boisterous. It would be hard to define the quality for which the white cravat stands as a sort of symbol, but that quality, whether it be that of quiet perseverance, undemonstrative efficiency, or unprovocative shrewdness, is somehow imaged by the white cravat. Think of the joy that this white cravat brings to the caricaturist. It is perhaps not easy to limn the features of Pierre Laval in a few lines so that they are unmistakable; but put underneath them the old-fashioned large white cravat and everybody knows that Pierre Laval is indicated.

The talent of Winston Churchill is undeniable, yet it is perhaps not unfair to say that his peculiar hats have, for the public, played a considerable part in his career. The wide collars of William Ewart Gladstone were not without their political importance. The pince-nez of President Wilson, the prominent teeth of President Roosevelt, the forehead and chin of Benito Mussolini, the taciturnity of President Coolidge, the mustache of Aristide Briand, the cropped head of Dr. Stresemann, the beard of Raymond Poincaré, and the smile of André Tardieu, are all legendary, and have helped to make their owners legendary. It is apparently helpful to have a distinctive absurdity, whether natural or acquired; and Pierre Laval showed his wisdom and foresight long ago when he decided to sail his bark under the ensign of the White Cravat.

From the World's Great Capitals—Berlin

BERLIN

To Paris and Back by Bus

THE latest "thrill" is the proposed summer trip from Berlin to Paris and back by motor omnibus—a scheme which is being seriously discussed by competent persons in both capitals and which originated in the fact that two important exhibitions will take place simultaneously in Berlin and Paris. Much points to a successful issue, the opportunity afforded for seeing the surrounding country—and countries—in so comfortable a manner proving very tempting. The overland buses will be fitted up with every luxury, containing a miniature restaurant and convertible beds for twenty-eight passengers. The journey will take from two to two and a half days and the route is Cologne-Brussels. An important question, that of price, still remains to be settled. A similar mode of travel, it is said, is also contemplated from Berlin to Warsaw, and from Berlin to Switzerland.

* * *

Hamburg Has Arbeitsmuseum

Hamburg is the second city in Germany to have a workers' museum. On February 5, as a result of the indefatigable work of Dr. Biensfeldt of the Hamburg Department of Labor, the Arbeitsmuseum, Friedrich Ebert Strasse, opened its doors. The museum is housed on the ground floor of the Labor Department building and contains models, pictures, drawings, charts and every other device necessary to illustrate the safety and general well-being of the workingman. Dr. Biensfeldt has not had to ask support of the State of Hamburg for the new museum, for he was able to raise, without governmental aid, the necessary funds therefor with the combined help of industrial firms, labor unions, arts and crafts associations, and private persons interested in the improvement of working conditions throughout the Reich.

* * *

Weimar Museum to Be Enlarged

The Goethe National Museum in Weimar is to be enlarged, land adjoining the building having been purchased by the state for that purpose. Next year is the anniversary of the passing of the great poet, and it is in connection with the observance that the museum is to be opened as a lasting tribute to his memory. The classical little city of Weimar, ever loyal to Goethe traditions, has contributed generously and at some sacrifice toward the expenses.

* * *

Prison to Be Youth Shelter

Where silence once reigned, and shadowy figures and watchful critical eyes, there is to be joyous laughter and song, kind eyes and helping hands, youthful hurrying feet and peaceful nights, for the old prison at Lüneburg is to become a Jugendherberge (a shelter for hiking youths). Owing to the "reform upward" of the German prison system and the many chances an offender now has to make good in the world after finishing his reform education, the Lüneburg prison is no longer necessary to the authorities as a prison. The new Jugendherberge will pay its way after the remodeling is done, for not only is the "Old Salt City" of Lüneburg interesting historically and architecturally, but it is the most interesting point from which to wander to the Lüneburger Heide, one of Germany's most beautiful national parks.

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Harburg Trying to Keep Theater

Every Harburger interested in the cultural features of his city is trying these days to devise ways and means whereby the Harburg Stadttheater (municipal theater) may remain a vital part of the city. The city authorities have, up to the present time, given 160,000 marks (about $40,000) to the Stadttheater, 88,000 marks of which goes to the production end and the rest to upkeep. In the economy program put forward this last fall, this amount was cut, and now, with new economy measures necessary, the city fathers insist that it is no longer possible to subsidize the theater. So, through clubs, associations and unions, the Harburgers are doing all possible to keep their Stadttheater.

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Natural Spring Heats Church

Baden-Baden possesses, as most people know, numerous hot springs that are turned to account for bathing purposes. Not everybody knows, however, that one of the largest and oldest churches in that picturesque city is always warm and comfortable on the coldest winter day, unlike most of the others, which are hardly heated at all. The reason is that a natural hot spring in the vicinity has been utilized by an astute municipality. The floor of the building has been laid with perforated iron sheets; hot water is conveyed beneath it by means of pipes and the best of steam heating operates free of charge.

Letters to The Christian Science Monitor

Brief communications are welcomed, but The Christian Science Monitor Editorial Board must remain sole judge of their suitability, and this Board does not hold itself or this newspaper responsible for the facts or opinions presented. Anonymous letters are destroyed unread.

Liquor Speeches From the Screen

TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR:

Some evenings ago in one of the picture theaters here the face of Frank J. Loesch of the Wickersham Commission was thrown upon the screen, and in clear voice he gave a liquor speech, some of which I recognized as his personal report sent in with the regular report to President Hoover. Immediately after his picture and address, the face of Al Smith, with a liquor speech, appeared, the speech given by Mr. Loesch seeming the stronger of the two for liquor.

I immediately entered a protest with one of the United States senators, on the grounds that Mr. Loesch had no right to allow theaters to use such a picture and such a speech without giving at the same time the salient facts of the report which he signed: against repeal, against wine and beer, against state or federal sale of liquors, against state control, and in favor of stronger enforcement.

I protested that in allowing what I saw and heard he laid himself wide open to accusation of using the prestige which the presidential appointment gave his name and picture to capitalize thereon. L. H. POSS.

Toledo, O.